City of White Bear Lake Minnesota

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended December 31, 2019



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2019

CITY OF WHITE BEAR LAKE, MINNESOTA

PREPARED BY FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Kerri Kindsvater Finance Director

Jessica Saari Assistant Finance Director

(Member of the Government Finance Officer's Association of the United States and Canada)

Cover photo features the fishing pier at Veteran's Memorial Park on the shore of White Bear Lake

CITY OF WHITE BEAR LAKE, MINNESOTA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

CITY OF WHITE BEAR LAKE WHITE BEAR LAKE, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

CITY OF WHITE BEAR LAKE, MINNESOTA

Elected and Administrative Officials

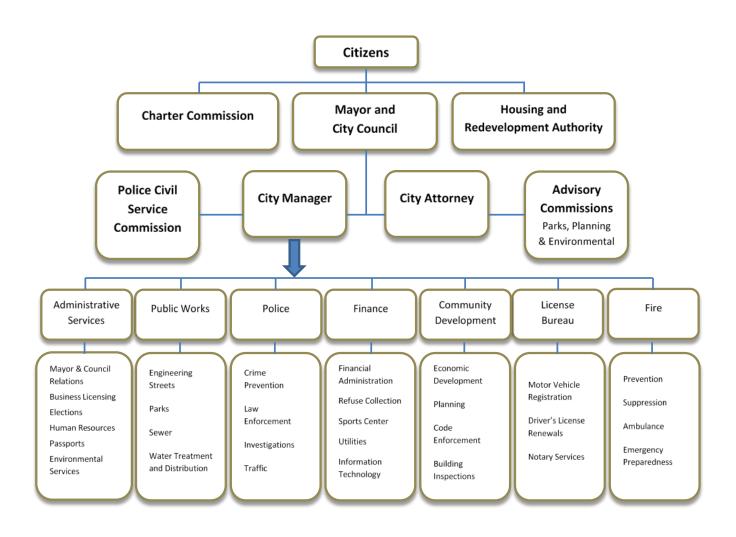
December 31, 2019

ELECTED OFFICIALS	TERMS EXPIRE
Mayor, Jo Emerson	January, 2022
Council Members:	
1st Ward, Bill Walsh 2nd Ward, Doug Biehn 3rd Ward, Dan Jones 4th Ward, Kevin Edberg 5th Ward, Steven Engstran	January, 2024 January, 2022 January, 2024 January, 2022 January, 2024

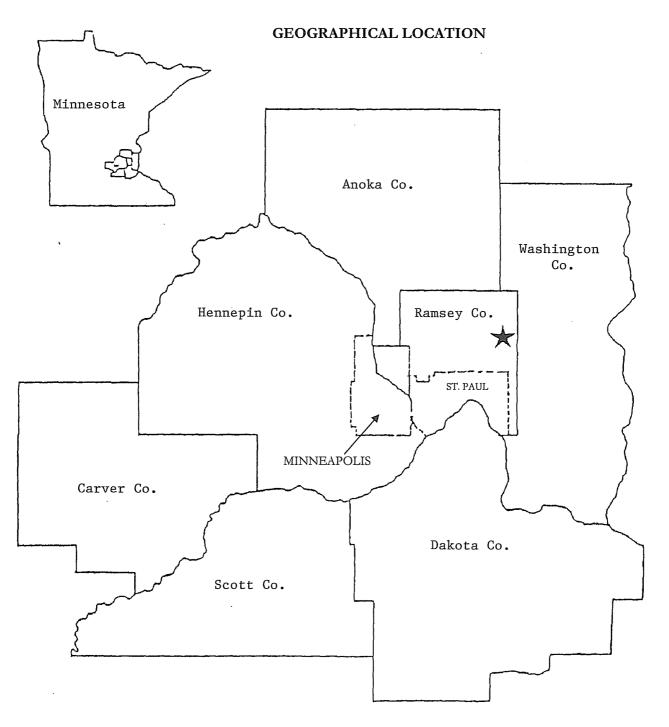
ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIALS

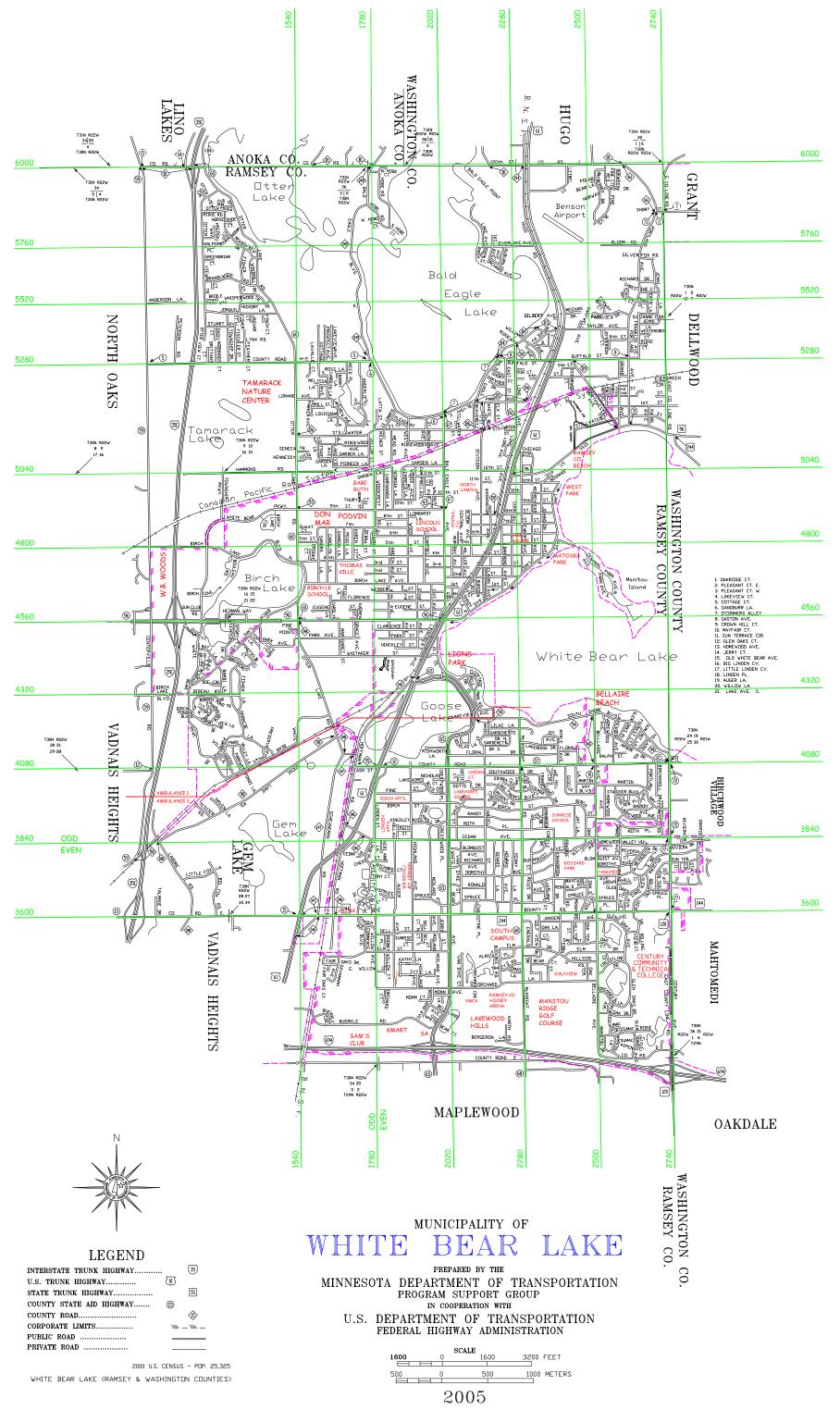
City Manager, Ellen Hiniker
Community Development Director, Anne Kane
City Engineer, Paul Kauppi
Finance Director, Kerri Kindsvater
Police Chief, Julie Swanson
Fire Chief, Greg Peterson





CITY OF WHITE BEAR LAKE





White Bear Lake....The City of Lakes and Legends

Historical Beginnings

The earliest inhabitants of the White Bear Lake area were the Dakota and Ojibwa Indians who used it for their migratory hunting and harvesting grounds. The United States government designated the area as Dakota land in an 1825 treaty, but later purchased all Dakota Territory east of the Mississippi to open it for European-American settlement.

Rich land, abundant game, and scenic lakes attracted the early pioneers to this area. In 1858, the year Minnesota became a state, these first European-American settlers established White Bear Township, which consisted of 36 square miles of land. As work of its scenic landscape spread, the town grew into a popular resort area, attracting visitors from all along the Mississippi River. People would travel up the Mississippi by steamboat and then to White Bear Lake by train. Soon resorts and hotels lined the shores of the lake while restaurants, theaters and stores set up shop in the downtown to accommodate visitors. The extension of the Lake Superior and the Mississippi Railroad to White Bear Lake in 1868 turned what used to be a three-hour buggy ride from S. Paul into a twenty-minute trip. Rail service provided new and exciting opportunities for business and industry in the area, eventually connecting to Duluth in 1871.

As the resort era faded shortly after the turn of the century, other industries, including farming and lumbering, continued to prosper. In keeping pace with this steady growth and development, leaders of the community officially incorporated the City of White Bear Lake in 1921. At that time, the city was 2 ¼ square miles with a population of just over 2,000. The 1950's and 1960's were times of rapid residential expansion. By 1960, the city's area had grown to 7 square miles with a population of about 13,000 people. During the 1970's and 1980's, large parcels of land opened for development through the city's effort to extend roads and utilities. The city's aggressive economic development program led to extensive growth in its tax base and employment levels. Several nationally known companies have moved into the area while downtown redevelopment efforts continue to make great strides in expanding. Over the years, the White Bear Lake area has continued to grow and prosper. Today the city's 24,000 residents enjoy the advantages of being part of a major metropolitan area while residing in a community that has maintained its small hometown appeal.

Legend of White Bear Lake

The legend of White Bear Lake is one of forbidden love and courage. Like all folklore, some parts of the story may be true; however, all of it is interesting and captivating. It seems that every spring, people from the Dakota Indian tribe visited the island in the middle of White Bear Lake to make maple sugar. Tradition says that on the island, now called Manitou Island, an Indian princess and an Indian brave fell in love. They could not marry since the princess' father, the chief, though the young brave cowardly. One night, the young lovers met secretly and sat amount the branches of a large elm tree that hung far over the lake. As they sat there, a large albino bear, thinking perhaps, that polar snows and dismal winter weather extended everywhere, took up his journey southward. He approached the northern shore of the lake, walked down the bank and made his way noiselessly through the deep, heavy snow toward the island. As the princess and the brave were returning to camp in time to avoid suspicion, the bear leaped out and attacked the princess. The princess screamed for help. Bounding toward the young brave, she caught his blanket and fell, bearing the blanket with her into the great arms of the ferocious monster. Upon hearing the screams, every man, woman and child of the tribe ran to the bank to see the commotion, however, all were unarmed and could not save the princess. While the savage beast held the breathless woman in his huge grasp, the brave sprang to his feet, dashed to his wigwam for his knife and returned almost in a single bound. Springing with the fury of a mad panther, he pounced on his prey and killed him. The Indian Chief allowed the brave and the maiden to marry, and for many years their children played upon the skin of the white bear from which the lake derives its name.



City of White Bear Lake

4701 Highway 61 • White Bear Lake, Minnesota 55110 Phone (651) 429-8526 • Fax (651) 429-8500 www.whitebearlake.org

June 2, 2020

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota

In accordance with Minnesota State Statutes and White Bear Lake City Charter provisions, we respectfully submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of White Bear Lake as of December 31, 2019 and for the year then ended. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation including all disclosures supporting schedules, and statistical tables rests with the City. Your management staff believes that the information as presented herein is accurate in all material aspects, that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of City operations as measured by the financial activity of its various funds, and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included.

The report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management has established internal controls designed to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, and for the preparation of these financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's internal controls have been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that, the financial statements will be free from material misstatements. As management, to the best of our knowledge and belief the financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Abdo, Eick & Meyers, LLP, Certified Public Accountants appointed by the City Council. The independent audit is conducted to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the year ended December 31, 2019 are free of material misstatement.

The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles and significant estimates used by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Based upon the audit, the independent auditor rendered an unmodified or "clean" opinion that the City's financial statements, for the year ended December 31, 2019, are presented in conformity with GAAP.

The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

This transmittal letter is designed to complement the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report.

THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICE

In accordance with GASB pronouncements, the City's financial statement includes all funds and account groups of the City of White Bear Lake, as well as all component units.

The City provides a full range of municipal services to its citizens. These services include, but are not limited to: police and fire protection; ambulance service; parks and recreational facilities; construction and maintenance of streets; water and sanitary sewer utilities; surface water pollution prevention; refuse collection and disposal; economic development, planning and general administrative services.

The White Bear Lake Housing and Redevelopment Authority (HRA) is considered a blended component unit of the City. Although the HRA is a legally separate unit, it was created by the City Council to carry out responsibilities associated with redevelopment within the City's tax increment districts. The HRA governing body is made up of the five council members and the city manager serves as the executive director. The HRA financial statements are prepared in conjunction with the City's annual report and are included as a Capital Project Fund of the city. The HRA does not publish a separate financial statement.

PROFILE OF THE CITY

The City of White Bear Lake is considered a second-tier St. Paul suburban community in northeast Ramsey County. The City incorporates an area of approximately 10 square miles. The City is approximately 12 miles from downtown St. Paul and 20 miles from the Minneapolis/St. Paul International Airport. The 2019 preliminary data from the Metropolitan Council estimates the City's population to be 25,752.

The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government through its home rule charter adopted in 1922. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in the governing Council consisting of a Mayor and five council members.

The city charter provides that the mayor is the chief executive officer of the City and is responsible for the enforcement of provisions of the city charter and ordinances. The mayor does not have a vote on the council but does have veto authority over council actions.

The council may reconsider any vetoed action at the next regular meeting and override the mayor's veto with a four-fifths vote of all members. The mayor is elected at-large to serve a four-year term. The five council members are elected by wards and serve four-year staggered terms. Wards one, three, and five elections coincide with each other. The elections for mayor, wards two and four coincide with each other. The council is elected on a non-partisan basis.

The council is responsible, among other things, for establishing policy, passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring both the city's manager and attorney. The City's manager is responsible for carrying out the policies of the city council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, for appointing the heads of the various departments, recommending and enforcing the budget and ordinances and keeping the mayor and city council advised as to the financial needs and condition of the City.

The City utilizes a long-range financial management plan, a capital improvement plan and cash flow projection sheets to create the annual budget. The budget incorporates the City's financial policies related to operations, financial management, debt management, reserves, investments, and amendments into one overall document. Budget preparations begin early each year with departments updating their capital improvement plans. This information flows into the financial management plan for discussion with the City Council each April. City departments submit their operating budget requests to the finance department in July. These requests combine with projected revenue data and the financial management plan to begin development of the budget. The city manager and finance director present a preliminary balanced budget to the council prior to September 15th each year. At that time, the council sets the preliminary tax levy. The adopted budget may utilize a levy lower than what is set; however, the levy may not increase above the set preliminary tax levy. The city council holds budget work sessions and a formal public hearing before adopting the final budget and tax levy before December 20th. The city manager has expenditure discretion within expenditure categories; however, adjustments between departments or funds require a budget amendment adopted by the city council.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

This report provides the reader with a clear understanding of the City's financial condition and data needed to conduct their analysis. However, the City's fiscal soundness is influenced by more than the results of its financial operations and balance sheet. The information presented in the financial statements is best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the economic environment within which the City of White Bear Lake operates.

LOCAL ECONOMY

As part of the Minneapolis/St. Paul metropolitan area, the City is immersed in an economically diverse urban environment. The metropolitan area has a vibrant business base, including companies involved in manufacturing electronics, leading-edge medical technology, milling, machine and product manufacturing, food processing, banking, higher education and research, graphic arts and performing arts, and professional athletics. These businesses, and others, have helped make the Twin Cities area one of the largest commercial and cultural centers between Chicago and the west coast.

The diverse labor market within the Minneapolis/St. Paul metropolitan area which includes White Bear Lake continues to outperform the nation as a whole. The Minneapolis/St. Paul unemployment rate at December 31, 2019 stood at 3.0%. This rate is 0.4% below the national average.

Employment growth has remained widespread with particular gains in education, health care, retail trade and financial services. Improved construction activity in both homebuilding and commercial areas has pushed the State's unemployment rate to the lowest levels since the early 2000s. This rate represents the lowest rate among states with major metropolitan areas. The City has benefited from being part of the metropolitan area. The economy has benefited from a lower inflationary pattern as measured by the Consumers Price Index. The CPI was measured 2.3% in 2019, slightly more than the Federal Reserve's benchmark goal of 2.0% annual CPI growth.

The robust local economy benefits from the following community assets: a highly educated work force; moderately priced housing; access to high technology; available capital and an excellent transportation system including two major state highways and two federal interstate highways, which allow easy mobility in any direction. This transportation network is a very positive factor in making White Bear Lake an ideal location for commercial/industrial development and redevelopment.

Residential and commercial/industrial construction and redevelopment activity during 2019 was vibrant. The valuation of the 2019 total building permits was \$65.3 million with \$37.5 million related to new construction for commercial, industrial and residential units. The City anticipates 2020 construction activity to remain at this intense level due to planned construction projects, including the \$326 million multi-year improvement plan for additions and renovations to the White Bear Lake Area School District buildings.

The Federal Reserve's 2020 economic forecasting had maintained a relatively favorable outlook for the region's economy based upon its large and diverse economic base. It was projected that GDP would increase from 1.7% in 2019 to 2.3% in 2020. But in March 2020, the outbreak of COVID-19 lead to the steepest economic downturn on record. According to the Congressional Budget Office's Director, it is likely that the U.S. economy as a whole will shrink by 12% in the second quarter of 2020 and by 40% if the economic shutdowns persist for the rest of the year. U.S. GDP in 2020 is expected to contract 5.6% from 2019. However, economic activity is expected to recover gradually, and GDP is predicted to grow by 2.8% in 2021.

REDEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES

While the City recognizes the value of commercial/industrial development and its importance to maintaining the City's tax base, economic stability, and providing employment opportunities, a strong residential housing market is equally important to the City's economic and social vitality. During 2019, the City invested in a comprehensive market assessment to gain an understanding of the opportunities, challenges and demographic trend impacting housing needs. Results show that in the next 10 years, the City will experience population and household growth, but with a decreasing average household size, the household growth will be exponentially higher. A lack of supply and a robust demand in White Bear Lake (and the Twin cities in general) is causing both owner and renter occupied housing costs to increase. Since a post-recession low in 2011, the median home sale price has increased 72% as of September 2019 and from the 2nd Quarter 2018 to the 2nd Quarter 2019 rent prices increased 7%. Information gained through the assessment will assist the council in making decisions that influence housing regulations, ordinances and other homebuyer programs.

In the fall of 2018, the City re-guided 4.6 acres at the northwest corner of County Road E and Linden Avenue from "Commercial" to "High Density Residential", which included five parcels comprised of two vacant lots and three single-family residences. Construction of a 189-unit market-rate apartment complex commenced in the fall of 2019. The City also anticipates an application from the same developer to construct workforce housing immediately west of this site as part of its total 10-acre redevelopment project.

In the summer of 2019, the City purchased four parcels of land located north of the current Public Works facility. The City subsequently sold half of the land in the spring of 2020 to Saputo, Inc., a dairy company located next to the parcels of land. The City's site is providing storage for material and equipment previously stored at the former Public Works facility, with the eventual intent to prepare the former facility for future redevelopment. Saputo has not yet indicated definitive plans for its newly obtained property.

Downtown remains vibrant with nearly 100% year-round occupancy and considerable investment in building façade improvements. Renovation of an historic building on Washington Avenue resulted in a two-story, full-service restaurant which opened in December 2019.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENT

The County Road E Corridor is a primary focus of the White Bear Lake Economic Development Corporation and there are opportunities for redevelopment and intensification of key intersections, vacant or underutilized sites, and infill properties. Staff will seek funding through a new Ramsey County Corridor Improvement Pilot Program to develop a comprehensive plan for revitalization of this corridor and anticipates many of the corridor efforts by the EDC to continue into 2020, along with private investment.

The City's Revolving Loan and Grant Program expanded in 2018 to include County Road E area as an incentive for business improvements. The Housing and Economic Competitiveness components of the 2040 Comprehensive Plan have been incorporated into the City's comprehensive plan. Much of this work is expected to create new investment opportunities for White Bear Lake, generate new resources for homeowners and businesses, and help create an economic development plan to guide the community through 2040.

The future Rush Line transit corridor is already spurring market interest from residential developers along the planned transit area. Station area planning is underway as the process moves toward the Rush Line transit opening in 2025. Staff anticipates continued interest in this Rush Line corridor along Highway 61 and the perimeter of Downtown White Bear Lake.

In November 2019, voters in the White Bear Lake Area School District approved a \$326 million building bond request to address building needs across the district. The multi-year improvement plan will include additions and renovations to current buildings. The plan is both complex and comprehensive as it touches each of the District's buildings in some way.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

As previously mentioned the City utilizes a Financial Management Plan and a Capital Improvement Program for long-term planning.

The Financial Management Plan allows the City to project expected revenues and expenditures over a 10-year period to help anticipate financial requirements in future years. Updates to the forecast occur to include each year's final audit results and budgeted information for the next year. It only assumes known decisions and does not presume future decisions of the Council.

The Capital Improvement Plan provides 5-year information on major maintenance and replacement needs for all City structures, equipment, parks, and transportation projects. Continuous replacement of the City's infrastructure is scheduled to occur at the rate of approximately two to three percent per year; matching the rate of need. Preliminary estimates anticipate annual street reconstruction and mill overlay costs in the range of \$3.4 - \$4.1 million over the next five-year period.

The City analyzes each capital budget through the Financial Management Plan to determine if sufficient resources are in place to meet future infrastructure improvements. General Fund balances in excess of requirements are allocated to Capital Construction budgets, specifically the Municipal Building and Interim Construction Funds.

FISCAL STEWARDSHIP

The City's Fiscal Policy provides that one-time revenue sources should fund capital improvements or non-recurring expenses rather than operations and that sufficient cash reserves be maintained to provide operational efficiencies, thus avoiding any need for short-term borrowing to meet operational requirements.

The City's General Fund reserve for cash flow totals \$3,860,000 and represents approximately one-half of the City's projected property tax collection, local government aid, and police aid payments; significant operating revenue sources not received until the second half of the fiscal year.

The City's computations of its direct debt and its legal debt margin reports that it has <u>no</u> obligation that has general property taxes as its sole source of revenue. The City has 100% of its legal debt limit, or \$87,849,879 available for debt bonding as of December 31, 2019.

The City has \$15,245,000 outstanding in Tax Increment, Special Assessment, and Tax Abatement debt as of December 31, 2019.

The City anticipates incurring debt obligation in 2020 for the financing of the 2020 street improvement projects, water tower improvements in the City, and capital equipment.

PENSION REPORTING

The City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report dated December 31, 2019 incorporates GASB Statement No. 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions". The Statement requires the City to report a pension liability totaling \$5,366,935. This liability results from the City reporting its share of the Statewide plan (PERA) totaling \$7,033,225 and its share of the local Fire Relief Association credit (over 100% funded) totaling \$1,666,290.

State Statues do not require any local governmental unit to be responsible for any state-wide pension funding deficit. The State legislature has previously utilized its state-wide funding resources to ensure local pensions be made sufficiently funded rather than requiring the local governmental unit to fund its pension deficits.

AWARDS FOR ACHIEVEMENT FOR EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of White Bear Lake for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. This was the thirty-second consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement in Excellence Reporting, the City must publish an easily readable and effectively organized annual report. This report satisfies both the General Accepted Accounting Principal and legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Report is valid for a period of one year only. The December 31, 2019 financial report will be submitted to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, the government also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document dated January 1, 2019, which represents the eighteenth consecutive year the City has received the award. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories, including as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the finance department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Special recognition is extended to Jessica Saari, Assistant Finance Director, who diligently prepared the appropriate audit work papers as well as development of the finance report including the entire statistical section. Recognition is also extended to the mayor and city council for their responsible and progressive policies involving the City's financial operations, along with their solidarity in placing long-range and infrastructure needs ahead of popular expenditures and careful consideration of staff recommendations.

Respectfully Submitted,

Elen Sinker

City Manager

Finance Director

Kerri Z Kindsvater



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

City of White Bear Lake Minnesota

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

FINANCIAL SECTION

CITY OF WHITE BEAR LAKE WHITE BEAR LAKE, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019



June 2, 2020

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Standards

As described in Note 8 to the financial statements, the City adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, for the year ended December 31, 2019. Adoption of the provisions of these statements results in significant change to the classifications of the components of the financial statements. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis starting on page 31, the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget to Actual, the Schedules of Employer's Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios, the Schedules of Employer's Contributions and the Schedule of Funding Progress for Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan starting on page 112 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section and combining and individual fund financial statements, schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements, schedules, and statistical section are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 2, 2020, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

ABDO, EICK & MEYERS, LLP Minneapolis, Minnesota June 2, 2020

Eldo Eich & Mayro, LLP

People + Process Going Beyond the Numbers

CITY OF WHITE BEAR LAKE, MINNESOTA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This discussion and analysis presents an overview of the financial activities and financial position for the City of White Bear Lake for the year ended December 31, 2019. The discussion and analysis is intended to be read in conjunction with the transmittal letter in the Introductory Section, and the City's financial statements presented in this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$101,739,751 (net position). Of this amount, \$32,455,388 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's obligations to citizens and creditors according to City policy.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$27,782,005, an increase of \$783,722. Although expenditures exceeded revenues by \$2,062,843, the issuance of \$1,925,000 in bonds and transfers in of \$5,119,617 resulted in an increase in fund balance.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund's unassigned fund balance totaled \$4,902,116. The General fund balance represents 45.2% of the total General Fund expenditures for the current fiscal year.
- The City's total debt increased by \$1,660,899 during the current fiscal year. The City issued 2019A G.O. Improvement Bonds for the financing of street construction.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to provide an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of position presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, community development, public safety, public works, and parks and recreation. The business-type activities of the City include water, sewer, refuse, ambulance, license bureau, and Pioneer Manor, a senior apartment complex.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate White Bear Lake Housing and Redevelopment Authority (the Authority) for which the City is financially accountable. The Authority, although also legally separate, functions for all practical purposes as a department of the City, and therefore has been included as an integral part of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on starting on page 45 of this report.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resource, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statement. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and change in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains seven individual major governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, G.O. Building Debt Fund, Non-Bonded Debt Fund, Interim Construction Fund, Municipal Building Fund, HRA Tax Increment Pool Fund, and Community Reinvestment Fund, which are considered to be major funds.

Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund and six special revenue funds.

A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for those funds to demonstrate compliance with the adopted budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 50 through 57 of this report.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds, enterprise funds, and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses an internal service fund to account for Insurance and Employment Expense. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for Water, Sewer, Refuse, Ambulance, the License Bureau, and Pioneer Manor.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 58 through 67 of this report.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own program. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 68 and 69 of this report.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government—wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found on pages 71 through 110 of this report.

OTHER INFORMATION

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other postemployment benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found starting on page 112 of this report. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found starting on page 128 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve as a useful indicator of the City's financial position over time. The City's assets exceeded liabilities by \$101,739,751 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Statements of Net Position (In Thousands)

	Governmental					Busines	ре	Total				
		2019		2018		2019		2018		2019		2018
Current/Other Asset	\$	41,228	\$	41,521	\$	5,434	\$	4,322	\$	46,662	\$	45,843
Capital Assets		78,030		77,291		4,875		5,071		82,905		82,362
Total Assets		119,258		118,812		10,309		9,393		129,567		128,205
Deferred Outflows of resources		4,852		4,988		1,104		327		5,956		5,315
Long-term liabilities		23,245		20,907		1,681		1,588		24,926		22,495
Other liabilities		1,221		1,524		468		426		1,689		1,950
Total Liabilities		24,466		22,431		2,149		2,014		26,615		24,445
Deferred Inflows of resources		5,739		6,706		1,431		431		7,170		7,137
Net Position												
Net Investment in Capital assets		62,562		63,484		4,875		5,071		67,437		68,555
Restricted		1,847		153		-		-		1,847		153
Unrestricted		29,497		31,026		2,958		2,204		32,455		33,230
Total	\$	93,906	\$	94,663	\$	7,833	\$	7,275	\$	101,739	\$	101,938

By far, the largest portion of the City's net position (66.3 percent) is reflected in its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets cannot themselves be utilized to liquidate these liabilities.

Restricted net position comprises 1.8 percent of total net position. These assets are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The restrictions are related to legal bond covenants and State Statutes. The remaining balance totals \$32,455,388, which represents 31.9 percent of the net position. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

Deferred outflows of resources increased \$641,055 over 2018 as a result of changes in actuarial assumptions relating to the pension and OPEB plans. Deferred inflows of resources also increased \$33,373 as a result of changes in actuarial assumptions relating to pension plans.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

The City's net position totaled \$101,739,751 at December 31, 2019 compared to \$101,938,364 as of December 31, 2018. This represents a decrease of \$198,613 for fiscal year 2019. The majority of the decrease is attributable to an increase in expenses as compared to 2018 amounts.

Governmental activities net investment in capital assets decreased \$922,087. Governmental net capital assets increased by \$738,812 but were significantly offset by the issuance of \$1.925 million in long-term debt, which caused an overall decrease in net investment in capital assets. Another factor impacting governmental activities is the depreciation of streets and storm sewers (30 – 45 years).

Business-type net position increased \$558,514 or approximately 0.1 percent. This increase is mainly due to the increase in charges for services and operating grants and contributions exceeding the increase in expenses.

Statements of Changes in Net position (In Thousands)

	Governmental			Business type					Tot	al		
	2019		2018	2019		2018		2019			2018	
Revenues:								_				
Program Revenues:												
Charges for Services	\$	5,834	\$	6,170	\$	9,721	\$	9,095	\$	15,555	\$	15,265
Operating grants and contributions		1,817		2,530		279		61		2,096		2,591
Capital grants and contributions		235		2,786		2		-		237		2,786
General revenues:												
Property Taxes		6,210		5,671		-		-		6,210		5,671
Other Taxes		543		490		-		-		543		490
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs		1,588		1,587		-		-		1,588		1,587
Sale of Capital Assets		51		84		40		17		91		101
Other		976		556		29		-		1,005		556
Total Revenue		17,254		19,874		10,071		9,173		27,325		29,047
Expenses:												
General government		1,780		2,230		-		-		1,780		2,230
Public Safety		8,108		6,938		-		-		8,108		6,938
Public Works		4,982		3,477		-		-		4,982		3,477
Community Development		914		996		-		-		914		996
Parks and Recreation		2,111		2,444		-		-		2,111		2,444
Interest on long-term debt		587		583		-		-		587		583
Water and Sewer		-		-		4,284		4,249		4,284		4,249
Refuse		-		-		1,395		1,292		1,395		1,292
Ambulance		-		-		2,178		1,901		2,178		1,901
Senior Housing		-		-		317		265		317		265
License Bureau		-		-		869		861		869		861
Total Expenses		18,482		16,668		9,043		8,568		27,525		25,236
Excess (deficiency) before transfers		(1,228)		3,206		1,028		605		(200)		3,811
Internal capital transfers		(10)		(1,460)		10		1,460		-		-
Internal transfers		480		1,057		(480)		(1,057)		-		-
Change in net position		(758)		2,803		558		1,008		(200)		3,811
Net position - January 1		94,664		92,737		7,275		6,267		101,939		99,004
Change in Accounting Principle		-		(877)						<u>-</u>		(877)
Net position - December 31	\$	93,906	\$	94,663	\$	7,833	\$	7,275	\$	101,739	\$	101,938

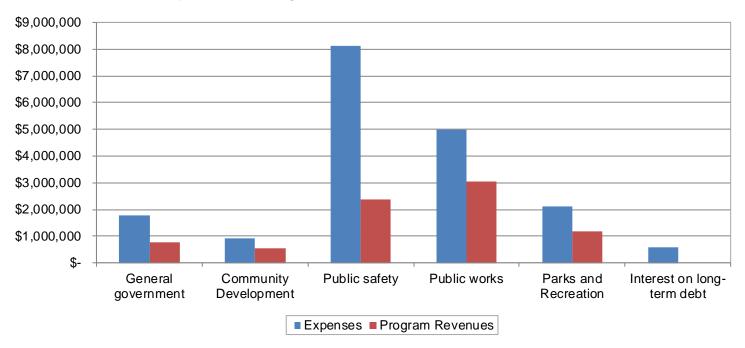
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

The governmental activities decreased the City's net position by \$757,127 thereby accounting for decrease in the net position of the City. Key elements of this decrease, as well as other highlights of the governmental activities, are as follows:

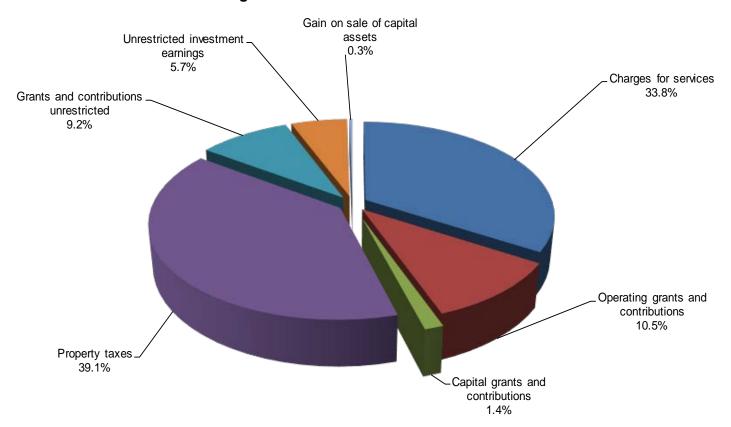
- Charges for services decreased by \$136,000 compared to 2018. The majority of this decrease is attributable to a refund that was received from the county for their portion of the Centerville Road Traffic Signal project in 2018, as well as an decrease in unavailable revenue for special assessments.
- Operating grants and contributions decreased by \$713,000 under 2018 with the receipt of a one-time livable communities grant in 2018. Additionally, the City received decreased intergovernmental revenue in 2019. This was mainly due to the City's Fire Relief switching from their own pension plan to the State's pension plan on January 1, 2019. In the past, the City would receive the State fire aid and pass it on to the Fire Relief. After the switch to the State's pension plan in 2019, the State fire aid went directly to the pension plan with the State.
- Capital grants and contributions decreased by \$2,751,000 in 2019. The decrease was attributable to a
 one-time \$500,000 contribution and \$2,000,000 note receivable from the White Bear Lake Area Hockey
 Association for the Sports Center Renovation Project in 2018.
- Governmental expenses increased by \$1,814,000 compared to 2018, which was largely due to an increase in pension expense.

The following graphs depict various governmental activities and shows program revenues and expenses directly related to those activities.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities



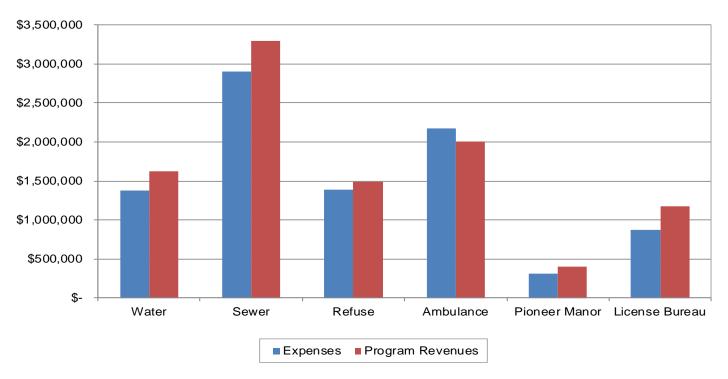
Program Revenues - Governmental Activities



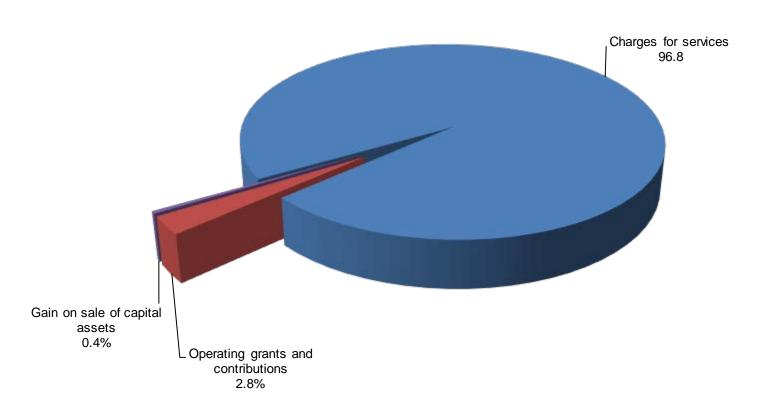
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$558,514. The majority of the increase in net position can be largely attributed to an increase in charges for services revenue.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities



Program Revenues - Business-type Activities



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$27,782,005, an increase of \$783,722 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 17.4% of this total amount, \$4,844,308, constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the City's discretion. The remaining fund balance of \$22,937,697 is not available for new spending because it is either 1) nonspendable (\$2,400), 2) restricted (\$1,148,411), 3) committed (\$16,146,533) or 4) assigned (\$5,640,353). For further classification, refer to note 11 on page 104 of this report.

The General Fund expenditures exceeded revenues by \$488,193, but after including the other financing sources and uses, the net increase in fund balance was \$1,128,450. There was an increase in the net change in fund balance due to the transfer of money for administrative overhead expenses related to Business-Type activities, the HRA Tax Increment Pool, Interim Construction, and the Marina to the General Fund as reimbursement for the amounts paid on their behalf. The General Fund had a fund balance of \$4,902,116 at year-end.

The General Obligation Building Debt Service fund balance was closed during 2019 and the remaining fund balance was transferred to the Non-Bonded Debt Fund.

The Non-Bonded Debt Fund had a fund balance of \$404,761 at year-end, a decrease of \$981,330 from 2018. The 2019 revenues collected in this fund are special assessments of \$804,050 used to finance street construction costs, investment income of \$58,616, and a \$200,000 payment on the loan agreement for the Sports Center from the White Bear Lake Area Hockey Association. The decrease in fund balance was mainly due to a large transfer out to write off the interfund loan with the G.O. Building Debt Fund.

The Interim Construction fund balance decreased \$690,830 due to revenues and transfers in exceeding expenditures and transfers out. The fund balance at year-end was \$4,400,538.

The Municipal Building fund balance decreased \$136,131 in 2019 due to capital expenditures. The fund balance at year-end was \$924,875.

HRA Tax Increment Pool fund balance increased \$115,750 as a result of higher tax increment collection in 2019. The ending fund balance deficit at year-end was \$57,808.

In 2019, the Community Reinvestment fund balance increased by \$149,084 to \$7,804,084. In 2019, the City modified how it allocates interest income, which resulted in a higher allocation to this fund.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The total net position in the respective proprietary funds are: Water Fund, \$3,068,211; Sewer Fund, \$1,829,313, Refuse Fund, \$208,822; Ambulance Fund, \$530,765; License Bureau, negative \$102,801; Pioneer Manor, \$1,677,709.

The change in net position of the Water and Sewer Funds were \$22,861 and \$291,769, respectively. The majority of these increases in both funds were due to rate increases in 2019.

The Ambulance fund balance increased \$153,732. The increase was mainly attributable to a transfer in of \$200,000 from the Non-Bonded Fund to help stabilize the fund balance and a \$235,200 transfer in from the Equipment Acquisition Fund to provided funding for the purchase of capital equipment.

The License Bureau Fund saw an increase in fund balance of \$173,285. This was a direct result of a \$204,171 payment from the State to recognize the financial challenges the State's new Minnesota Licensing and Registration System (MNLARS) implementation caused for the Deputy Registrar offices.

The Pioneer Manor fund balance decreased by \$71,039 in 2019 which was attributable to higher building repair costs.

The Refuse Fund had little change to its fund balance during 2019.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

General Fund revenues came in over budget by \$323,964. The majority of this variance was due to building permits and plan reviews coming in higher than anticipated as there were some large construction permits that were received towards the end of the year. Interest income also came in higher than budgeted due to a modification in how the City allocates it's interest. Expenditures were \$343,332 under budget. This was primarily due to salaries and wages coming in less than budgeted in multiple departments with police and fire having the largest variances as a result of conservative budgeting and a new staffing model for the Fire Department in 2019.

There were amendments to the original budget for the General Fund in 2019. The revenue budget was decreased by \$27,676 to total \$10,039,321, and the expenditure budget was decreased by \$128,194 to total \$11,194,810. Other financing sources (uses) were not amended. Net changes to the budget resulted in a budgeted surplus of \$460,511.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The City's investment in capital assets for its government and business-type activities as of December 31, 2019 totals \$82,905,582 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery, equipment, park facilities, streets, storm sewers, and water and sewer basins.

Major capital asset additions, excluding previously constructed infrastructure, during the current fiscal year include the following:

- Acquisition of land totaling \$863,019
- Acquisition of a fire truck totaling \$539,545

CITY OF WHITE BEAR LAKE'S CAPITAL ASSETS

(Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities						Business-type Activities						
						Increase						Increase	
		2019	9 2018		((Decrease)		2019		2018		(Decrease)	
Land and improvements	\$	10,067,751	\$	9,190,957	\$	876,794	\$	490,275	\$	490,275	\$	-	
Work in process		20,351		27,129		(6,778)		-		-		-	
Buildings and improvements		11,984,361		12,877,998		(893,637)		1,173,938		1,258,768		(84,830)	
Other improvements		4,663,861		5,166,831		(502,970)		-		-		-	
Furniture and equipment		4,544,802		4,468,134		76,668		1,201,166		1,195,084		6,082	
Distribution/Collection System		-		-		-		2,009,934		2,126,579		(116,645)	
Infrastructure													
Streets		42,073,112		40,809,267		1,263,845		-		-		-	
Storm Sewer		4,676,031		4,751,141		(75,110)		-		-			
Total	\$	78,030,269	\$	77,291,457	\$	738,812	\$	4,875,313	\$	5,070,706	\$	(195,393)	

Additional information on the City of White Bear Lake's capital assets can be found in the financial statements Note 6 of the report.

LONG-TERM DEBT

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$15,468,480. They are all backed by the full faith and credit of the City.

CITY OF WHITE BEAR LAKE'S OUTSTANDING DEBT

Governmental Activities							
					Increase		
	2019 2018			(Decrease)		
			_		_		
\$	2,800,000	\$	3,035,000	\$	(235,000)		
	9,115,000		7,375,000		1,740,000		
	3,330,000		3,330,000		-		
	223,480		67,581		155,899		
					_		
\$	15,468,480	\$	13,807,581	\$	1,660,899		
	\$	2019 \$ 2,800,000 9,115,000 3,330,000 223,480	2019 \$ 2,800,000 \$ 9,115,000 3,330,000 223,480	2019 2018 \$ 2,800,000 \$ 3,035,000 9,115,000 7,375,000 3,330,000 3,330,000 223,480 67,581	2019 2018 (\$ 2,800,000 \$ 3,035,000 \$ 9,115,000 7,375,000 3,330,000 223,480 67,581		

Standard & Poor's Rating Services raised the City's bond rating to AA+ in May 2018 and the rating remains unchanged.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a Minnesota city may issue up to 3% of total Estimated Market Value. The current debt limitation for the City of White Bear Lake is \$87,849,879. The City had no debt applicable to this limit at year-end. Additional information of the City of White Bear Lake's long-term debt can be found in the financial statement Note 5 of the report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

- Ramsey County had an annual average unemployment rate at the end of 2019 of 2.9%. This
 compares with unemployment rates of 3.5% for the State of Minnesota and 3.4% for the United States.
- The City's local tax capacity will increase by 6.8% for property taxes payable in 2020.
- City population is expected to remain stable or increase in 2020.

These factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2020 fiscal year. The City's adopted 2020 budget includes a property tax levy of \$6,908,000, which is 8.9% more than the prior year's levy.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Department at City of White Bear Lake, 4701 Highway 61 North, White Bear Lake, Minnesota 55110-3227, (651-429-8526).

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF WHITE BEAR LAKE WHITE BEAR LAKE, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

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City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Statement of Net Position December 31, 2019

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash and investments	\$ 32,288,401	\$ 1,940,518	\$ 34,228,919
Interest receivable	102,279		102,279
Accounts and loans/notes receivable, net	2,279,347		4,761,965
Taxes receivable	168,562		168,562
Special assessments receivable	4,947,517		5,313,206
Intergovernmental receivable	392,060		415,937
Internal balances	(621,291		-
Prepaid expenses	5,010		5,010
Net pension asset	1,666,290	-	1,666,290
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:			
Land and improvements	10,067,751		10,558,026
Buildings and improvements	11,984,361		13,158,299
Other improvements	4,663,861		4,663,861
Furniture and equipment	4,544,802		5,745,968
Infrastructure	46,749,143		46,749,143
Distribution / Collection system	-	2,009,934	2,009,934
Work in progress	20,351		20,351
Total assets	119,258,444	10,309,306	129,567,750
Deferred outflows of resources			
Deferred pension resources	4,499,355		5,603,371
Deferred OPEB resources	352,771		352,771
Total deferred outflows of resources	4,852,126	1,104,016	5,956,142
Liabilities			
Interest payable	189,435		189,435
Accounts payable	478,872		855,771
Contracts payable	46,329		46,329
Accrued wages payable	278,567		278,567
Intergovernmental payable	488		57,794
Deposits payable	167,826	•	200,251
Unearned revenue	59,053	•	59,808
Noncurrent liabilities:	00,000		00,000
Due within one year	1,277,001	-	1,277,001
Due in more than one year	15,274,286		15,274,286
Net pension liability	5,351,888		7,033,225
Other postemployment benefits liability	1,341,760		1,341,760
Total liabilities	24,465,505		26,614,227
Deferred inflows of resources			
Deferred pension resources	5,713,741	1,431,290	7,145,031
Deferred other postemployement benefit resources	24,883	-	24,883
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,738,624	1,431,290	7,169,914
N - P - W			
Net Position	00 504 700	4.075.040	07.407.400
Net investment in capital assets	62,561,789		67,437,102
Restricted for debt service	1,847,261		1,847,261
Unrestricted	29,497,391	2,957,997	32,455,388
Total net position	\$ 93,906,441	\$ 7,833,310	\$ 101,739,751
rotal net position	Ψ 90,900,441	Ψ 7,000,010	Ψ 101,133,131

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

			Program Revenues							
						Operating		Capital		
			Charges for		Grants and		Grants and			
Function/Programs:		Expenses		Services	C	ontributions	Contributions			
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	1,780,202	\$	753,993	\$	-	\$	3,712		
Community development		913,745		549,179		-		-		
Public safety		8,107,785		1,669,572		701,135		3,200		
Public works		4,982,461		1,741,350		1,107,282		179,420		
Parks and recreation		2,110,546		1,119,472		8,245		48,613		
Interest on long-term debt		586,792		-		-		-		
Total governmental activities		18,481,531		5,833,566		1,816,662		234,945		
(See Note 1)										
Business-type activities:										
Water		1,383,570		1,630,455		-		-		
Sewer		2,900,620		3,301,230		-		-		
Refuse		1,394,947		1,422,623		66,997		-		
Ambulance		2,177,945		1,991,667		8,250		2,453		
Pioneer Manor		316,986		402,734		-		-		
License Bureau		869,093		972,466		204,171		-		
Total business-type activities		9,043,161		9,721,175		279,418		2,453		
Total government	\$	27,524,692	\$	15,554,741	\$	2,096,080	\$	237,398		

General revenues:

Property taxes levied for general purpose

Property taxes levied for tax increments

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Investment income

Gain on sale of capital assets

Internal capital transfers

Internal transfers

Total general revenues and internal transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning

Net position - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

G	overnmental Activities	siness-Type Activities	Total
\$	(1,022,497) (364,566) (5,733,878) (1,954,409) (934,216) (586,792) (10,596,358)	\$ - - - - - -	\$ (1,022,497) (364,566) (5,733,878) (1,954,409) (934,216) (586,792) (10,596,358)
	- - - - -	246,885 400,610 94,673 (175,575) 85,748 307,544	246,885 400,610 94,673 (175,575) 85,748 307,544
	(10,596,358)	959,885 959,885	 959,885 (9,636,473)
_	6,210,984 542,960 1,588,195 975,843 50,949 (9,500) 479,800 9,839,231	 28,826 40,103 9,500 (479,800) (401,371)	6,210,984 542,960 1,588,195 1,004,669 91,052 - - 9,437,860 (198,613)
	94,663,568	 7,274,796	 101,938,364
\$	93,906,441	\$ 7,833,310	\$ 101,739,751

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FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF WHITE BEAR LAKE WHITE BEAR LAKE, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2019

		General	G.O. Building Debt	N	on-Bonded Debt	С	Interim onstruction
Assets	Φ.	4 070 004	Φ.	Φ.	740.400	Φ.	4 000 745
Cash Receivables:	\$	4,872,931	\$ -	\$	743,193	\$	4,363,745
Unremitted tax collections		71,288					
Delinquent tax collections		85,404	•		-		-
Unremitted special assessments		05,404	_		61,568		_
Delinquent special assessments		_			86,577		_
Unavailable special assessments		_			3,449,133		244,863
Other unavailable special assessments		_	_		90,732		244,000
Loan/Notes receivable		_	_		1,800,000		_
Accounts, net		5,058	_		1,000,000		1,906
Interest		0,000	<u>-</u>		_		1,500
Intergovernmental		286,904	_		_		84,886
Prepaid items		200,304	_		_		04,000
Advances to other funds		_	-		_		_
ravanos to sais rando							
Total assets	\$	5,321,585	\$ -	\$	6,231,203	\$	4,695,400
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	209,789	\$ -	\$	-	\$	3,290
Contracts payable		-	-		-		46,329
Intergovernmental payable		-	-		-		380
Advances from other funds		-	-		400,000		-
Deposits payable		118,681	-		-		-
Unearned revenue - other		5,595	-		-		
Total liabilities		334,065	-	•	400,000		49,999
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Unavailable revenue -							
Property taxes		85,404	-		-		-
Special assessments		-	-		3,626,442		244,863
Loan/Notes receivable			-	•	1,800,000		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		85,404	-	•	5,426,442		244,863
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable		-	-		-		-
Restricted		-	-		-		-
Committed		-	-		-		-
Assigned		-	-		404,761		4,400,538
Unassigned		4,902,116	-	•	_		
Total fund balances		4,902,116	-		404,761		4,400,538
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							
resources and fund balances	\$	5,321,585	\$ -	\$	6,231,203	\$	4,695,400

	Municipal Building		HRA Tax Increment Pool		Community Reinvestment	Non-Major Governmenta t Funds		G	Total Sovernmental Funds
\$	966,382	\$	690,205	\$	7,701,805	\$	8,449,816	\$	27,788,077
	-		4,016		-		-		75,304
	-		7,854		-		-		93,258
	-		-		-		10,246		71,814
	-		-		-		10,295		96,872
	-		-		-		994,103		4,688,099 90,732
	-		-		-		394,554		2,194,554
	684		_		-		77,145		84,793
	-		_		102,279				102,279
	-		_		-		6,874		378,664
	-		-		-		2,400		2,400
	-		-		-		750,000		750,000
\$	967,066	\$	702,075	\$	7,804,084	\$	10,695,433	\$	36,416,846
\$	42,191	\$	2,029	\$	_	\$	184,884	\$	442,183
Ψ		Ψ	2,025	Ψ	-	Ψ	104,004	Ψ	46,329
	_		_		_		108		488
	-		750,000		-		-		1,150,000
	-		-		-		49,145		167,826
	-		-		-		53,459		59,054
	42,191		752,029		-		287,596		1,865,880
	-		7,854		-		-		93,258
	-		-		-		1,004,398		4,875,703
	<u> </u>		7,854		<u> </u>		1,004,398		1,800,000 6,768,961
			7,004				1,004,390		0,700,901
	-		-		-		2,400		2,400
	-		-		-		1,148,411		1,148,411
	924,875		-		7,804,084		7,417,574		16,146,533
	-		- (F7 000)		-		835,054		5,640,353
	924,875		(57,808) (57,808)		7,804,084		9,403,439		4,844,308 27,782,005
	324,073		(37,000)		7,004,004		J, TUJ, TUJ		21,102,003
\$	967,066	\$	702,075	\$	7,804,084	\$	10,695,433	\$	36,416,846

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City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds December 31, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 27,782,005
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, not reported in the governmental funds.	
Capital assets	119,389,658
Less accumulated depreciation	(41,359,389)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay current period expenditures and,	
therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.	6,768,962
Governmental funds do not report long-term amounts related to pensions	
Deferred outflows of pension resources	4,499,355
Net pension asset	1,666,290
Net Pension liability	(5,351,888)
Deferred inflows of pension resources	(5,713,741)
Internal service funds are used by the City to charge the costs of certain	
activities, such as insurance, employee benefits to individual funds and	
maintenance of City vehicles. The assets and liabilities of the internal service	
funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	1,883,104
Governmental funds do not report a liability for accrued interest until due and payable	(189,435)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the	
current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Bonds payable	(15,245,000)
Bond premiums are reported as a liability within the Statement of Net Position and are	
reported as an other financing source in the year the debt is issued in governmental funds	(223,480)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 93,906,441

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	General	G.	O. Building Debt	Non-Bonded Debt	С	Interim onstruction
Revenues						
General property taxes	\$ 5,863,634	\$	132,000	\$ -	\$	25,000
Tax Increment	-		-	-		-
Franchise fees	330,154		-	-		-
Licenses and permits	880,242		-	-		-
Fines and forfeits	87,063		-	-		-
Intergovernmental	2,276,710		-	-		709,885
Charges for services	660,085		-	-		-
Special assessments	-		-	804,050		170,566
Investment income	169,651		2,307	58,616		121,873
Rental and lease income	42,070		-	-		-
Refunds and reimbursements	4,117		-	200,000		91,607
Donations	2,620		-	-		-
Dedicated fees	-		-	-		-
Miscellaneous	46,939		-	-		68,650
Total revenues	10,363,285		134,307	1,062,666		1,187,581
Expenditures Current						
General government	1,665,419		-	-		-
Public safety	6,285,623		-	-		-
Public works	1,903,426		-	-		203,127
Parks and recreation	666,214		-	-		· <u>-</u>
Community development	330,796		-	-		-
Capital outlay	,					
General government	_		_	-		_
Public safety	_		_	-		_
Public works	_		_	-		3,105,460
Parks and recreation	_		_	-		-
Community development	_		_	-		_
Debt service						
Principal retired on bonded debt	_		_	_		_
Interest and other expenditures	_		70,000	28,061		_
Total expenditures	 10,851,478		70,000	28,061		3,308,587
·	 10,001,110		7 0,000	20,001		0,000,001
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	 (488,193)		64,307	1,034,605		(2,121,006)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Sale of capital assets	1,643		-	-		834
Bonds issued	, <u>-</u>		_	-		1,839,782
Premium on bonds issued	_		_	-		157,060
Transfers from other funds	1,640,000		1,555,000	329,341		497,500
Transfers (to) other funds	(25,000)		(204,341)	(2,345,276)		(1,065,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,616,643		1,350,659	(2,015,935)		1,430,176
Net change in fund balance	1,128,450		1,414,966	(981,330)		(690,830)
Fund balance - beginning	3,773,666		(1,414,966)	1,386,091		5,091,368
Fund balance - ending	\$ 4,902,116	\$	-	\$ 404,761	\$	4,400,538

	HR/ Municipal Incre Building P			Community einvestment	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
¢		ф	¢		<u>ቀ</u> 220.000	\$ 6,240,634
\$	-	\$ 542,	- \$	-	\$ 220,000 46,091	\$ 6,240,634 589,051
	_	342,	-	_	40,091	330,154
	_		_	_	12,034	
	_		_	_	12,004	87,063
	100,000		-	_	307,397	•
	-		-	-	607,597	
	-		-	-	473,849	
	31,191	7,3	299	284,084	180,592	855,613
	6,000		-	-	1,304,390	1,352,460
	34,612		-	-	312,982	
	-		-	-	22,424	
	-		-	-	217,054	
	-		-	-	32,697	
	171,803	550,2	259	284,084	3,737,107	17,491,092
	25,470		-	-	88,791	1,779,680
	48,918		-	-	163,461	6,498,002
	8,975		-	-	178,754	
	-	050	-	-	838,056	
	-	252,0	009	-	510,612	1,093,417
	69,244		-	-	13,976	
	72,242		-	-	687,681	
	62,612		-	-	236,022	
	30,473		-	-	213,860	
	-		-	-	865,794	865,794
	_		-	-	420,000	420,000
	-	22,	500	-	486,359	
	317,934	274,	509	-	4,703,366	19,553,935
	·					
	(146,131)	275,	750	284,084	(966,259) (2,062,843)
	-		-	-	39,953	42,430
	_		-	-	85,218	
	-		-	-	7,275	
	10,000		-	-	1,087,776	5,119,617
	-	(160,	000)	(135,000)	(470,200	
	10,000	(160,	000)	(135,000)	750,022	2,846,565
	(136,131)	115,	750	149,084	(216,237	783,722
	1,061,006	(173,	558)	7,655,000	9,619,676	26,998,283
\$	924,875	\$ (57,	308) \$	7,804,084	\$ 9,403,439	\$ 27,782,005

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City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 7	83,722
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays were below depreciation in the current period.		
Capital outlay	4 2	86,085
Depreciation expense		87,322)
Capital contributions to enterprise funds	•	(9,500)
Capital continuations to officiplico failas		(0,000)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets		
(i.e., sales and donations) is to increase net position.	0	50,451)
(i.e., sales and donations) is to increase net position.	,	50,451)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial		
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		75 744)
Delinquent taxes	•	75,741)
Special assessments		51,930)
Notes receivable	(20	00,000)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources		
to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt		
consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither		
transaction; however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds		
report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when		
debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the		
statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the		
treatment of long-term debt and related items.		
Proceeds from long-term debt	(1.9	25,000)
Debt issuance premium	•	64,335)
Principal repayments	•	20,000
Interest payments		11,692
intoroot paymonto		11,002
Long-term pension activity is not reported in governmental funds.		
Pension expense	(.	44,239)
Pension revenue	•	40,454
r ension revenue	•	40,434
Dramiums are recognized when debt is issued in the governmental funds but		
Premiums are recognized when debt is issued in the governmental funds but amortized over the life of the bedt in the Statement of Activities		0.426
amortized over the life of the bedt in the Statement of Activities		8,436
		04.000\
Equity transfer from internal service fund to governmental activities	(4.	31,303)
Internal service funds are used by the City to charge the costs of certain		
activities, such as insurance, employee benefits to individual funds and		
maintenance of City vehicles. The net revenue (expense) of the internal		
service funds is reported in governmental activities.	 2	32,305
Changes in net position of governmental activities	\$ (7	57,127)

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2019

		Water	Sewer	Refuse
Assets				
Current Assets				
Cash	\$	212,413	\$ 655,522 \$	281,171
Receivables:				
Unremitted special assessments		11,310	-	-
Delinquent special assessments		3,921	-	-
Unavailable special assessments		342,795	7,663	-
Accounts, net		1,227,788	289,900	129,100
Intergovernmental		-	1,624	22,253
Advances to other funds		-	-	-
Prepaid expenses		-	-	-
Total current assets		1,798,227	954,709	432,524
Noncurrent Assets				
Advances to other funds		-	-	-
Capital Assets				
Land		79,990	-	-
Buildings		2,092,172	109,501	-
Wells		747,187	-	-
Equipment		1,153,441	830,459	-
Distribution system		4,865,877	-	-
Collection system		-	5,087,041	-
Less accumulated depreciation		(7,276,419)	(4,874,720)	-
Total net capital assets		1,662,248	1,152,281	-
Total noncurrent assets		1,662,248	1,152,281	
Total assets		3,460,475	2,106,990	432,524
Deferred outflows of resources				
Deferred pension resources		33,540	23,953	259
Deferred other postemployment benefit resources		-	- ,	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	33,540	23,953	259

			Non-Major		Total		vernmental ctivities -
			Enterprise		Enterprise		Internal
A	mbulance		Funds		Funds	Sei	rvice Funds
_		_		_		_	
\$	311,010	\$	480,402	\$	1,940,518	\$	4,500,324
			-		44.040		
	-		-		11,310		-
	-		-		3,921		-
	-		-		350,458		-
	834,306		1,524		2,482,618		-
	-				23,877		13,396
	-		245,985		245,985		-
	-						2,610
	1,145,316		727,911		5,058,687		4,516,330
							400.000
	-		-		-		400,000
	_		410,285		490,275		_
	-		2,442,894		4,644,567		-
	-		2,442,094		747,187		-
	1 067 167		101 502		3,432,659		-
	1,267,167		181,592				-
	-		-		4,865,877		-
	(074 047)		(4.500.007)		5,087,041		-
	(671,817)		(1,569,337)		(14,392,293)		
	595,350		1,465,434		4,875,313		
	505 250		1 465 424		1 075 212		400,000
	595,350		1,465,434		4,875,313		400,000
	1,740,666		2,193,345		9,934,000		4,916,330
	,,		_,::::,:::		2,221,200		, , - 30
	990,595		55,669		1,104,016		-
	-		-		-		352,771
	990,595		55,669		1,104,016		352,771

(Continued)

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2019

	 Water	Sewer	R	efuse
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 73,943	\$ 4,243	\$	212,934
Accrued wages payable	-	-		-
Intergovernmental payable	1,563	47,215		8,324
Advances from other funds	-	-		-
Deposits payable	-	-		-
Unearned revenue	-	-		-
Compensated absences payable	 			-
Total current liabilities	 75,506	51,458		221,258
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Pension liability	263,763	188,371		2,035
Compensated absences payable	-	-		-
Net other post employment benefits (OPEB) liability	-	-		
Total noncurrent liabilities	263,763	188,371		2,035
Total liabilities	339,269	239,829		223,293
Total liabilities	 339,209	239,029		223,293
Deferred inflows of resources				
Deferred pension resources	86,535	61,801		668
Deferred other postemployment benefit resources	-	-		
Total deferred inflows of resources	 86,535	61,801		668
Net Position				
Investment in capital assets	1,662,248	1,152,281		-
Unrestricted net assets	 1,405,963	677,032		208,822
Total net position	\$ 3,068,211	\$ 1,829,313	\$	208,822

		Non-Major Enterprise	Total Enterprise		overnmental Activities - Internal
ļ	Ambulance	Funds	Funds	Se	ervice Funds
\$	26,474	\$ 59,305	\$ 376,899	\$	36,689
	-	- 			278,567
	-	204	57,306		-
	245,985	-	245,985		-
	-	32,425	32,425		-
	-	755	755		-
	-	-	-		490,958
	272,459	92,689	713,370		806,214
	789,380	437,788	1,681,337		-
	-	-	-		591,849
	-	_	_		1,341,760
	789,380	437,788	1,681,337		1,933,609
	,	•	, ,		
	1,061,839	530,477	2,394,707		2,739,823
	1,138,657	143,629	1,431,290		-
	-	-	-		24,883
	1,138,657	143,629	1,431,290		24,883
	595,350	1,465,434	4,875,313		-
	(64,585)	109,474	2,336,706		2,504,395
\$	530,765	\$ 1,574,908	\$ 7,212,019	\$	2,504,395
	·	·			·

Total net position of enterprise funds \$ 7,212,019

Adjustment to report the cumulative internal balance for the net effect of the activity between the internal service funds and the enterprise funds over time 621,291

Net position of business-type activities \$ 7,833,310

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Water		Sewer		Refuse
Operating revenues	Φ.	4 040 400	Φ.	0.000.070	Φ	4 400 400
Charges for services	\$	1,613,129	\$	3,293,973	\$	1,402,438
Penalties		4,071		-		-
Rent		-		-		-
Premium reimbursement Other		7,783		- 7,257		20,181
Total operating revenues		1,624,983		3,301,230		1,422,619
Operating expenses						
Personal services		478,923		372,499		3,471
Supplies		252,930		24,709		1,073
Other services and charges		458,028		127,128		134,149
Disposal charges		81,530		2,278,929		1,257,510
Depreciation		123,710		103,408		-
Total operating expenses		1,395,121		2,906,673		1,396,203
Operating income (loss)		229,862		394,557		26,416
Nonoperating revenues						
Investment income		-		7,212		10,774
Intergovernmental		-		-		66,997
Miscellaneous revenues		5,472		-		4
Gain on disposal of assets		23,027		-		_
Total nonoperating revenues		28,499		7,212		77,775
Income (loss) before capital contributions						
and transfers		258,361		401,769		104,191
Capital contributions from other funds		9,500		-		-
Transfer from other funds		-		-		-
Transfers (to) other funds		(245,000)		(110,000)		(110,000)
Change in net position		22,861		291,769		(5,809)
Net position - beginning		3,045,350		1,537,544		214,631
Net position - ending	\$	3,068,211	\$	1,829,313	\$	208,822

			Non-Major	Total	overnmental Activities -
			Enterprise	Enterprise	ernal Service
A	Ambulance		Funds	Funds	 Funds
\$	1,982,105	\$	970,729	\$ 9,262,374	\$ 3,497,301
	-		-	4,071	-
	-		399,896	399,896	-
	-		-	-	75,260
	9,562		1,069	45,852	-
	1,991,667		1,371,694	9,712,193	3,572,561
	1 760 619		011 206	2 426 707	2 100 250
	1,760,618 100,162		811,286 35,430	3,426,797 414,304	3,188,359 507
	168,364		250,120	1,137,789	479,143
	100,304		230,120	3,617,969	473,143
	131,770		81,129	440,017	_
	2,160,914		1,177,965	9,036,876	3,668,009
	2,100,514		1,177,303	3,030,070	3,000,003
	(169,247)		193,729	675,317	(95,448)
	, , ,		,	,	, ,
	-		10,840	28,826	84,149
	8,250		204,171	279,418	17,350
	2,453		3,506	11,435	20,016
	17,076		-	40,103	3,650
	27,779		218,517	359,782	125,165
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
	(141,468)		412,246	1,035,099	29,717
				0.500	
	425 200		-	9,500	404.000
	435,200		(240,000)	435,200	431,303
	(140,000)		(310,000)	(915,000)	(235,000)
	153,732		102,246	564,799	226,020
	133,732		102,240	304,799	220,020
	377,033		1,472,662	6,647,220	2,278,375
	0.1,000		1,112,002	0,017,220	2,210,010
\$	530,765	\$	1,574,908	\$ 7,212,019	\$ 2,504,395
	·			·	
Cha	inge in net pos	itic	n from		
ente	erprise funds			\$ 564,799	
Adiı	ustment for the	ne	et effect of the		
, taje			otwoor the		

\$ 558,514

(6,285)

current year activity between the internal service funds and the

Changes in net position of business-

enterprise funds.

type activities

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	 Water	Sewer	Refuse
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts from customers	\$ 1,472,372	\$ 3,297,310	\$ 1,440,586
Receipts from other funds	-	-	-
Payments to vendors	(691,255)	(154,667)	(1,382,798)
Payments to employees	(478,923)	(372,499)	(3,471)
Payments to other governments	(59,678)	(2,245,246)	808
Other receipts	13,255	7,257	20,185
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	 255,771	532,155	75,310
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities			
Intergovernmental receipts	-	-	66,997
Proceeds from (payments on) advances to other funds	-	-	-
Transfers from other funds	-	-	-
Transfers (to) other funds	 (245,000)	(110,000)	(110,000)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital			
financing activities	 (245,000)	(110,000)	(43,003)
Cash flows from capital financing activities			
Purchase of property and equipment	-	-	-
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	 23,027	-	-
Net cash provided (used) by capital financing activities	23,027	-	-
Cash flows from investing activities			
Investment income received	 -	7,212	10,774
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	33,798	429,367	43,081
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	178,615	226,155	238,090
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 212,413	\$ 655,522	\$ 281,171

	Ambulance	Enterpri	Enterprise Enterp		Total Enterprise Funds	F	overnmental Activities - ernal Service Funds
\$	1,927,023	\$ 1,377	7,258	\$	9,514,549	\$	-
	-		-		-		3,501,680
	(282,433)	(261	1,116)		(2,772,269)		(1,521,654)
	(1,529,220)	(773	3,478)		(3,157,591)		(502,345)
	-		-		(2,304,116)		(1,492,575)
	9,562		,069		51,328		95,276
	124,932	343	3,733		1,331,901		80,382
	8,250	204	1,171		279,418		17,350
	100,675),675)		270,110		215,000
	435,200	(100	-		435,200		210,000
	(140,000)	(310	0,000)		(915,000)		(235,000)
_	(1.10,000)	(0.1	,,,,,,		(0.0,000)		(200,000)
	404,125	(206	6,504)		(200,382)		(2,650)
	(235,123)		_		(235,123)		_
	17,076		_		40,103		3,650
_	(218,047)		_		(195,020)		3,650
	(= : = , = : :)				(100,000)		
	_	1(),840		28,826		84,149
		.,	.,				5 ., . 10
	311,010	148	3,069		965,325		165,531
	-	332	2,333		975,193		4,334,793
\$	311,010),402	\$	1,940,518	\$	4,500,324

(Continued)

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Water	Sewer	Refuse
Reconciliation of operating income (loss)				
to net cash provided (used) by operating				
activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$	229,862 \$	394,557 \$	26,416
Adjustments to reconcile operating				
income (loss) to net cash provided				
(used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation		123,710	103,408	-
Miscellaneous		5,472	-	4
(Increase) decrease in assets/deferred outflows of resources				
Accounts receivable		(115,589)	11,000	(13,000)
Special assessments		(29,239)	(7,663)	-
Due from governments		_	(38,544)	51,148
Prepaid expenses		-	-	· -
Deferred outflows in OPEB resources		-	-	-
Deferred outflows in pension resources		23,430	14,928	133
Increase (decrease) in liabilities/deferred inflows of resources				
Accounts payable		19,703	(2,830)	9,934
Wages payable		-	-	· -
Due to governments		(91)	47,215	394
Deposits payable			-	-
Deferred inflows in pension resources		11,442	10,550	151
Deferred inflows in OPEB resources		-	-	-
Unearned revenue		-	-	-
Pension liability		(12,929)	(466)	130
Post employment health care		_	` -	-
Compensated absences		-	-	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	255,771 \$	532,155 \$	75,310
Noncash capital and related financing activities				
Acquisition of capital assets				
through capital contribution	\$	9,500 \$	- \$	_
Equity transfer	\$	- \$	- \$	_
Equity trainered	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	

Ambulance	Non-Major Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities - ternal Service Funds
\$ (169,247)	\$ 193,729	\$ 675,317	\$ (95,448)
131,770	81,129	440,017	_
2,453	3,506	11,435	20,016
	-		
(57,535)	3,862	(171,262)	4,379
-	-	(36,902)	-
-	-	12,604	(12,951)
-	-	-	(144)
-	-	-	(352,771)
(854,160)	38,620	(777,049)	-
(13,907)	24,500	37,400	6,152
(13,307)	24,300	37,400	55,100
_	(66)	47,452	55,100
_	(800)	(800)	_
958,814	19,341	1,000,298	_
930,014	19,541	1,000,290	(2,850)
_	65	65	(2,030)
126,744	(20,153)	93,326	_
120,144	(20,100)	-	389,976
_	_	_	68,923
\$ 124,932	\$ 343,733	\$ 1,331,901	\$ 80,382
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,500	\$ -
\$ -	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 431,303

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2019

	Custo	odial Funds
Assets Cash	\$	344,228
Liabilities Deposits payable		321,754
Net position Restricted for individuals, organizations, and other governments	\$	22,474

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Cus	todial Funds
Additions		
Geographic information system fees collections	\$	31,493
Fireworks contributions collections		46,250
Manitou Days event contributions collections		10,527
Manitou Days parade fees collections		9,745
Deputy Registrar collections		39,850,755
Total revenues		39,948,770
Deductions		
Geographic information system fee disbursements		26,274
Fireworks disbursements		27,858
Manitou Days events disbursements		7,429
Manitou Days parade disbursements		9,235
Deputy Registrar disbursements		39,992,022
Total expenditures	-	40,062,818
Total oxportation	-	10,002,010
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position		(114,048)
Net position - beginning		136,522
Net position - ending	\$	22,474

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CITY OF WHITE BEAR LAKE, MINNESOTA Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Description of Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support.

B. Reporting Entity

The City of White Bear Lake (the City) is established as a chartered "home rule" city as permitted under the laws of the State of Minnesota. The charter provides for a council/manager form of government. Within this form, the City is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and five-member council. The City provides the following services: general administration, planning, zoning, public safety, streets, parks, public improvements, water, sewer and refuse utilities, ambulance services, sport center facility, senior housing facility and motor vehicle registration, vehicle licensing, and passport services.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City of White Bear Lake and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations. Therefore, data from these units are combined with data of the primary government.

Blended Component Unit: The White Bear Lake Housing and Redevelopment Authority (the Authority) was created by the City to carry out the responsibilities associated with housing and redevelopment. The Authority provides this assistance through the administration of various programs. The Authority is governed by a five-member council compromised of the White Bear Lake five ward council members and the Authority's Executive Director is the City Manager. Because the City Council ward members also serve as the Authority's governing body, the Authority is reported as a blended component unit of the City and has operational responsibility for the component unit. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements. The Authority's financial activity is reported in a separate fund within the City's Capital Project Funds.

C. Basis of Presentation - Government Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and internal service funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As discussed earlier, the government has one blended component unit. While the White Bear Lake Housing and Redevelopment Authority is not considered a major component unit, it is a blended component shown in a separate column in the governmental fund financial statements. As a general rule, the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the inter-fund services provided and the charges between other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort costs and program revenues reported for the various functions.

CITY OF WHITE BEAR LAKE, MINNESOTA Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

D. Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for the fund categories of governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, with each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds. The non-major funds are presented in separate columns in the Combining statements and schedules sections of the report.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The G.O. Building Debt fund accounts for repayment of bonds and loans related to public improvements which are not assessable against specific properties.

The Non-Bonded Debt fund accounts for street construction costs that will be financed through special assessments not associated with a specific debt issue.

The Interim Construction fund accounts for transactions pertaining to public improvement construction projects.

The Municipal Building fund accounts for capital improvement project costs to municipal facilities.

The HRA Tax Increment Pool fund accounts for tax increment proceeds that are dedicated to fund specific economic development and redevelopment projects within the area wide district.

The Community Reinvestment fund provides constant funding for street and park improvements and is governed by City ordinance.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water and Sewer funds account for the activities related to the City's water and sewer services.

The Refuse fund accounts for weekly collection and disposal of residential garbage, yard waste, and recyclable materials.

The Ambulance fund accounts for transactions related to providing ambulance service to the White Bear Lake service area.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal service funds account for the activities provided to other departments of the City on a cost reimbursement basis for insurance, employment expenses, and engineering services.

Custodial funds report fiduciary activities that are not held in a trust or equivalent arrangement. The City's custodial funds account for activities of deputy registrar activities, and miscellaneous funds held for other organizations.

During the course of operations, the City has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances from/to other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column. However, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

Furthermore, activities occur during the year which involve transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds and of the City's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services.

Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, franchise fees, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period.

Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is actually received by the government.

F. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position / Fund Balance

1. Cash and cash equivalents

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition. The proprietary funds' portion in the government-wide cash and temporary investments pool is considered to be cash and cash equivalents for the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows.

Cash balances from all funds are pooled and invested, to the extent available, in certificates of deposit and other authorized investments. Earnings from such investments are allocated on the basis of applicable participation by each of the funds.

Minnesota Statutes authorizes the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies, and instrumentalities, shares of investment companies whose only investments are in the aforementioned securities, obligations of the State of Minnesota or its municipalities, certificates of deposit, bankers' acceptances, future contracts, repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements, and commercial paper of the highest quality with a maturity of no longer than 270 days and in the Minnesota Municipal Investment Pool.

Minnesota Statutes also authorize the City to invest in long-term equities. The City must maintain the highest bond rating by a national bond rating agency to qualify for this investment authority. The law limits the equity investment to index mutual funds that are held for long-term capital plans or long-term obligations. The amount invested cannot exceed 15 percent of the sum of unassigned cash, cash equivalents, deposits and investments. Equity Investments are limited to mutual funds indexed to the S & P 500, Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index or investments with the State Board of Investment.

Certain investments for the City are reported at fair value as disclosed in Note 3. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The Hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2019:

- Government Agency securities of \$13,804,358 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)
- Negotiable certificates of deposits of \$16,567,703 are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs)

Brokered certificates of deposit classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

2. Prepaid expenses

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

3. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure (i.e., streets, sidewalks, distribution systems, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist.

As the City constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not increase asset value or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Donated capital assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date received.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. Buildings, equipment, and infrastructure of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and improvements	10 - 50 years
Furnitures and fixtures	3 - 15 years
Machinery and equipment	3 - 15 years
Distribution and collection systems	40 years
Streets	50 years
Storm sewers	100 years
Intangibles	5 - 20 years

4. Deferred outflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the items, deferred pension resources and deferred OPEB resources, are reported only in the statement of net position. This item results from actuarial calculations and current year pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date.

5. Deferred inflows of resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and fund financial statements will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has four items which qualify for reporting in this category. Delinquent property taxes are reported as deferred inflows of resources of the General Fund and HRA Tax Increment Pool Fund because the date of collection is unknown. Unavailable special assessments are reported in the Non-Bonded Debt Fund, Interim Construction Fund, and Non-Major Governmental Funds as deferred inflows because the actual collection is legally delayed between one and twenty years. The amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Loan/notes receivable are reported as deferred inflows of resources of the Non-Bonded Debt Fund because the collection is delayed according to the payment schedule in the loan agreement. Deferred pension resources and deferred OPEB resources are reported only in the statements of net position and results from actuarial calculations.

6. Net position flow assumption

The City on occasion will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the City's position to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

7. Fund balance policies

In the fund financial statements, fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources reported in the governmental funds. These classifications are defined as follows:

Non-spendable - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items.

Restricted - Amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors or contributors; or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.

Committed - Amounts constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by formal action (resolution) of the City Council (the Council), which is the City's highest level of decision-making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Council modifies or rescinds the commitment by resolution.

Assigned - Amounts constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents all remaining amounts that are not classified as non-spendable and are neither restricted nor committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Council itself or by an official to which the governing body delegates the authority. The Council has adopted a fund balance policy which delegates the authority to assign amounts for specific purposes to the Finance Director.

Unassigned - The residual classification for the General Fund and also negative residual amounts in other funds.

The City considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The City has formally adopted a fund balance policy for the General Fund. The City's policy is to maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance of one-half of the City's General Fund major revenue sources which are property taxes, local government aid and police state aid. Property taxes and local government payments are not received until July and December each year. Police state aid is not received until November. The reserve funding provides sufficient resources to meet cash flow needs.

G. Revenues and Expenditures / Expenses

1. Program revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes and other internally dedicated resources, are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

2. Property taxes

Property tax levies are set by the City Council in December each year, and are certified to Ramsey and Washington Counties for collection in the following year. In Minnesota, counties act as collection agents for all property taxes.

The Counties spread all levies over assessable property; the taxes become a lien on January 1st and are recorded as receivables by the City on that date. Property taxes are paid by taxpayers in two equal installments, May 15th and October 15th, without penalty. Personal property taxes are payable in one installment on May 15th.

The Counties remit collections to the City three times a year: January, July and December. Revenues are accrued and recognized in the government-wide financial statements in the current period. In the fund financial statements, taxes that remain unpaid at December 31 are classified as delinquent taxes and fully offset by deferred inflows of resources, because it is not known when they will be available to finance current expenditures.

3. Special assessments

Special assessments are levied against the benefited properties for the assessable costs of improvement projects in accordance with State Statutes. The City generally adopts the assessment rolls when the individual projects are complete or substantially complete. The assessments are collectible over a term of years generally consistent with the term of years of the related or proposed bond issue. Collection of annual installments (including interest) is handled by the County in the same manner as property taxes. Property owners are allowed to prepay total future installments without interest or prepayment penalties.

The City recognizes special assessment revenue in the government-wide financial statements when the assessment rolls are levied. In the fund financial statements, the City recognizes special assessment revenue when it becomes both measurable and available. Current assessments, which remain unpaid at December 31, are classified as delinquent receivables and, together with deferred assessments, are fully offset by deferred inflows of resources because it is not known when they will be available to finance current expenditures.

4. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, comp time, and sick pay benefits. The accumulation of unused vacation and comp time is limited based upon employee classification. Upon separation, the City will reimburse the employee for accumulated vacation and comp time not to exceed established maximums. The amount of unused sick leave accumulation is not limited. Upon retirement, or upon separation in good standing for employees, the City reimburses eligible employees a portion of unused sick leave according to the personnel policy and contractual agreements. All compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements.

All liabilities for vacation leave and severance, both current and long-term portions, are recorded in the Employment Expense Fund, which is an Internal Service Fund. No liability is recorded for unpaid accumulated sick leave, except for the portion that is payable to employees as severance.

Each year, compensated absence expenditures and expenses are recorded in the governmental and enterprise funds based on the total amount accrued by the employees during the year. These charges are offset by a corresponding transfer of assets from the home departments to the Employment Expense Fund to fund the liability. The personnel policy and union contracts limit the annual accumulation of benefits that can be accumulated from year to year and the amount of severance available. The City estimates \$490,958 will be due within the next fiscal year and \$591,849 will be due in more than one year.

5. Long-term obligations

Long-term obligations are recorded in the City's government-wide statement of net position when they become a liability of the City.

The obligations are recognized as a liability of a governmental fund only when payment is due or when resources have been accumulated in a debt service fund for payment early in the following year. Long-term obligations financed through proprietary funds are accounted for in those funds.

6. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA except that PERA's fiscal year end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The General Fund is typically used to liquidate the governmental net pension liability.

The total pension expense for the GERP, PEPFP, DCP and the White Bear Lake Fire Department Relief Association is as follows:

		Associa	tion c	f Minnesota	(A)	Fi	ire Relief		Total All			
		GERP		PEPFP		DCP	Association			Plans		
Pension expense	•	403,066	Φ.	789,995	•	5,198	¢	487,616	Ф.	1,685,875		
rension expense	J	403,000	J)	103,333	J	5,190	J	407,010	JD .	0.000,070		

7. Bond discounts / premiums / issuance costs

In governmental fund types, bond discounts / premiums are recognized in the current period. Bond discounts/premiums for proprietary fund types are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the bonds outstanding method, which approximates the effective interest rate method. Bond discounts are presented as a reduction of the face amount of bonds payable and premiums are presented as an increase of the full amount of bonds payable. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

8. Inter-fund transactions

Internal services provided and used between the funds are accounted for as revenues and expenditures. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed. Other inter-fund transactions are reported as transfers.

Inter-fund transactions within the respective categories of governmental activities and business-type activities in the government-wide statement of activities are eliminated. The internal balances caption on the government-wide statement of net position represents inter-fund receivables or payables between the governmental and business-type activities.

Note 2: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary basis of accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

The City Charter grants the City Council full authority over the financial affairs of the City. The City Manager is charged with the responsibility of preparing the annual budget estimates and enforcing the financial management provisions specified in the budget. Upon adoption of the annual budget resolution by the Council, the budget becomes the formal appropriation for City operations. Legal compliance is adhered to as budgetary and actual amounts are presented in the Required Supplementary Information according to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Once the budget resolution is adopted, the Council can increase the budget only if actual receipts exceed the budgeted estimates, or by a four/fifths vote authorizing the transfer of sums from the previous fiscal year's assigned or unassigned fund balances.

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments corresponding to unperformed (executor) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts, and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. The City has no outstanding encumbrances as of December 31, 2019.

B. Deficit Fund Equity

At December 31, 2019, individual funds with deficit fund balances are as follows:

Fund	Amount
Debt Service	
HRA Tax Increment Pool	\$ (57,808)
Enterprise	
License Bureau	(102 801)

Deficits will be eliminated with future tax increment revenue and charges for services.

Note 3: Cash Deposits and Investments with Financial Institutions

A. Deposits

Cash balances of the City's funds are combined (pooled) and invested to the extent available in various investments authorized by Minnesota Statutes. Each fund's portion of this pool (or pools) is displayed in the financial statements as "cash and cash equivalents" or "investments". For purposes of identifying risk of investing public funds, the balances and related restrictions are summarized below.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits: The City addresses custodial credit risk by having the authority from the City Council to maintain deposits with various financial institutions that are members of the Federal Reserve System.

As required by Minnesota Statutes, any of the City's deposits are to be protected by \$250,000 of federal depository insurance and pledged collateral. The market value of pledged collateral must equal 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

As of December 31, 2019, the City was not exposed to custodial credit risk because deposits were fully collateralized. The City had deposits of \$1,586,843 as of December 31, 2019. The City's book balance for cash as of December 31, 2019 was \$1,459,996.

B. Investments

The following chart summarizes the City's deposits and investments using segmented time distribution.

	Credit Quality/	Segmented Time			Fair Value Mea		sur	ement Using
Types of Investments	Ratings (1)	Distribution (2)		Amount Level 1		Level 1		Level 2
Pooled investments at amortized costs								
4M Fund	N/A	less than 6 months	\$	2,738,440				
Non-pooled investments at fair value								
Government Agency Securities	AAA	Less than 1 year		5,454,385	\$	5,454,385	\$	-
Government Agency Securities	AAA	1 to 3 years		8,349,973		8,349,973		-
Negotiable certificates of deposits	N/A	Less than 1 year		7,863,224		-		7,863,224
Negotiable certificates of deposits	N/A	1 to 3 years		8,704,479		-		8,704,479
Total investments			\$	33,110,501	\$	13,804,358	\$	16,567,703

Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Ratings are provided by various credit rating agencies and where applicable, indicate associated credit risk. Minnesota statutes and the City's investment policy limit the City's investments to the list above.

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy does not address custodial credit risk but typically limits its exposure by purchasing insured or registered investments.

Concentration of Credit Risk: Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. In accordance with the City's investment policy, the City diversifies its investment portfolio to eliminate the risk of loss resulting from over-concentration of assets in a specific maturity, a specific issuer or a specific class of securities. As of December 31, 2019, the City had invested 5.0 percent or more of its total investment portfolio in the following issuers: FNMA (7.0%), FHL (12%), and FFCB (16%).

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with its investment policy, the City requires at least 5 percent of the City's investment portfolio to be available on a daily basis without loss of principal. Also, no more than 30 percent of the portfolio should have maturities exceeding 5 years.

C. Cash and Investments Summary

A reconciliation of cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position follows:

Bank Deposits	\$ 1,459,996
Investments Government Agency Securities Negotiable Certificates of Deposits Minnesota Mutual Money Market Fund	13,804,358 16,567,703 2,738,440 33,110,501
Other Petty Cash and Change Fund	2,650
Total Cash and Temporary Investments	\$ 34,573,147
Classification per financial statements Cash and Temporary Investments - Statement of Net Position Cash in Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 34,228,919 344,228
Total	\$ 34,573,147

Note 4: Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	
	Balance	Increases	Increases Decreases		
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets, not depreciated					
Land & improvements	\$ 9,190,957	\$ 876,794	\$ -	\$ 10,067,751	
Work in process	27,129	-	6,778	20,351	
Total capital assets, not depreciated	9,218,086	876,794	6,778	10,088,102	
Capital assets being depreciated					
Buildings & improvements	26,715,682	35,077	-	26,750,759	
Other improvements	8,687,943	98,740	-	8,786,683	
Furniture & equipment	9,777,747	950,057	450,519	10,277,285	
Infrastructure	, ,	,	,	, ,	
Streets	53,765,739	2,322,695	109,760	55,978,674	
Storm sewer	7,508,155	-	-	7,508,155	
Total capital assets, depreciated	106,455,266	3,406,569	560,279	109,301,556	
Less accumulated depreciation					
Buildings & improvements	13,837,684	928,714	-	14,766,398	
Other improvements	3,521,112	601,710	-	4,122,822	
Furniture & equipment	5,309,613	825,014	402,144	5,732,483	
Infrastructure					
Streets	12,956,472	1,056,774	107,684	13,905,562	
Storm sewer	2,757,014	75,110	-	2,832,124	
Total accumulated depreciation	38,381,895	3,487,322	509,828	41,359,389	
Total capital assets, depreciated net	68,073,371	(80,753)	50,451	67,942,167	
Governmental activities					
Capital assets, net	\$ 77,291,457	\$ 796,041	\$ 57,229	\$ 78,030,269	

Capital Assets (Continued)

	Ве	ginning				Ending
	Balance Increases			ncreases	Decreases	Balance
Business-type activities:						
Capital assets, not depreciated						
Land	\$	490,275	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 490,275
Capital assets being depreciated						
Buildings	4	4,644,566		-	-	4,644,566
Equipment	(3,418,644		244,624	230,609	3,432,659
Distribution / collection system	10	0,700,106		-	-	10,700,106
Total capital assets	18	8,763,316		244,624	230,609	18,777,331
Less accumulated depreciation						
Buildings	(3,385,798		84,830	-	3,470,628
Equipment	2	2,223,560		238,542	230,609	2,231,493
Distribution / collection system	8	3,573,527		116,645	-	8,690,172
Total accumulated depreciation	14	4,182,885		440,017	230,609	14,392,293
Total capital assets, depreciated net		4,580,431		(195,393)	-	4,385,038
Business-type activities						
Capital assets, net	\$!	5,070,706	\$	(195,393)	\$ -	\$ 4,875,313

Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to City functions as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	375,182
Public safety		404,851
Public works		1,945,700
Parks and recreation		761,589
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	3,487,322
Pugingga type getivities		
Business-type activities:	•	
Water	\$	123,710
Sewer		103,408
Ambulance		131,770
Pioneer manor		80,545
License bureau		584
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$	440,017

Note 5: Long-Term Debt

A. General Obligation Debt

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and redevelopment of property, construction of streets and utilities, financing acquisition of capital equipment, and the construction of major capital facilities. The entity's long-term debt is segregated between the amounts to be repaid from governmental activities and amounts to be repaid from business-type activities.

As of December 31, 2019, the long-term bonded debt of the financial reporting entity consisted of the following:

	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Final Maturity	Original Issue	Principal Outstanding
Governmental activities					
G.O. Tax Increment Bonds					
G.O. Tax Increment Refunding Bonds, Series 2012A	2.00%	4/3/2012	2/1/2023	\$ 2,650,000	\$ 670,000
G.O. Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 2016A	2.00 - 3.00%	3/10/2016	2/1/2037	2,275,000	2,130,000
Total G.O. Tax Increment Bonds				4,925,000	2,800,000
G.O. Special Assessment Bonds					
G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2012B	0.40 - 2.00%	12/19/2012	2/1/2028	2,555,000	1,340,000
G.O. Bonds, Series 2018A	3.00 - 4.00%	6/14/2018	2/1/2039	5,850,000	5,850,000
G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2019A	3.00 - 4.00%	7/18/2019	2/1/2040	1,925,000	1,925,000
Total G.O. Special Assessment Bonds				10,330,000	9,115,000
G.O. Tax Abatement Bonds					
G.O. Tax Abatement Bonds, Series 2018B	3.00 - 3.36%	6/14/2018	2/1/2039	3,330,000	3,330,000
G.G. Tax / Batomont Bonds, Control 20105	0.00 0.0070	0/11/2010	2/ 1/2000	0,000,000	0,000,000
Bond premium					223,480
Total governmental activities bonds				18,585,000	15,468,480
•				, ,	
Compensated absences payable					1,082,807
Total City indebtedness					\$ 16,551,287

B. Minimum Debt Payments

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

	Governmental Activities											
Year Ending	Year Ending G.O. Tax Increment Bond				G.O. Special Assessment Bonds					G.O. Tax Aba	teme	nt Bonds
December 31,		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	Principal			Interest
2020	\$	240,000	\$	65,213	\$	410,000	\$	277,717	\$	125,000	\$	103,125
2021		255,000		59,438		515,000		264,241		125,000		99,375
2022		260,000		53,413		510,000		249,666		130,000		95,550
2023		260,000		47,313		515,000		233,463		135,000		91,575
2024		95,000		42,838		515,000		216,764		140,000		87,450
2025 - 2029		550,000		176,003		2,395,000		857,175		760,000		370,800
2030 - 2034		675,000		108,460		2,050,000		527,022		880,000		247,428
2035 - 2039		465,000		20,456		2,130,000		192,588		1,035,000		91,578
2040		-		-		75,000		1,125		-		
	\$	2,800,000	\$	573,131	\$	9,115,000	\$	2,819,760	\$	3,330,000	\$	1,186,881

C. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2019 was as follows:

Governmental	Restated Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Tax Increment Bonds Special Assessment Bonds Tax Abatement Bonds Premium Compensated Absences	\$ 3,035,000 7,375,000 3,330,000 67,581 1,013,884	\$ - 1,925,000 - 164,335 885,752	\$ 235,000 185,000 - 8,436 816,829	\$ 2,800,000 9,115,000 3,330,000 223,480 1,082,807	\$ 240,000 410,000 125,000 11,043 490,958
Total Long Term Liabilities	\$ 14,821,465	\$ 2,975,087	\$ 1,245,265	\$ 16,551,287	\$ 1,277,001

Note 6: Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Statewide

A. Plan description

The City participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota statutes, chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

General Employees Retirement Plan (GERP)

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the City are covered by the General Employees Plan (GERP). GERP members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

Public Employees Police and Fire Plan (PEPFP)

The PEPFP, originally established for police officers and firefighters not covered by a local relief association, now covers all police officers and firefighters hired since 1980. Effective July 1, 1999, the PEPFP also covers police officers and firefighters belonging to a local relief association that elected to merge with and transfer assets and administration to PERA.

B. Benefits provided

PERA provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state Legislature. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but are not receiving them yet, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

GERP benefits

GERP benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7 percent of average salary for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.7 percent of average salary for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

Annuities, disability benefits, and survivor benefits are increased effective every January 1. Beginning January 1, 2019, the postretirement increase will be equal to 50 percent of the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) announced by the SSA, with a minimum increase of at least 1 percent and a maximum of 1.5 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. For recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase. For members retiring on January 1, 2024, or later, the increase will be delayed until normal retirement age (age 65 if hired prior to July 1, 1989, or age 66 for individuals hired on or after July 1, 1989). Members retiring under Rule of 90 are exempt from the delay to normal retirement.

PEPFP benefits

Benefits for Police and Fire Plan members first hired after June 30, 2010, but before July 1, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after five years up to 100 percent after ten years of credited service. Benefits for Police and Fire Plan members first hired after June 30, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after ten years up to 100 percent after twenty years of credited service. The annuity accrual rate is 3 percent of average salary for each year of service. A full, unreduced pension is earned when members are age 55 and vested, or for members who were first hired prior to July 1, 1989, when age plus years of service equal at least 90. Annuities, disability benefits, and survivor benefits are increased effective every January 1. Beginning January 1, 2019, the postretirement increase will be fixed at 1 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. For recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 25 months but less than 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase.

C. Contributions

Minnesota statutes chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state legislature.

General Employees Fund contributions

Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.50 percent of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2019 and the City was required to contribute 7.50 percent for Coordinated Plan members. The City contributions to the General Employees Fund for the year ended December 31, 2019, 2018, and 2017 were \$343,333, \$357,270, and \$355,409, respectively. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

Police and Fire Fund contributions

Police and Fire member's contribution rates increased from 10.8 percent of pay to 11.3 percent and employer rates increased from 16.2 percent to 16.95 percent on January 1, 2019. The City's contributions to the Police and Fire Fund for the years ending December 31, 2019, 2018, and 2017 were \$657,326, \$474,595, and \$408,224, respectively.

D. Pension costs

General Employees Fund pension costs

At December 31, 2019, the City reported a liability of \$3,588,176 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Fund's net pension liability. The City's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the fund in 2019. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the State's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City totaled \$111,495. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019 relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers.

At June 30, 2019, the City's proportionate share was 0.0649 percent, which was a decrease of 0.0074 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

City's proportionate share of the net pension liability

\$ 3,588,176

State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City

111,495

Total \$ 3,699,671

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$394,716 for its proportionate share of General Employees Plan's pension expense. In addition, the City recognized an additional \$8,350 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the General Employees Fund.

At December 31, 2019, the City reported its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and its contributions subsequent to the measurement date, from the following sources:

	(Deferred Dutflows Resources		Deferred Inflows Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	173,819	\$	8,015
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	Ψ	33,097	Ψ	339,898
Net Difference Between Projected and		,		•
Actual Earnings on Plan Investments		-		448,504
Changes in Proportion		76,217		380,789
Contributions to GERF Subsequent				
to the Measurement Date		173,137		
Total	\$	456,270	\$ ^	1,177,206

The \$173,137 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2020 2021 2022 2023 2024	\$ (254,319) (439,885) (205,651) 5,782
Total	\$ (894,073)

Police and Fire fund pension costs

At December 31, 2019, the City reported a liability of \$3,445,049 for its proportionate share of the Police and Fire Fund's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2018, through June 30, 2019, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2019, the City's proportionate share was 0.3236 percent, which was an increase of 0.0693 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the City recognized a pension expense of \$746,309 for its proportionate share of Police and Fire Plan's pension expense. The City also recognized \$43,686 for the year ended December 31, 2019 as pension expense and an offsetting reduction of net pension liability for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's on-behalf contributions to the plan. Legislation passed in 2013 required the State of Minnesota to begin contributing \$9 million to the Police and Fire Fund each year until the plan is 90 percent funded or until the State Patrol Plan (administered by the Minnesota State Retirement System) is 90 percent funded, whichever occurs later. In addition, the state will pay \$4.5 million on October 1, 2018 and October 1, 2019 in direct state aid. Thereafter, by October 1 of each year, the state will pay \$9 million until full funding is reached or July 1, 2048, whichever is earlier.

At December 31, 2019, the City reported its proportionate share of Police and Fire Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and its contributions subsequent to the measurement date, from the following sources.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences Between Expected and	ф 440.740	Ф сол оло
Actual Experience	\$ 149,718	\$ 691,318
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	3,014,539	3,922,162
Net Difference Between Projected and		
Actual Earnings on Plan Investments	-	546,434
Changes in Proportion	1,025,722	13,051
Contributions to PEPFF Subsequent	, ,	-,
to the Measurement Date	339,241_	
Total	\$ 4,529,220	\$ 5,172,965

The \$339,241 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2020	\$	(61,337)
2021		(267,401)
2022		(953,561)
2023		106,185
2024		193,128
Total	<u>\$</u>	(982,986)

E. Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using an individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method and the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation2.50% per yearActive Member Payroll Growth3.25% per yearInvestment Rate of Return7.50%

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors, and disabilitants were based on RP 2014 tables for males or females, as appropriate, with slight adjustments to fit PERA's experience. Cost of living benefit increases after retirement for retirees are assumed to be 1.25 percent per year for the General Employees Plan and 1.0 percent per year for the Police and Fire Plan.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The most recent four-year experience study in the General Employees Plan was completed in 2019. The most recent four-year experience study for Police and Fire Plan was completed in 2016. Economic assumptions were updated in 2018 based on a review of inflation and investment return assumptions.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2019:

General Employees Fund

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

• The employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively, decreasing from \$31.0 million to \$21.0 million per year. The State's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16.0 million due per year through 2031.

Police and Fire Fund

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

• The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Stocks Private Markets Fixed Income Inernational Equity Cash Equivalents	35.50 % 25.00 20.00 17.50 	5.10 % 5.90 0.75 5.90
Total	<u>100.00</u> %	

F. Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2019 was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota Statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the General Employees Fund and Police and Fire Fund were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Pension liability sensitivity

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

		City Proportionate Share of NPL				<u>L</u>	
		1 Percent			1 Percent		
	Decr	Decrease (6.50%)		Current (7.50%)		Increase (8.50%)	
General Employees Fund	\$	5,898,767	\$	3,588,176	\$	1,680,323	
Police and Fire Fund		7,530,237		3,445,049		67	

H. Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org.

Note 7: Defined Contribution Plan

Three part-time ambulance personnel of the City of White Bear Lake are covered by the Defined Contribution Plan (DCP), a multiple-employer deferred compensation plan administered by PERA. The DCP is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and all contributions by or on behalf of employees are tax deferred until time of withdrawal.

Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses, therefore, there is no future liability to the employer. *Minnesota statutes*, chapter 353d.03, specifies plan provisions, including the employee and employer contribution rates for those qualified personnel who elect to participate. For ambulance service personnel, employer contributions are determined by the employer, and for salaried employees contributions must be a fixed percentage of salary. Employer contributions for volunteer personnel may be a unit value for each call or period of alert duty. Employees who are paid for their services may elect to make member contributions in an amount not to exceed the employer share. Employer and employee contributions are combined and used to purchase shares in one or more of the seven accounts of the Minnesota Supplemental Investment Fund. For administering the plan, PERA receives 2.0 percent of employer contributions and twenty-five hundredths of 1 percent (0.25 percent) of the assets in each member's account annually.

Pension expense for the year is equal to contributions made. Total contributions made by the City during the fiscal year 2019 were:

Contribution Amount			ount	Percent Covered		
Emp	oloyee	Er	nployer	Employee	Employer	Required Rate
\$	50	\$	5,198	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%

The City and member's contributions to the DCP plan for the years ending December 31, 2019, 2018 and 2017 were \$5,198, \$12,083 and \$17,919, respectively.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the defined benefit plan administered by the City of White Bear Lake and additions to and deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

Note 8: Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Fire Relief Association

A. Plan description

All members of the White Bear Lake Fire Department (the Department) are covered by a defined benefit plan administered by the White Bear Lake Fire Department Relief Association (the Association). As of December 31, 2019, the plan covered 34 active firefighters and 56 vested terminated fire fighters whose pension benefits are deferred. The plan is a single employer retirement plan and is established and administered in accordance with Minnesota statute, chapter 69.

The Association maintains a separate Special fund to accumulate assets to fund the retirement benefits earned by the Department's membership. Funding for the Association is derived from an insurance premium tax in accordance with the Volunteer Firefighter's Relief Association Financing Guidelines Act of 1971 (chapter 261 as amended by chapter 509 of Minnesota statutes 1980). Funds are also derived from investment income.

B. Benefits provided

A fire fighter who completes at least 20 years as an active member of the Department is entitled, after age 50, to a full service pension upon retirement.

The bylaws of the Association also provide for an early vested service pension for a retiring member who has completed fewer than 20 years of service. The reduced pension, available to members with 10 years of service, shall be equal to 60 percent of the pension as prescribed by the bylaws. This percentage increases 4 percent per year so that at 20 years of service, the full amount prescribed is paid. Members who retire with less than 20 years of service and have reached the age of 50 years and have completed at least 10 years of active membership are entitled to a reduced service pension not to exceed the amount calculated by multiplying the member's service pension for the completed years of service times the applicable non-forfeitable percentage of pension.

C. Contributions

Minnesota statutes, chapters 424 and 424A authorize pension benefits for volunteer fire relief associations. The plan is funded by fire state aid, investment earnings and, if necessary, employer contributions as specified in Minnesota statutes and voluntary City contributions (if applicable). The State of Minnesota contributed \$248,007 in fire state aid to the plan on behalf of the City Fire Department for the year ended December 31, 2019, which was recorded as a revenue. Required employer contributions are calculated annually based on statutory provisions. The City's statutorily-required contributions to the plan for the year ended December 31, 2019 were \$0. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute. The City made no voluntary contributions to the plan. Furthermore, the firefighter has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

D. Pension costs

At December 31, 2018, the City reported a net pension asset of \$1,666,290 for the plan. The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of December 31, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) in accordance with GASB 68 was determined by Gabriel Roeder Smith & Company applying an actuarial formula to specific census data certified by the Department as of December 31, 2019. The following table presents the changes in net pension liability (asset) during the year.

	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a-b)
Beginning Balance January 1, 2018	\$ 5,096,518	\$ 7,023,488	\$ (1,926,970)
Changes for the Year			
Service cost	156,301	-	156,301
Interest on pension liability (asset)	253,096	-	253,096
Changes of benefit terms	406,243	-	406,243
Difference between expected and actual			
experience on pension liability (asset)	(466,686)	-	(466,686)
Changes of assumptions	(370,400)	-	(370,400)
Projected investment return	-	(479,034)	479,034
Contributions (employer)	-	241,116	(241,116)
Benefit payments	(381,789)	(381,789)	-
Administrative expenses	-	(45,208)	45,208
Other		1,000	(1,000)
Total Net Changes	(403,235)	(663,915)	260,680
Ending Balance December 31, 2018	\$ 4,693,283	\$ 6,359,573	\$ (1,666,290)

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$487,616.

At December 31, 2019, the City reported deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources, its contributions subsequent to the measurement date, related to pension from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences Between Expected and				
Actual Experience	\$	-	\$	486,193
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		63,458		308,667
Net Difference Between Projected and				
Actual Earnings on Plan Investments		306,416		-
Contributions to Plan Subsequent				
to the Measurement Date		248,007		
Total	\$	617,881	\$	794,860

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$248,007 related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 Thereafter	\$ (25,682) (147,096) (138,296) 25,603 (139,515)
Total	\$ (424,986)

E. Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability at December 31, 2018 was determined using the entry age normal actuarial cost method and the following actuarial assumptions:

Active Firefighters are assumed to retire at the later of age 53 and 20 years of service	
Salary increases	N/A
Investment Rate of Return	5.00%
20-Year Municipal Bond Yield	3.71%

The 20-year municipal bond yield actuarial assumption changed from 3.31% in 2017 to 3.71% in 2018. There were no other changes in actuarial assumptions in 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimates for expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of inflation) were developed for each asset class using the plan's target investment allocation along with long-term return expectations by asset class. Inflation expectations were applied to derive the nominal rate of return for the portfolio.

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	TargetAllocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Fixed Income International Fixed Income	30.00 % 5.00	1.10 % 1.40
Domestic Equity	45.00	5.00
International Equity Cash	15.00 5.00_	5.30 0.50
Total	100.00 %	

F. Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions to the plan will be made as specified in statute. Based on that assumption and considering the funding ratio of the plan, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Pension liability sensitivity

The following presents the City's net pension liability (asset) for the plan, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percent lower or 1 percent higher than the current discount rate:

	1 Percent Decrease (5.00	1 Percent Decrease (5.00%) Current (6.00%)		1 Percent Increase (7.00%)	
Defined benefit plan	\$ (1,207,66	35) \$	(1,666,290)	\$	(2,050,979)

H. Pension plan fiduciary net position

The Association issues a publicly available financial report. The report may be obtained by writing to the White Bear Lake Fire Department Relief Association, 4701 Highway 61 North, White Bear Lake, MN 55110.

Note 9: Inter-fund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

A. Due To and Due From Other Funds

The City has one interfund receivable/payable as of December 31, 2019. The loan was established to eliminate cash flow deficiencies. These loans are as follows:

Fund	Receivable		Payable	
License Bureau	\$	245,985	\$	-
Ambulance		-		245,985
	\$	245,985	\$	245,985

The internal balances amount on the Statement of Net Position represents the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to governmental and enterprise fund activities. This is a reconciliation adjustment and is not a formal due to and due from fund.

The Non-Bonded Fund and the HRA Tax Increment Pool Fund have internal advances from various funds as follows:

Fund	Receivable		Payable	
Insurance Fund	\$	400,000	\$ -	
Non-Bonded Debt Fund		-	400,000	
Economic Development Fund		750,000	-	
HRA Tax Increment Pool Fund		-	750,000	
Total	\$	1,150,000	\$ 1,150,000	

B. Transfers

The composition of inter-fund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2019 is as follows:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Am	ount	Purpose
General Fund	Water Fund Sewer Fund Refuse Fund Ambulance Fund Interim Construction Fund Non-Major Governmental Funds HRA Tax Increment Pool	1,	120,000 110,000 110,000 140,000 065,000 70,000 25,000 640,000	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)
Non-Bonded Debt Fund	G.O. Building Debt Fund Water Fund		204,341 125,000 329,341	(9) (4)
G.O. Building Debt Fund	Non-Bonded Debt Fund Non-Major Governmental Funds		400,000 155,000 555,000	(10) (8)
Interim Construction Fund	Non-Bonded Debt Fund Community Reinvestment Fund Non-Major Business-Type Fund		242,500 105,000 150,000 497,500	(2) (2) (2)
Municipal Building	Non-Major Governmental Funds		10,000	(6)
Ambulance Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds Non-Bonded Debt Fund		235,200 200,000 435,200	(12) (3)
Non-Major Governmental Funds	General Fund Community Reinvestment Fund HRA Tax Increment Pool Non-Bonded Debt Service Fund Insurance Fund Non-Major Business-Type Fund		25,000 30,000 135,000 502,776 235,000 160,000 087,776	(5) (2) (7) (7),(11) (7),(12) (7)
Total Transfers		\$ 5,	554,817	

- 1) Provide funding for professional and administrative services
- 2) Provide Funding for various capital improvement projects
- 3) Provide funding to stabilize fund balance
- 4) Provide funding to repay a loan to stabilize fund balance
- 5) Provide funding for Armory operations
- 6) Contribute resources to build reserves for future facility improvements
- 7) Provide funding for debt service payment obligations
- 8) Provide funding for the YMCA Bond internal funding payment
- 9) Close out the G.O. Building Debt Fund
- 10) Write off interfund loan with the G.O. Building Debt Fund and transfer the remaining balance of the interfund loan between the G.O. Building Debt Fund and the Insurance Fund to the Non-Bonded Debt Fund
- 11) Move special assessments received by the non-bonded debt service fund in 2018 that were applicable to the debt issue
- 12) Provide funding for the purchase of capital equipment

Note 10: Note Receivable

On December 11, 2017, the City entered into an agreement with the White Bear Lake Area Hockey Association to share the cost of the Sports Center Renovation. The Association agreed to provide up to \$2,500,000 in cost sharing for the project, \$500,000 of which was fronted as an initial contribution to the project. The annual interest rate is 3.27%. Annual principal and interest payments are due December 1 of each year and are summarized below:

Year Ending December 31	Principal Principal		Interest		Total
2020	\$ 78,95	S	58,860	\$	137,810
2021	81,53	1	56,278		137,810
2022	84,19	7	53,612		137,810
2023	86,95)	50,859		137,810
2024	89,79	4	48,016		137,810
2024 - 2028	494,98	1	194,067		689,048
2029 - 2033	581,37	9	107,669		689,048
2034 - 2038	302,21	3	16,961		319,179
Total	\$ 1,800,00) \$	586,322	\$	2,386,322

Note 11: Components of Fund Balance

At December 31, 2019, portions of the City's fund balance are not available for appropriation due either not being in spendable form (Non-spendable); a prepaid item or has legal restrictions (Restricted); and/or being held because of City Council action (Committed). The following is a summary of the components of fund balance:

	General	Non-Bonded Debt	Interim Construct.	Municipal Building	HRA Tax Increment	Comm. Reinvest.	Non-Major	Total
Nonspendable Prepaid items	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,400
Restricted								
Debt Service		-	-	-	-	-	1,148,411	1,148,411
Total Restricted		-	-	-	-	-	1,148,411	1,148,411
Committed								
Armory	-	-	-	-	-	-	48,160	48,160
Marina	-	-	-	-	-	-	222,160	222,160
Forfeiture	-	-	-	-	-	-	54,045	54,045
Sports Center	-	-	-	-	-	-	264,837	264,837
Advances	-	-	-	-	-	-	750,000	750,000
Capital Improvement	-	-	-	924,875	-	7,804,084	3,569,144	12,298,103
Economic Devevelopment		-	-	-	-	-	2,509,228	2,509,228
Total Committed		-	-	924,875	-	7,804,084	7,417,574	16,146,533
Assigned								
Capital Improvement	-	-	4,400,538	-	-	-	-	4,400,538
Surface Water	-	-	-	-	-	-	835,054	835,054
Debt Service		404,761	-	-	-	-	-	404,761
Total Assigned	-	404,761	4,400,538	-	-	-	835,054	5,640,353
Unassigned	4,902,116	-		-	(57,808)) -	-	4,844,308
Total	\$ 4,902,116	\$ 404,761	\$ 4,400,538	\$ 924,875	\$ (57,808)) \$ 7,804,084	\$ 9,403,439	\$ 27,782,005

Note 12: Other Commitments and Contingencies

In connection with the normal conduct of its affairs, the City is involved in various claims, litigation and judgments. It is expected that the final settlement of these matters will not materially affect the financial condition of the City.

The City Attorney has indicated that existing and pending lawsuits, claims and other actions in which the City is a defendant are either covered by insurance; of an immaterial amount; or, in the judgment of the City attorney, remotely recoverable by plaintiffs.

Note 13: Federally Assisted Programs - Compliance Audits

The City receives financial assistance from Federal and State governmental agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the applicable fund.

However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the City at December 31, 2019.

Note 14: Risk Management

The City established the Insurance Fund to account for losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or natural disaster. The Insurance Fund provides for losses up to \$25,000 for each claim (annual aggregate is \$100,000). The City purchases commercial insurance coverage above the deductible amount through the League of Minnesota Insurance Trust with other cities in the State. This is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program. The City pays an annual premium to the League for its insurance coverage. The League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust is self-sustaining through member premiums and re-insures through commercial companies for excess claims. The City is covered through the pool for any claims incurred but unreported, but retains risk for the deductible portion of its insurance policies. The amount of the deductibles is considered immaterial to the financial statements.

There were no significant reductions in insurance from the previous year or settlements in excess of insurance coverage for any of the past three fiscal years.

The City's workers compensation insurance policy changed from the retrospectively rated premium to a deductible premium option as of February 1, 2019. Transactions related to workers compensation insurance are reported in the Employment Expense Fund.

The Insurance and Employment Expense Funds are presented as internal service funds. All funds of the City participate in the programs and make payments to the Insurance and Employment Expense fund based on historical cost information. At December 31, 2019, there is no liability reported in the funds based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

Note 15: Other Post-Employment Benefits

A. Plan description

The City's defined benefit OPEB plan provides a single-employer defined benefit health care plan to eligible retirees. The plan offers medical coverage. Medical coverage is administered by Medica. Dental coverage is administered by Health Partners. It is the City's policy to periodically review its medical coverage and to obtain requests for proposals in order to provide the most favorable benefits and premiums for City employees and retirees. No assets are accumulated in a trust.

B. Benefits provided

The plan is required by State Statute to provide healthcare insurance for eligible retirees and their spouses through the City's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members. Retirees reimburse the city of the total cost of their healthcare insurance, plus a two percent administrative fee.

C. Contributions

Retirees contribute to the health care plan at the same rate as City employees. This results in the retirees receiving an implicit rate subsidy. Contribution requirements are established by the City, based on the contract terms with Medica and Health Partners. The required contributions are based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For the year 2019, the City contributed \$0 to the plan.

D. Members

As of December 31, 2019, the following were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Active employees			
Total	86		

E. Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Key Methods and Assumptions Used in Valuation of Total OPEB Liability

Investment rate of return 3.50%, net of investment expense

Salary increases 3.50% to 11.50% for General Employees;

3.50% to 12.50% for Police and Fire

Employees

Inflation 2.50%

Healthcare cost trend increases 9.0% initially, gradually decreasing to an

ultimate rate of 3.5% in year 10

Mortality assumption

RP-2014 annuitant generational mortality table, projected with scale MP-2015 from a base year of 2014 (MP-2016 from a base year of 2006 for Police and Fire employees)

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2017 - December 31, 2017.

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.75% based on the estimated yield of 20-Year-AA-rated municipal bonds.

F. Total OPEB liability

The City's total OPEB liability of \$1,341,760 was measured as of December 31, 2019, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Changes in the total OPEB liability are as follows:

	Total OPEB Liability	
Balances at January 1, 2019	\$	951,784
Changes for the year		
Service cost		46,821
Interest		34,686
Differences between expected and actual		
economic experience		187,941
Changes of assumptions		201,075
Benefit payments		(80,547)
Net changes		389,976
Balances at December 31, 2019	\$	1,341,760

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.71% in 2018 to 2.75% in 2019.

G. OPEB liability sensitivity

The following presents the City's total OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.75% as well as the liability measured using 1% lower and 1% higher than the current discount rate.

T	otal OPEB Liability/(Asset	·)
1% decrease (1.75%)	Current (2.75%)	1% increase (3.75%)
\$ 1,463,997	\$ 1,341,760	\$ 1,231,610

CITY OF WHITE BEAR LAKE, MINNESOTA Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower and 1% higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

Total OPEB Liability/(Asset)						
1% decrease	Current	1% increase				
(8.0% decreasing to 2.5%)	(9.0% decreasing to 3.5%)	(10.0% decreasing to 4.5%)				
\$ 1,210,429	\$ 1,341,760	\$ 1,492,912				

H. OPEB expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$34,355. At December 31, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	170,430 182,341	\$	2,382 22,501		
Total	\$	352,771	\$	24,883		

CITY OF WHITE BEAR LAKE, MINNESOTA Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2019

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Total
2020	\$ 33,395
2021	33,395
2022	33,395
2023	33,395
2024	33,395
2025	33,395
2026	33,395
Thereafter	94,123
Total	\$ 327,888

Note 16: Conduit Debt Obligations

From time to time, the City has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial, commercial, and educational facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans.

Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the City, State, any political subdivision thereof, is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of December 31, 2019, there were twenty-five series of Industrial Revenue Bonds outstanding.

The aggregate principal amount payable for the eighteen series issued after July 1, 1995, was estimated to be \$82,506,579.

The aggregate principal amount payable for the seven series issued prior to July 1, 1995, could not be determined; however, their original amount totaled \$27,105,000.

Note 17: Subsequent Events

On May 12, 2020, the City Council approved the issuance of General Obligation Bonds, Series 2020A in the amount of \$4,880,000 to finance the 2020 Street Improvement Projects, water system improvements, and capital equipment purchases.

In December 2019, a novel strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) surfaced. The spread of COVID-19 around the world in the first quarter of 2020 has caused significant volatility in U.S. and international markets. There is significant uncertainty around the breadth and duration of business disruptions related to COVID-19, as well as its impact on the U.S. and international economies and, as such, the City is unable to determine if it will have a material impact to its operations.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF WHITE BEAR LAKE WHITE BEAR LAKE, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Schedule of Employer's Share of PERA Net Pension Liability - General Employees Fund

						City's	
			State's			Proportionate	
			Proportionate			Share of the	
		City's	Share of			Net Pension	
		Proportionate	the Net Pension			Liability as a	Plan Fiduciary
	City's	Share of	Liability		City's	Percentage of	Net Position
Fiscal	Proportion of	the Net Pension	Associated with		Covered	Covered	as a Percentage
Year	the Net Pension	Liability	the City	Total	Payroll	Payroll	of the Total
Ending	Liability	(a)	(b)	(a+b)	(c)	((a+b)/c)	Pension Liability
6/30/2019	0.0649 %	\$ 3,588,176	\$ 111,495	3,699,671	\$ 4,708,610	78.6 %	80.2 %
6/30/2018	0.0723	4,010,908	131,615	4,142,523	4,743,584	87.3	79.5
6/30/2017	0.0734	4,685,808	58,907	4,744,715	4,549,458	104.3	75.9
6/30/2016	0.0684	5,553,741	72,541	5,626,282	4,421,512	127.2	68.9
6/30/2015	0.0717	3,715,866	-	3,715,866	4,381,773	84.8	78.2

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Schedule of Employer's PERA Contributions - General Employees Fund

		Contributions in			
		Relation to the			
	Statutorily	Statutorily	Contribution	City's	Contributions as
	Required	Required	Deficiency	Covered	a Percentage of
Year	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Covered Payroll
Ending	(a)	(b)	(a-b)	(c)	(b/c)
12/31/2019	\$ 343,333	\$ 343,333	-	4,577,773	7.5 %
12/31/2018	357,270	357,270	-	4,763,600	7.5
12/31/2017	355,409	355,409	-	4,738,783	7.5
12/31/2016	328,868	328,868	-	4,384,906	7.5
12/31/2015	327,158	327,158	-	4,362,107	7.5

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - General Employees Fund

Changes in actuarial assumptions

- 2019 The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.
- 2018 The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017. The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.25 percent per year.
- 2017 The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.8 percent for active members and 60 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now 0.0 percent for active member liability, 15.0 percent for vested deferred member liability and 3.0 percent for non-vested deferred member liability. The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year for all years to 1.0 percent per year through 2044 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.
- 2016 The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2035 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year for all future years. The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9 percent to 7.5 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.9 percent to 7.5 percent. Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth and 2.50 percent for inflation.
- 2015 The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2030 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year through 2035 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.

Changes in plan provisions

2019 - The employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively, decreasing from \$31.0 million to \$21.0 million per year. The state's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16.0 million due per year through 2031.

2018 - The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a five-year period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024. Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018. Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply. Contribution stabilizer provisions were repealed. Postretirement benefit increases were changed from 1.00 percent per year with a provision to increase to 2.50 percent upon attainment of 90.00 percent funding ratio to 50.00 percent of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.00 percent and not more than 1.50 percent, beginning January 1, 2019. For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches normal retirement age; does not apply to Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors. Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

2017 - The State's contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund equals \$16,000,000 in 2017 and 2018, and \$6,000,000 thereafter. The Employer Supplemental Contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund changed from \$21,000,000 to \$31,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031. The state's contribution changed from \$16,000,000 to \$6,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031.

2015 - On January 1, 2015, the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increased the fiduciary plan net position by \$892 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised.

Schedule of Employer's Share of PERA Net Pension Liability - Police and Fire Fund

						City's	
			State's			Proportionate	
			Proportionate			Share of the	
		City's	Share of			Net Pension	
		Proportionate	the Net Pension			Liability as a	Plan Fiduciary
	City's	Share of	Liability		City's	Percentage of	Net Position
Fiscal	Proportion of	the Net Pension	Associated with		Covered	Covered	as a Percentage
Year	the Net Pension	Liability	the City	Total	Payroll	Payroll	of the Total
Ending	Liability	(a)	(b)	(a+b)	(c)	((a+b)/c)	Pension Liability
6/30/2019	0.2442 %	\$ 3,445,049	-	3,445,049	\$ 3,277,385	105.1 %	89.3 %
6/30/2018	0.2543	2,710,576	-	2,710,576	2,808,744	96.5	88.8
6/30/2017	0.2540	3,429,302	-	3,429,302	2,514,962	136.4	85.4
6/30/2016	0.2500	10,032,935	-	10,032,935	2,503,201	400.8	63.9
6/30/2015	0.2530	2,874,672	-	2,874,672	2,114,755	135.9	86.6

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Schedule of Employer's PERA Contributions - Police and Fire Fund

		Contributions in			
		Relation to the			
	Statutorily	Statutorily	Contribution	City's	Contributions as
	Required	Required	Deficiency	Covered	a Percentage of
Year	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Covered Payroll
Ending	(a)	(b)	(a-b)	(c)	(b/c)
12/31/2019	\$ 657,326	\$ 657,326	\$ -	3,878,029	17.0 %
12/31/2018	474,595	474,595	-	2,929,599	16.2
12/31/2017	408,224	408,224	-	2,519,899	16.2
12/31/2016	402,054	402,054	-	2,481,816	16.2
12/31/2015	400,740	400,740	-	2,473,704	16.2

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - Public Employees Police and Fire Fund

Changes in actuarial assumptions

- 2019 The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.
- 2018 The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017.

2017 - Assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016 experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average 0.34 percent lower than the previous rates. Assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements. The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) load was 30 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 33 percent for vested members and 2 percent for non-vested members. The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the mortality tables assumed for healthy retirees. Assumed termination rates were decreased to 3.0 percent for the first three years of service. Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall. Assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65 percent to 60 percent. Assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older than females. The assumed percentage of female members electing joint and survivor annuities was increased. The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent for all years to 1.00 percent per year through 2064 and 2.50 percent thereafter. The single discount rate was changed from 5.6 percent to 7.5 percent.

2016 - The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2037 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year for all future years. The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9 percent to 7.5 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.9 percent to 5.6 percent. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth and 2.50 percent for inflation.

2015 - The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2030 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year through 2037 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.

Changes in plan provisions

2018 - As set by statute, the assumed post-retirement benefit increase was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2064 and 2.5 percent per year, thereafter, to 1.0 percent for all years, with no trigger. An end date of July 1, 2048 was added to the existing \$9.0 million state contribution. New annual state aid will equal \$4.5 million in fiscal years 2019 and 2020, and \$9.0 million thereafter until the plan reaches 100 percent funding, or July 1, 2048, if earlier. Member contributions were changed from 10.80 percent to 11.30 percent of pay, effective January 1, 2019 and 11.80 percent of pay, effective January 1, 2020. Employer contributions were changed from 16.20 percent to 16.95 percent of pay, effective January 1, 2019 and 17.70 percent of pay, effective January 1, 2020. Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018. Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply. Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

2017- Assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016 experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average 0.34 percent lower than the previous rates. Assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements. The combined service annuity (CSA) load was 30.00 percent for vested and non-vested, deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 33.00 percent for vested members and 2.00 percent for non-vested members. The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the mortality tables assumed for healthy retirees. Assumed termination rates were decreased to 3.00 percent for the first three years of service. Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall. Assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65.00 percent to 60.00 percent. Assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older than females. The assumed percentage of female members electing joint and survivor annuities was increased. The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent for all years to 1.00 percent per year through 2064 and 2.50 percent thereafter. The single discount rate was changed from 5.60 percent per annum to 7.50 percent per annum.

2015 - The post-retirement benefit increase to be paid after attainment of the 90 percent funding threshold was changed, from inflation up to 2.5 percent, to a fixed rate of 2.5 percent.

Schedule of Changes in the Fire Relief Association's Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios

		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Total pension liability Service cost Interest	\$	156,301 253,096	\$	151,749 253,714	\$	137,576 261,707	\$	133,569 249,002	\$	145,189 247,887
Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		406,243 (466,686) (370,400) (381,789)		- - (505,020)		(194,578) - (229,516)		190,378 (433,174)		(14,592) - (239,818)
Net change in total pension liability		(403,235)		(99,557)		(24,811)		139,775		138,666
Total pension liability - January 1		5,096,518		5,196,075		5,220,886		5,081,111	_	4,942,445
Total pension liability - December 31, (a)	\$	4,693,283	\$	5,096,518	\$	5,196,075	\$	5,220,886	\$	5,081,111
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Other Net change in plan fiduciary net position		241,116 (479,034) (381,789) (45,208) 1,000 (663,915)		232,194 966,600 (505,020) (29,980) 2,000 665,794		231,628 495,777 (229,516) (24,898) - 472,991		229,853 (293,258) (433,174) (32,395) 275 (528,699)		216,807 278,508 (239,818) (29,243) 137 226,391
Plan fiduciary net position - January 1	_	7,023,488	_	6,357,694	_	5,884,703	_	6,413,402	_	6,187,011
Plan fiduciary net position - December 31 (b)	\$	6,359,573	\$	7,023,488	\$	6,357,694	\$	5,884,703	\$	6,413,402
Fire Relief's net pension liability (asset) - December 31 (a-b)	\$	(1,666,290)	\$	(1,926,970)	\$	(1,161,619)	\$	(663,817)	\$	(1,332,291)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (b/a)		135.50%		137.81%		122.36%		112.71%		126.22%
Covered payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
Fire Relief's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit changes. There have been no plan changes since the January 1, 2018 valuation.

Changes of assumptions. In 2015, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted primarily from adjustments to expected retirement ages of general employees. In 2018, amounts reported as changes of assumptions resulted from an adjustment to the 20-year municipal bond rate. Teh assumed rate of investment was changed from 5.00 percent to 6.00 percents. The base mortality table for healthy and disabled annuitants was changed from teh RP-2000 fully generationsl table to teh RF-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2017.

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Schedule of Employer's Fire Relief Association Contributions

Year Ending	Actuarial Determined Contribution (a)		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (a-b)
12/31/18	\$ 87,55	54 \$ 241,116	(153,562)
12/31/17	83,38	35 232,194	(148,809)
12/31/16	55,67	72 231,628	(175,956)
12/31/15	53,02	21 229,853	(176,832)
12/31/14	130,89	216,807	(85,917)

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments Net change in total OPEB liability	\$ 2019 46,821 34,686 187,941 201,075 (80,547) 389,976	\$ 2018 48,139 31,391 (2,928) (27,655) (42,950) 5,997
Beginning of year	951,784	 945,787
End of year	\$ 1,341,760	\$ 951,784
Covered payroll	\$ 6,264,746	\$ 5,796,259
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered - employee payroll	21.42%	16.42%

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	Buc	dget		Variances with Final	
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget	
Revenues Property taxes	\$ 5,880,000	\$ 5,855,000	\$ 5,863,634	\$ 8,634	
Franchise fees	315,000	330,154	330,154		
License and permits					
Business license and permits	147,400	138,050	141,156	3,106	
Non-Business license and permits	603,000	609,100	739,086	129,986	
Total license and permits	750,400	747,150	880,242	133,092	
Fines	95,000	91,000	87,063	(3,937)	
Intergovernmental					
Federal grants	180,000	177,300	198,866	21,566	
State grants	1,835,297	1,868,687	1,905,579	36,892	
County grants	44,000	34,000	21,265	(12,735)	
Local grants	152,000	151,000	151,000	-	
Total intergovernmental	2,211,297	2,230,987	2,276,710	45,723	
Charges for services					
General government	500	500	445	(55)	
Public safety	488,000	484,000	479,580	(4,420)	
Public works	1,800	1,800	392	(1,408)	
Other	-	-	17,830	17,830	
Inspection services	140,000	140,000	161,838	21,838	
Total charges for services	630,300	626,300	660,085	33,785	
Interest	115,000	115,000	169,651	54,651	
Rental Income	65,000	37,315	42,070	4,755	
Refunds and reimbursements	3,000	350	4,117	3,767	
Donations	2,000	2,000	2,620	620	
Miscellaneous		4,065	46,939	42,874	
Total revenues	10,066,997	10,039,321	10,363,285	323,964	
Expenditures General government Mayor and Council					
Personal services	94,406	96,514	98,205	1,691	
Supplies	6,200	6,200	5,806	(394)	
Other services and charges	47,919	47,574	46,589	(985)	
Total Mayor and Council	148,525	150,288	150,600	312	
,	-,				

	Bud	dget		Variances with Final		
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget		
City Manager						
Personal services	\$ 347,416	\$ 357,391	\$ 356,552	\$ (839)		
Supplies	1,000	1,000	231	(769)		
Other services and charges	21,471	21,471	20,957	(514)		
Total city manager	369,887	379,862	377,740	(2,122)		
Finance						
Personal services	507,735	501,869	498,262	(3,607)		
Supplies	2,450	2,000	958	(1,042)		
Other services and charges	103,180	115,285	105,796	(9,489)		
Total finance	613,365	619,154	605,016	(14,138)		
Legal counselor						
Other services and charges	72,169	58,034	46,039	(11,995)		
City hall						
Personal services	170,469	170,354	170,995	641		
Supplies	20,450	19,320	16,241	(3,079)		
Other services and charges	125,163	127,128	118,221	(8,907)		
Total city hall	316,082	316,802	305,457	(11,345)		
Elections						
Other services and charges	58,771	59,911	59,409	(502)		
Total general government	1,578,799	1,584,051	1,544,261	(39,790)		
Community development						
Planning						
Personal services	327,003	310,531	310,765	234		
Supplies	2,425	1,825	291	(1,534)		
Other services and charges	29,208	25,808	19,740	(6,068)		
Total community development	358,636	338,164	330,796	(7,368)		

	D	d4		Variances
	Original	dget Final	Actual	with Final
Public safety	Original	Filial	Actual	Budget
Police				
Personal services	\$ 4,074,213	\$ 4,153,375	\$ 4,038,141	\$ (115,234)
Supplies	170,755	179,095	176,687	(2,408)
Other services and charges	226,621	230,626	245,992	15,366
Total police	4,471,589	4,563,096	4,460,820	(102,276)
Total police	4,471,303	4,505,050	+,+00,020	(102,210)
Dispatch				
Personal services	126,943	-	-	-
Other services and charges	200,000	203,000	204,158	1,158
Total dispatch	326,943	203,000	204,158	1,158
Animal control				
Personal services	15,655	14,227	10,760	(3,467)
Supplies	750	750	120	(630)
Other services and charges	7,000	6,050	4,773	(1,277)
Total animal control	23,405	21,027	15,653	(5,374)
Legal prosecution				
Personal services	970	970	258	(712)
Other services and charges	148,000	148,100	148,150	50
Total legal prosecution	148,970	149,070	148,408	(662)
Fire				
Personal services	635,700	662,111	614,936	(47,175)
Supplies	78,170	80.835	63,048	(17,787)
Other services and charges	188,725	187,375	176,395	(10,980)
Total fire	902,595	930,321	854,379	(75,942)
Total life	902,393	930,321	004,079	(73,342)
Emergency preparedness				
Supplies	5,550	6,415	3,783	(2,632)
Other services and charges	8,599	9,299	7,311	(1,988)
Total emergency preparedness	14,149	15,714	11,094	(4,620)
5		-		

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

For the	Year Ended	d December	31, 2019
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	Buc	dget		Variances with Final
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
Building and code enforcement				
Personal services	\$ 520,050	\$ 493,201	\$ 486,068	\$ (7,133)
Supplies	12,200	11,200	9,205	(1,995)
Other services and charges	82,223	81,273	95,838	14,565
Total building / code enforcement	614,473	585,674	591,111	5,437
Total public safety	6,502,124	6,467,902	6,285,623	(182,279)
Public works				
Shop				
Personal services	84,633	85,537	89,028	3,491
Supplies	13,000	15,120	15,610	490
Other services and charges	88,200	93,615	87,957	(5,658)
Total shop	185,833	194,272	192,595	(1,677)
Engineering				()
Personal services	674,677	569,777	559,832	(9,945)
Supplies	8,450	9,250	5,030	(4,220)
Other services and charges	71,117	65,717	53,569	(12,148)
Total engineering	754,244	644,744	618,431	(26,313)
Garage				
Personal services	86,099	89,026	87,732	(1,294)
Supplies	35,800	28,150	21,614	(6,536)
Other services and charges	23,570	24,320	13,609	(10,711)
Total garage	145,469	141,496	122,955	(18,541)
Streets				
Personal services	312,799	343,882	332,535	(11,347)
Supplies	75,750	83,675	68,195	(15,480)
Other services and charges	142,477	132,677	122,502	(10,175)
Total streets	531,026	560,234	523,232	(37,002)
Snow and ice removal				
Personal services	98,210	68,391	80,063	11,672
Supplies	98,000	98,400	100,128	1,728
Other services and charges	37,718	78,818	85,156	6,338
Total snow and ice removal	233,928	245,609	265,347	19,738
Street lighting				
Personal services	10,000	10,001	10,251	250
Supplies	13,100	13,100	10,735	(2,365)
Other services and charges	168,000	168,000	159,880	(8,120)
Total street lighting	191,100	191,101	180,866	(10,235)
Total public works	2,041,600	1,977,456	1,903,426	(74,030)
Parks and recreation				
Personal services	533,752	549,904	528,349	(21,555)
Supplies	72,635	74,735	68,650	(6,085)
Other services and charges	126,238	102,278	69,215	(33,063)
Total parks and recreation	732,625	726,917	666,214	(60,703)

	Buo Original	lget Final	Actual	Variances with Final Budget
Non-departmental				
General services	\$ 95,000	\$ 86,100	\$ 86,747	\$ 647
Contingency	14,220	14,220	34,411	20,191
Total non-departmental	109,220	100,320	121,158	20,838
Total expenditures	11,323,004	11,194,810	10,851,478	(343,332)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(1,256,007)	(1,155,489)	(488,193)	667,296
Other financing sources (uses)				
Sale of property	1,000	1,000	1,643	643
Transfers in	1,640,000	1,640,000	1,640,000	-
Transfers out	(25,000)	(25,000)	(25,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,616,000	1,616,000	1,616,643	643
Net change in fund balance	359,993	460,511	1,128,450	667,939
Fund balance - beginning	3,614,470	3,773,666	3,773,666	
Fund balance - ending	\$ 3,974,463	\$ 4,234,177	\$ 4,902,116	\$ 667,939

1. Budgetary Reporting

A. The Schedule

The budgetary comparison schedule presents the comparison of the original and legally amended budget with actual amounts on a departmental level for the General and Special Revenue funds. The departmental level budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The fund balance reports revenue in the period in which they become measurable and available.

B. Summary of Significant Budget Policies

The City Charter, Sections 5.03 through 5.09, sets forth the requirements that the City Manager must prepare and submit an annual budget to the City Council. The Council conducts informal budget discussions with the City Manager on an on-going basis. The Mayor, City Council, and citizens are asked to convey budget priorities to the City Manager prior to preparation of the proposed budget. The White Bear Lake City Charter requires the City Manager to enforce the provisions of the budget upon adoption. Minnesota State Law requires that the preliminary budget and proposed tax levy be approved by the City Council prior to September 30 of each year. State statutes require the preliminary property tax levy be certified to the County Auditor by September 30. Once the City adopts the proposed tax levy, the final tax levy can be decreased, but not increased, over the certified proposed tax levy. The City Council is required to adopt the final tax levy and submit the levy to the County Auditor by December 28.

C. Budget Amendments

After the budget resolution has been adopted, the Council, under Section 5.09 of the City Charter, shall have no power to increase the amounts fixed in the budget resolution, by insertion of new items or otherwise, beyond the estimated revenues, unless actual receipts exceed the estimates and then not beyond the actual receipts. The Council may at any time, by resolution, reduce the sums appropriated for any purpose by the budget resolution. The Council may, by four-fifths majority vote, authorize the transfer of sums from unencumbered balances of appropriations in the budget resolution to other purposes, except from dedicated funds, and subject to the limitations of the City Charter.

D. Budgetary Compliance

There were no budgetary compliance violations for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2019.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

CITY OF WHITE BEAR LAKE WHITE BEAR LAKE, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds December 31, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds					
	Surface Water					
		Pollution Armory Prevention				
Assets		7 1111101 y	•	TOVOITAGE	Marina	
Cash	\$	71,525	\$	835,598 \$	222,160	
Receivables:						
Unremitted special assessments		-		-	-	
Delinquent special assessments		-		-	-	
Unavailable special assessments		-		-	-	
Loans		-		-	-	
Accounts, net Intergovernmental		-		-	-	
Prepaid expenses		_		_	_	
Advances to other funds		_		-	_	
					_	
Total assets	\$	71,525	\$	835,598 \$	222,160	
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	2,790	\$	544 \$	-	
Deposits payable		850		-	-	
Intergovernmental		-		-	-	
Unearned revenue - other		19,725		-	-	
Total liabilities		23,365		544		
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Unavailable revenue -						
Special assessments		-		-	-	
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable		-		-	-	
Restricted		-		-	-	
Committed		48,160		-	222,160	
Assigned		-		835,054	-	
Total fund balances		48,160		835,054	222,160	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	_	_	_			
resources, and fund balances	\$	71,525	\$	835,598 \$	222,160	

	Sp	ecial	Revenue Fur	nds		Ī	Debt S	Service Fund	s	
F	orfeiture	Sp	orts Center		Economic evelopment	2 Special sessment		2 Refunding Increment		2016 Tax Increment
\$	55,887	\$	241,551	\$	2,125,859	\$ 30,156	\$	85,563	\$	29,427
	-		_		_	_		-		-
	-		-		9,463	-		-		-
	-		-		106,650	-		-		-
	-		-		394,554	-		-		-
	-		57,424		2,683	-		-		-
	-		· -		637	-		-		-
	_		_		-	-		_		-
	-		-		750,000	-		-		-
\$	55,887	\$	298,975	\$	3,389,846	\$ 30,156	\$	85,563	\$	29,427
\$	1,842	\$	15,102	\$	14,005 500	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
	-		108		-	-		-		-
	-		18,928		-	-		-		-
	1,842		34,138		14,505	 -		-		-
					440 440					
	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		116,113	 <u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
	-		-		-	-		-		-
	-		-		-	30,156		85,563		29,427
	54,045		264,837		3,259,228	-		-		-
	54,045		264,837		3,259,228	30,156		85,563		29,427
\$	55,887	\$	298,975	\$	3,389,846	\$ 30,156	\$	85,563	\$	29,427

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds December 31, 2019

	Debt Service Funds					
		8 General bligation		2018 Tax Abatement	lı	2019 mprovement Bonds
Assets Cash	\$	501,973	\$	145,028	\$	346,018
Receivables: Unremitted special assessments		8,543		-		1,703
Delinquent special assessments Unavailable special assessments		832 424,336		-		463,117
Loans Accounts, net		-		-		-
Intergovernmental Prepaid expenses		-		-		-
Advances to other funds				-		<u>-</u>
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	935,684	\$	145,028	\$	810,838
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$		\$	_	\$	_
Deposits payable Intergovernmental	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-
Unearned revenue - other Total liabilities		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue -		405.400				400 447
Special assessments		425,168		-		463,117
Fund Balances: Nonspendable		-		-		-
Restricted Committed		510,516 -		145,028		347,721 -
Assigned Total fund balances		510,516		145,028		347,721
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	•		•		•	0.47 75 :
resources, and fund balances	\$	510,516	\$	145,028	\$	347,721

	Capital Projects Funds								
lm	Park nprovement		Equipment Acquisition	lı	Sewer Water Improvement Improvement		Non-Major Governmental Funds		
\$	1,703,603	\$	1,098,060	\$	586,694	\$	370,714	\$	8,449,816
	-		-		-		-		10,246
	-		-		-		-		10,295
	-		-		-		-		994,103
	-		-		-		-		394,554
	2,232		-		13,280		1,526		77,145
	-		-		6,237		-		6,874
	-		2,400		-		-		2,400
	-		-		-		-		750,000
\$	1,705,835	\$	1,100,460	\$	606,211	\$	372,240	\$	10,695,433
\$	6,950	\$	39,078	\$	104,549	\$	24	\$	184,884
	34,145		13,650		-		-		49,145
	-		-		-		-		108
	-		-		13,280		1,526		53,459
	41,095		52,728		117,829		1,550		287,596
	-		-		-		-		1,004,398
	-		2,400		_		_		2,400
	-		-		-		-		1,148,411
	1,664,740		1,045,332		488,382		370,690		7,417,574
									835,054
	1,664,740		1,047,732		488,382		370,690		9,403,439
\$	1,705,835	\$	1,100,460	\$	606,211	\$	372,240	\$	10,695,433

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds Surface Water Pollution				
	Armory	Prevention	Marina		
Revenues					
General property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Tax Increment	-	-	-		
Licenses and permits	-	_	_		
Intergovernmental	-	112,397	_		
Charges for services	-	-	_		
Special assessments	-	_	_		
Investment income	1,646	_	3,889		
Rental and lease income	40,901	16,081	389,388		
Refunds and reimbursements	5,019	7,831	-		
Donations	-	7,001	_		
Dedicated fees	_	_	_		
Miscellaneous	_	_	_		
Total revenues	47,566	136,309	393,277		
Total revenues	47,500	130,309	393,211		
Expenditures					
Current					
General government	_	-	<u>-</u>		
Public safety	_	_	_		
Public works		107,265	_		
Parks and recreation	67,273	107,205	113,111		
Community development	01,213		113,111		
Capital outlay	_	-	-		
General government	-	-	-		
Public safety	-	-	-		
Public works	-	-	-		
Parks and recreation	-	-	-		
Community development	-	-	-		
Debt service					
Principal retired on bonded debt	-	-	-		
Interest and other expenditures	-		<u> </u>		
Total expenditures	67,273	107,265	113,111		
Fuence (definional) of revenues over					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	(10.707)	20.044	200.466		
(under) expenditures	(19,707)	29,044	280,166		
Other financing sources (uses)					
Sale of capital assets	_	_	_		
Bonds issued	_	_	_		
Premium on bonds issued			_		
Transfer in from other funds	25,000		_		
Transfer in form other funds Transfer (to) other funds	(10,000)	_	(225,000)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	15,000	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
rotal other illiancing sources (uses)	15,000	<u>-</u>	(225,000)		
Net change in fund balance	(4,707)	29,044	55,166		
Fund balance - beginning	52,867	806,010	166,994		
Fund balance - ending	\$ 48,160	\$ 835,054	\$ 222,160		

	Sp	ecial Revenue Fur	nds		Debt Service		
F	orfeiture	Sports Center	Economic Development	12 Special sessment	2012 Refunding Tax Increment	2016 Tax Increment	
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
	-	-	46,091	-	-		-
	-	-	-	-	-		-
	- -	558,602	36,746	-	-		-
	-	-	60,056	_	-		-
	1,239	4,683	46,963	325	1,477	790)
	<u>-</u>	16,975	417,801	-	-		-
	33,646	-	1,652	-	-		-
	-	153	-	-	-		-
	11,332	6,271	15,094	-	-		_
	46,217	586,684	624,403	325	1,477	790)
	53,786	-	-	-	-		-
	33,700	-	-	-	-		-
	-	592,639	-	_	-		-
	-	, -	510,612	-	-		-
	-	-	-	-	-		-
	-	-	-	-	-		_
	_	-	-	_	-		_
	-	-	865,794	-	-		-
	-	-	-	185,000	160,000	75,000	
	53,786	592,639	1,376,406	 22,153 207,153	15,500 175,500	56,188 131,188	
	33,700	332,003	1,070,400	 201,100	173,300	101,100	<u>, </u>
	(7,569)	(5,955)	(752,003)	(206,828)	(174,023)	(130,398	3)
	_	_	_	_	_		_
	-	-	-	-	-		-
	-	-	-	-	-		-
	-	-	-	225,000	160,000	135,000)
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	 225,000	160,000	135,000	<u>-</u>
		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	 223,000	100,000	155,000	<u></u>
	(7,569)	(5,955)	(752,003)	18,172	(14,023)	4,602	2
	61,614	270,792	4,011,231	 11,984	99,586	24,825	<u>5</u>
\$	54,045	\$ 264,837	\$ 3,259,228	\$ 30,156	\$ 85,563	\$ 29,427	7

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Debt Service Funds					
	2018 General Obligation	2018 Tax Abatement	2019 Improvement Bonds			
Revenues						
General property taxes	\$ 220,000) \$ -	\$ -			
Tax Increment		-	-			
Licenses and permits		-	-			
Intergovernmental		-	-			
Charges for services		-	-			
Special assessments	104,300) -	309,493			
Investment income	4,668	3,028	2,093			
Rental and lease income		-	-			
Refunds and reimbursements			-			
Donations			-			
Dedicated fees			_			
Miscellaneous			_			
Total revenues	328,96	3,028	311,586			
Total Toverlado		0,020	011,000			
Expenditures						
Current						
General government		_	_			
Public safety						
Public works		-	-			
Parks and recreation		-	-			
		-	-			
Community development		-	-			
Capital outlay						
General government		-	-			
Public safety			-			
Public works		-	-			
Parks and recreation		-	-			
Community development			-			
Debt service						
Principal retired on bonded debt		-	-			
Interest and other expenditures	216,952	2 119,208	56,358			
Total expenditures	216,952		56,358			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	112,010	(116,180)	255,228			
(anasi) expension		(110,100)	200,220			
Other financing sources (uses)						
Sale of capital assets		_	_			
Bonds issued			85,218			
Premium on bonds issued		-				
	077 77	105,000	7,275			
Transfer in from other funds	277,776	195,000	-			
Transfer (to) other funds	077.77					
Total other financing sources (uses)	277,770	5 195,000	92,493			
Net change in fund balance	389,792	2 78,820	347,721			
Fund balance - beginning	120,72		_			
i and balance - beginning	120,724	₹ 00,200				
Fund balance - ending	\$ 510,516	5 \$ 145,028	\$ 347,721			

	Total				
	Park rovement	Equipment Acquisition	Sewer Improvement	Water Improvement	Non-Major Governmental Funds
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 220,000
	-	-	-	-	46,091
	12,034	-	-	-	12,034
	40.040	195,000	-	-	307,397
	12,249	-	-	-	607,597 473,849
	50,258	37,531	10,414	11,588	180,592
	2,232	421,012	-	-	1,304,390
	-	258,597	6,237	-	312,982
	19,071	3,200	-	-	22,424
	37,634	-	89,040	90,380	217,054
	-	-	-	-	32,697
	133,478	915,340	105,691	101,968	3,737,107
	-	88,791	-	-	88,791
	-	109,675	-	-	163,461
	64.004	19,095	382	52,012	178,754
	61,994	3,039	-	-	838,056 510,612
	_	_	_	_	310,012
	-	13,976	-	-	13,976
	=	687,681	-	-	687,681
	- 04 070	71,649	119,550	44,823	236,022
	91,973	121,887	-	-	213,860
	-	-	-	-	865,794
	-	-	-	-	420,000
	-	-	-	-	486,359
	153,967	1,115,793	119,932	96,835	4,703,366
	(20,489)	(200,453)	(14,241)	5,133	(966,259)
	,	,	,		, , ,
	-	39,953	-	-	39,953
	-	-	-	-	85,218
	-	-	-	-	7,275
	30,000	40,000	-	-	1,087,776
	-	(235,200)	-	-	(470,200)
	30,000	(155,247)	-	-	750,022
	9,511	(355,700)	(14,241)	5,133	(216,237)
	1,655,229	1,403,432	502,623	365,557	9,619,676
\$	1,664,740	\$ 1,047,732	\$ 488,382	\$ 370,690	\$ 9,403,439

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Combining Statement of Net Position Non-Major Proprietary Funds December 31, 2019

	 License Bureau	Pioneer Manor	Total Non-Major Enterprise Funds
Assets			
Current Assets			
Cash	\$ 177,115 \$	303,287	\$ 480,402
Receivables:			
Accounts, net	-	1,524	1,524
Advances to other funds	 245,985	-	245,985
Total current assets	 423,100	304,811	727,911
Capital Assets			
Land	-	410,285	410,285
Buildings	5,760	2,437,134	2,442,894
Equipment	21,569	160,023	181,592
Less accumulated depreciation	 (26,988)	(1,542,349)	(1,569,337)
Total net capital assets	341	1,465,093	1,465,434
Total noncurrent assets	 341	1,465,093	1,465,434
Total assets	 423,441	1,769,904	2,193,345
Deferred outflows of resources			
Deferred pension resources	 55,669	-	55,669
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	290	59,015	59,305
Intergovernmental payable	204	-	204
Deposits payable	-	32,425	32,425
Unearned revenue	-	755	755
Total current liabilities	 494	92,195	92,689
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Pension liability	 437,788	-	437,788
Total liabilities	 438,282	92,195	530,477
Deferred inflows of resources			
Deferred pension resources	 143,629	-	143,629
Net Position			
Investment in capital assets	341	1,465,093	1,465,434
Unrestricted net assets	 (103,142)	212,616	109,474
Total net position	\$ (102,801) \$	1,677,709	\$ 1,574,908

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Non-Major Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	License Bureau			Pioneer Manor	tal Non-Major Enterprise Funds
Operating revenues					
Charges for services	\$	970,729	\$	-	\$ 970,729
Rent		-		399,896	399,896
Other		1,019		50	1,069
Total operating revenues		971,748		399,946	1,371,694
Operating expenses					
Personal services		811,286		-	811,286
Supplies		10,457		24,973	35,430
Other services and charges		37,573		212,547	250,120
Depreciation		584		80,545	81,129
Total operating expenses		859,900		318,065	1,177,965
Operating income (loss)		111,848		81,881	193,729
Nonoperating revenues					
Investment income		6,548		4,292	10,840
Intergovernmental		204,171		· -	204,171
Miscellaneous revenues		718		2,788	3,506
Total nonoperating revenues		211,437		7,080	218,517
Income (loss) before transfers		323,285		88,961	412,246
Transfers (to) other funds		(150,000)		(160,000)	(310,000)
Change in net position		173,285		(71,039)	102,246
Net position - beginning		(276,086)		1,748,748	1,472,662
Net position - ending	\$	(102,801)	\$	1,677,709	\$ 1,574,908

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Combining Statement of Cash Flows Non-Major Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		License Bureau		Pioneer Manor	To	otal Non-Major Enterprise Funds
Cash flows from operating activities			_			
Receipts from customers	\$	976,732	\$	400,526	\$	1,377,258
Payments to vendors		(50,645)		(210,471)		(261,116)
Payments to employees Other receipts		(773,478) 1,019		50		(773,478) 1,069
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		153,628		190,105		343,733
the control (acce, a) specially accessed		,				
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities						
Intergovernmental receipts		204,171		-		204,171
Proceeds from (payments on) advances to other funds		(100,675)		- (400 000)		(100,675)
Transfers (to) other funds		(150,000)		(160,000)		(310,000)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital		(46 504)		(160,000)		(206 504)
financing activities		(46,504)		(160,000)		(206,504)
Cash flows from investing activities						
Investment income received		6,548		4,292		10,840
						_
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		113,672		34,397		148,069
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		63,443		268,890		332,333
				·		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	177,115	\$	303,287	\$	480,402
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating						
activities:	•		•	0.4.00.4	•	400 -00
Operating income (loss)	\$	111,848	\$	81,881	\$	193,729
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided						
(used) by operating activities:						
Depreciation		584		80,545		81,129
Miscellaneous		718		2,788		3,506
(Increase) decrease in assets/deferred outflows of resource	es			,		-,
Accounts receivable		5,285		(1,423)		3,862
Deferred outflows in pension resources		38,620		-		38,620
Increase (decrease) in liabilities/deferred inflows of resour	ces					
Accounts payable		(2,549)		27,049		24,500
Due to governments		(66)				(66)
Deposits payable		-		(800)		(800)
Deferred inflows in pension resources		19,341		-		19,341
Unearned revenue		(20.452)		65		65 (20.153)
Pension liability		(20,153)		-		(20,153)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	153,628	\$	190,105	\$	343,733

	(Budget Original Final			 Actual	Wi	riances th Final Budget
Revenues							
Rental income	\$	38,300	\$	43,550	\$ 36,032	\$	(7,518)
Lease income		4,250		618	4,869		4,251
Investment income		-		-	1,646		1,646
Refunds and reimbursements		2,000		4,300	 5,019		719
Total revenues		44,550		48,468	 47,566		(902)
Expenditures							
Parks and recreation							
Personal services		35,706		36,822	35,444		(1,378)
Materials and supplies		5,225		3,350	2,554		(796)
Other services and charges		26,525		29,110	29,275		165
Total expenditures		67,456		69,282	67,273		(2,009)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(22,906)		(20,814)	 (19,707)		1,107
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers from other funds		25,000		25,000	25,000		-
Transfer (to) other funds		(10,000)		(10,000)	(10,000)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		15,000		15,000	15,000		-
Net change in fund balance		(7,906)		(5,814)	(4,707)		1,107
Fund balance - beginning		51,149		52,867	 52,867		
Fund balance - ending	\$	43,243	\$	47,053	\$ 48,160	\$	1,107

	Budget						Variances with Final		
		Original	Final		Actual		E	Budget	
Revenues		_							
Intergovernmental	\$	90,000	\$	112,400	\$	112,397	\$	(3)	
Interest income		-		-		16,081		16,081	
Refunds and reimbursements				7,500		7,831		331	
Total revenues		90,000		119,900		136,309		16,409	
Expenditures									
Public works									
Personal services		51,379		51,296		46,184		(5,112)	
Materials and supplies		29,400		5,500		4,271		(1,229)	
Other services and charges		48,900		87,275		56,810		(30,465)	
Total expenditures		129,679		144,071		107,265		(36,806)	
Net change in fund balance		(39,679)		(24,171)		29,044		53,215	
Fund balance - beginning		775,419		806,010		806,010			
Fund balance - ending	\$	735,740	\$	781,839	\$	835,054	\$	53,215	

D	Origir	Budget nal	Final	Actual	Variances with Final Budget		
Revenues Rental income Interest income Total revenues		3,000 \$	388,000	\$ 389,388 3,889 393,277	\$	1,388 3,889 5,277	
Expenditures Parks and recreation Personal services Materials and supplies Other services and charges Total expenditures	5 93	0,765 5,500 8,750 0,015	26,030 6,500 102,405 134,935	22,383 4,033 86,695 113,111		(3,647) (2,467) (15,710) (21,824)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	277	7,985	253,065	280,166		27,101	
Other Financing Uses Transfer (to) other funds	(225	5,000)	(225,000)	 (225,000)			
Net change in fund balance	52	2,985	28,065	55,166		27,101	
Fund balance - beginning	152	2,633	166,994	166,994			
Fund balance - ending	\$ 205	5,618 \$	195,059	\$ 222,160	\$	27,101	

		Bud	dget			Variances with Final		
	(Original		Final	Actual		E	Budget
Revenues				_		_		
Miscellaneous	\$	61,000	\$	10,000	\$	11,332	\$	1,332
Interest income		-		-		1,239		1,239
Refunds and reimbursements				30,000		33,646		3,646
Total revenues		61,000		40,000		46,217		6,217
Expenditures								
Current								
Public safety								
Materials and supplies		7,000		23,000		16,170		(6,830)
Other services and charges		8,000		38,650		37,616		(1,034)
Total expenditures		15,000		61,650		53,786	-	(7,864)
Net change in fund balance		46,000		(21,650)		(7,569)		14,081
Fund balance - beginning		56,518		61,614		61,614		-
Fund balance - ending	\$	102,518	\$	39,964	\$	54,045	\$	14,081

	Budget						Variances with Final	
	(Original		Final	Actual		Budget	
Revenues		_		_		_		_
Charges for services	\$	498,000	\$	500,300	\$	558,602	\$	58,302
Interest income		-		-		4,683		4,683
Rental income		3,500		15,500		16,975		1,475
Donations		_		150		153		3
Miscellaneous		11,500		7,500		6,271		(1,229)
Total revenues		513,000		523,450		586,684		63,234
Expenditures								
Parks and recreation								
Personal services		371,821		375,196		369,682		(5,514)
Materials and supplies		30,035		30,478		28,929		(1,549)
Other services and charges		172,513		210,027		194,028		(15,999)
Total expenditures		574,369		615,701		592,639		(23,062)
Net change in fund balance		(61,369)		(92,251)		(5,955)		86,296
Fund balance - beginning		249,017		228,262		270,792		42,530
Fund balance - ending	\$	187,648	\$	136,011	\$	264,837	\$	128,826

	Budget						Variances with Final	
		Original		Final		Actual		Budget
Revenues								
Tax increment	\$	20,000	\$	42,100	\$	46,091	\$	-
Charges for services								
Farmer's Market		5,000		5,040		5,760		720
Loan repayments		72,500		72,500		30,986		(41,514)
Special assessments		62,200		62,900		60,056		(2,844)
Rental income		387,500		397,100		417,801		20,701
Miscellaneous		1,100		15,069		15,094		25
Interest income		-		-		46,963		46,963
Refunds and reimbursements						1,652		1,652
Total revenues		548,300		594,709		624,403		25,703
Expenditures								
Community Development								
Personal services		133,320		153,637		138,683		(14,954)
Materials and supplies		2,000		30,085		28,006		(2,079)
Other services and charges		411,375		412,177		343,923		(68,254)
Capital outlay		-		865,000		865,794		794
Total expenditures		546,695		1,460,899		1,376,406		(84,493)
Net change in fund balance		1,605		(866,190)		(752,003)		114,187
Fund balance - beginning		2,810,887		2,817,177		4,011,231		1,194,054
Fund balance - ending	\$ 2	2,812,492	\$	1,950,987	\$	3,259,228	\$	1,308,241

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds December 31, 2019

			E	Employment		T	otal Internal
	I	nsurance		Expense	Engineering	Se	ervice Funds
Assets							_
Current Assets							
Cash	\$	2,121,185	\$	2,379,139	\$ -	\$	4,500,324
Receivables:							
Intergovernmental		-		13,396	-		13,396
Prepaid expenses		-		2,610	-		2,610
Total current assets		2,121,185		2,395,145	-		4,516,330
Noncurrent assets							
Advances to other funds		400,000		-	-		400,000
Total assets		2,521,185		2,395,145			4,916,330
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Deferred other postemployment benefit resources		-		352,771	-		352,771
Liabilities							
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts payable		20,224		16,465	-		36,689
Accrued wages payable		-		278,567	-		278,567
Compensated absences payable				490,958	-		490,958
Total current liabilities		20,224		785,990	-		806,214
Noncurrent Liabilities:							
Compensated absences payable		-		591,849	-		591,849
Net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability		-		1,341,760	-		1,341,760
Total noncurrent liabilities		-		1,933,609	-		1,933,609
Total liabilities		20,224		2,719,599	-		2,739,823
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Deferred other postemployment benefit resources		-		24,883	_		24,883
Net Position							
Unrestricted	\$	2,500,961	\$	3,434	\$ -	\$	2,504,395

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		nauranaa	ļ	Employment			_	tal Internal
Operating revenues	!	nsurance		Expense		Engineering	Sei	vice runus
Charges for services	\$	455,835	\$	3,041,466	\$	_	\$	3,497,301
Premium reimbursement	Ψ	74,227	Ψ	1,033	Ψ	_	Ψ	75,260
Total operating revenues		530,062		3,042,499		-		3,572,561
Operating expenses								
Personal services		-		3,188,359		-		3,188,359
Supplies		507		-		-		507
Other services and charges		436,922		42,221		-		479,143
Total operating expenses		437,429		3,230,580		-		3,668,009
Operating income (loss)		92,633		(188,081)		-		(95,448)
Nonoperating revenues								
Investment income		39,879		44,270		-		84,149
Intergovernmental		-		17,350		-		17,350
Miscellaneous		20,000		16		-		20,016
Gain on disposal of capital assets		3,650		-		-		3,650
Total nonoperating revenues		63,529		61,636		-		125,165
Income (loss) before transfers		156,162		(126,445)		-		29,717
Transfers in		-		-		431,303		431,303
Transfers (out)		(235,000)		-		-		(235,000)
Change in net position		(78,838)		(126,445)		431,303		226,020
Net position - beginning		2,579,799		129,879		(431,303)		2,278,375
Net position - ending	\$	2,500,961	\$	3,434	\$	-	\$	2,504,395

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from other funds \$45.25 \$3.045,845 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.05 \$4.		Insurance	E	Employment Expense	Engineering	Total Internal Service Funds
Payments to vendors				•	<u> </u>	
Payments to other governments		\$	\$			
Payments to employees 94.227 1.049 98.276 Other receipts 94.227 1.049 98.276 Net cash provided (used) by operating activities 113,515 (26.650) (6.483) 80.382 Cash flows from capital financing activities 3,650 -		(436,547)			(6,483)	
Commentation	,	-			-	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities 113,515		-			-	
Cash flows from capital financing activities	·				(0.400)	
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets 3,650 - - 3,650	Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	 113,515		(26,650)	(6,483)	80,382
Cash flows from investing activities Investment income received 39,879 44,270 84,149 Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Intergovernmental receipts - 17,350 - 17,350 Decrease in advances to other funds 215,000 - - 215,000 Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities (20,000) 17,350 - (265,000) Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 137,044 34,970 (6,483) 165,531 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 1,984,141 2,344,169 6,483 4,334,793 Cash and cash equivalents at end of year \$ 2,121,185 \$ 2,379,139 \$ \$ 4,500,324 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) \$ 92,633 \$ (188,081) \$ \$ (95,448) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) \$ 92,633 \$ (188,081) \$ \$ (95,448) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) \$ 92,633 \$ (188,081) \$ \$ (95,448) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) \$ 92,633 \$ (188,081) \$ \$ (95,448) Algustments to reconcile operating income (loss) \$ 92,633						
Investment income received 39,879 44,270 - 84,149	Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	 3,650		-	-	3,650
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities 1 17,350 1 17,350 Decrease in advances to other funds 215,000 - 215,000 Transfers (to) other funds (235,000) - - 215,000 Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities (20,000) 17,350 - (235,000) Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 137,044 34,970 (6,483) 165,531 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 1,984,141 2,344,169 6,483 4,334,793 Cash and cash equivalents at end of year \$ 2,121,185 \$ 2,379,139 \$ \$ \$ 4,500,324 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: \$ 92,633 (188,081) \$ \$ \$ (95,448) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) \$ 92,633 \$ (188,081) \$ \$ \$ (95,448) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) \$ 20,000 16 \$ 2 20,016 (Increase) decrease in assets/deferred outflows of resources \$ 20,000 16 \$ 2 20,016 Accounts receivable \$ 4,379 \$ 4,379 \$ 4,379 Deferred outf						
Intergovernmental receipts	Investment income received	 39,879		44,270		84,149
Decrease in advances to other funds 215,000 - - 215,000 177,350 - (235,000) 177,350 - (235,000) 177,350 - (235,000) 177,350 - (235,000) 177,350 - (235,000) 177,350 - (235,000) 177,350 - (235,000) 177,350 - (235,000) 177,350 - (235,000) 177,350 - (235,000) 177,350 - (235,000) 177,350 - (235,000) 177,350 - (235,000) 177,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (235,000) 187,350 - (2						
Transfers (to) other funds Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities (235,000) - - (235,000) Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 137,044 34,970 (6,483) 165,531 Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 1,984,141 2,344,169 6,483 4,334,793 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: 2,121,185 2,379,139 - \$ 4,500,324 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: \$ 92,633 (188,081) - \$ (95,448) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: 20,000 16 - 20,016 (Increase) decrease in assets/deferred outflows of resources 20,000 16 - 20,016 (Increase) decrease in assets/deferred outflows of resources - 4,379 - 4,379 Due from governments - (12,951) - (12,951) Prepaid expenses - (144) - (144) Deferred outflows in OPEB resources - (352,771)	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-		17,350	-	
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities (20,000) 17,350 - (2,650)				-	-	,
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 1,984,141 2,344,169 6,483 165,531	· ,	 (235,000)		-	-	(235,000)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 1,984,141 2,344,169 6,483 4,334,793 Cash and cash equivalents at end of year \$ 2,121,185 \$ 2,379,139 \$ - \$ 4,500,324 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$ 92,633 (188,081) \$ - \$ (95,448) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: 20,000 16 - \$ 20,016 (Increase) decrease in assets/deferred outflows of resources 20,000 16 - 20,016 (Increase) decrease in assets/deferred outflows of resources - 4,379 - 4,379 Accounts receivable - 4,379 - 4,379 Accounts receivable - (12,951) - (12,951) Prepaid expenses - (144) - (144) Deferred outflows in OPEB resources - (352,771) - (352,771) Increase (decrease) in liabilities/deferred inflows of resources - (352,771) - (352,771) Accounts payable 882 11,753 (6,483) 6,152 Wages payable - 55,100 - 55,100 <t< td=""><td></td><td>(20,000)</td><td></td><td>17,350</td><td>-</td><td>(2,650)</td></t<>		(20,000)		17,350	-	(2,650)
Reconcilitation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating income (loss)	Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	137,044		34,970	(6,483)	165,531
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$ 92,633 \$ (188,081) \$ - \$ (95,448) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Miscellaneous 20,000 16 - 20,016 (Increase) decrease in assets/deferred outflows of resources Accounts receivable - 4,379 - 4,379 Due from governments - (12,951) - (12,951) Prepaid expenses - (144) - (144) Deferred outflows in OPEB resources Accounts payable 882 11,753 (6,483) 6,152 Wages payable - 55,100 - 55,100 Deferred inflows in OPEB resources - (2,850) - (2,850) Net OPEB liability - 389,976 - 389,976 Compensated absences - 68,923 - 68,923 - 68,923	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	1,984,141		2,344,169	6,483	4,334,793
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$ 92,633 \$ (188,081) \$ - \$ (95,448) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Miscellaneous 20,000 16 - 20,016 (Increase) decrease in assets/deferred outflows of resources Accounts receivable - 4,379 - 4,379	Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 2,121,185	\$	2,379,139	\$ -	\$ 4,500,324
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss) \$ 92,633 \$ (188,081) \$ - \$ (95,448) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Miscellaneous 20,000 16 - 20,016 (Increase) decrease in assets/deferred outflows of resources Accounts receivable - 4,379 - 4,379	Reconciliation of operating income (loss)					
activities: Operating income (loss) \$ 92,633 \$ (188,081) \$ - \$ (95,448) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Miscellaneous 20,000 16 - 20,016 (Increase) decrease in assets/deferred outflows of resources Accounts receivable - 4,379 - 4,379 Due from governments - (12,951) - (12,951) Prepaid expenses - (144) - (144) Deferred outflows in OPEB resources - (352,771) - (352,771) Increase (decrease) in liabilities/deferred inflows of resources Accounts payable 882 11,753 (6,483) 6,152 Wages payable - 55,100 - 55,100 Deferred inflows in OPEB resources - (2,850) - (2,850) Net OPEB liability - 389,976 - 389,976 Compensated absences - 68,923 - 68,923						
Operating income (loss) \$ 92,633 (188,081) - \$ (95,448) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: 20,000 16 - 20,016 (Increase) decrease in assets/deferred outflows of resources 20,000 16 - 20,016 (Increase) decrease in assets/deferred outflows of resources - 4,379 - 4,379 Accounts receivable - (12,951) - (12,951) Prepaid expenses - (144) - (144) Deferred outflows in OPEB resources - (352,771) - (352,771) Increase (decrease) in liabilities/deferred inflows of resources 882 11,753 (6,483) 6,152 Wages payable 882 11,753 (6,483) 6,152 Wages payable - 55,100 - 55,100 - 55,100 Deferred inflows in OPEB resources - (2,850) - (2,850) Net OPEB liability - 389,976 - 389,976 Compensated absences - 68,923 - 68,923	. , , ,					
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Miscellaneous 20,000 16 - 20,016 (Increase) decrease in assets/deferred outflows of resources Accounts receivable - 4,379 - 4,379 Due from governments - (12,951) - (12,951) Prepaid expenses - (144) - (144) Deferred outflows in OPEB resources - (352,771) - (352,771) Increase (decrease) in liabilities/deferred inflows of resources Accounts payable 882 11,753 (6,483) 6,152 Wages payable - 55,100 - 55,100 Deferred inflows in OPEB resources - (2,850) - (2,850) Net OPEB liability - 389,976 - 389,976 Compensated absences - 68,923 - 68,923		\$ 92,633	\$	(188,081)	\$ -	\$ (95,448)
(used) by operating activities: 20,000 16 - 20,016 (Increase) decrease in assets/deferred outflows of resources - 4,379 - 4,379 Accounts receivable - 4,379 - 4,379 Due from governments - (12,951) - (12,951) Prepaid expenses - (144) - (144) Deferred outflows in OPEB resources - (352,771) - (352,771) Increase (decrease) in liabilities/deferred inflows of resources 882 11,753 (6,483) 6,152 Wages payable - 55,100 - 55,100 Deferred inflows in OPEB resources - (2,850) - 55,100 Net OPEB liability - 389,976 - 389,976 Compensated absences - 68,923 - 68,923		•	•	,	•	,
Miscellaneous (Increase) decrease in assets/deferred outflows of resources 20,000 16 - 20,016 Accounts receivable - 4,379 - 4,379 Due from governments - (12,951) - (12,951) Prepaid expenses - (144) - (144) Deferred outflows in OPEB resources - (352,771) - (352,771) Increase (decrease) in liabilities/deferred inflows of resources 882 11,753 (6,483) 6,152 Wages payable - 55,100 - 55,100 Deferred inflows in OPEB resources - (2,850) - (2,850) Net OPEB liability - 389,976 - 389,976 Compensated absences - 68,923 - 68,923	income (loss) to net cash provided					
(Increase) decrease in assets/deferred outflows of resources 4,379 4,379 Accounts receivable - 4,379 - 4,379 Due from governments - (12,951) - (12,951) Prepaid expenses - (144) - (144) Deferred outflows in OPEB resources - (352,771) - (352,771) Increase (decrease) in liabilities/deferred inflows of resources 882 11,753 (6,483) 6,152 Wages payable - 55,100 - 55,100 - 55,100 Deferred inflows in OPEB resources - (2,850) - (2,850) Net OPEB liability - 389,976 - 389,976 Compensated absences - 68,923 - 68,923						
of resources Accounts receivable - 4,379 - 4,379 Due from governments - (12,951) - (12,951) Prepaid expenses - (144) - (144) Deferred outflows in OPEB resources - (352,771) - (352,771) Increase (decrease) in liabilities/deferred inflows of resources - 882 11,753 (6,483) 6,152 Wages payable - 55,100 - 55,100 Deferred inflows in OPEB resources - (2,850) - (2,850) Net OPEB liability - 389,976 - 389,976 Compensated absences - 68,923 - 68,923		20,000		16	-	20,016
Accounts receivable - 4,379 - 4,379 Due from governments - (12,951) - (12,951) Prepaid expenses - (144) - (144) Deferred outflows in OPEB resources - (352,771) - (352,771) Increase (decrease) in liabilities/deferred inflows of resources 882 11,753 (6,483) 6,152 Wages payable - 55,100 - 55,100 Deferred inflows in OPEB resources - (2,850) - (2,850) Net OPEB liability - 389,976 - 389,976 Compensated absences - 68,923 - 68,923	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Due from governments - (12,951) - (12,951) Prepaid expenses - (144) - (144) Deferred outflows in OPEB resources - (352,771) - (352,771) Increase (decrease) in liabilities/deferred inflows of resources - (352,771) - (352,771) Accounts payable 882 11,753 (6,483) 6,152 Wages payable - (55,100) - (55,100) - (2,850) Deferred inflows in OPEB resources - (2,850) - (2,850) Net OPEB liability - (389,976) - (389,976) Compensated absences - (68,923) - (68,923)						
Prepaid expenses - (144) - (144) Deferred outflows in OPEB resources - (352,771) - (352,771) Increase (decrease) in liabilities/deferred inflows of resources - 882 11,753 (6,483) 6,152 Accounts payable - 55,100 - 55,100 Deferred inflows in OPEB resources - (2,850) - (2,850) Net OPEB liability - 389,976 - 389,976 Compensated absences - 68,923 - 68,923		-			-	
Deferred outflows in OPEB resources - (352,771) - (352,771) Increase (decrease) in liabilities/deferred inflows of resources - (352,771) - (352,771) Accounts payable 882 11,753 (6,483) 6,152 Wages payable - (55,100) - (55,100) - (2,850) Deferred inflows in OPEB resources - (2,850) - (2,850) - (2,850) Net OPEB liability - (352,771) - (352,771) - (352,771) Compensated absences - (6,483) - (6,483) - (6,483) 6,152		-			-	
Increase (decrease) in liabilities/deferred inflows of resources 882 11,753 (6,483) 6,152 Accounts payable 882 11,753 (6,483) 6,152 Wages payable - 55,100 - 55,100 Deferred inflows in OPEB resources - (2,850) - (2,850) Net OPEB liability - 389,976 - 389,976 Compensated absences - 68,923 - 68,923		-		, ,	-	
of resources 882 11,753 (6,483) 6,152 Wages payable - 55,100 - 55,100 Deferred inflows in OPEB resources - (2,850) - (2,850) Net OPEB liability - 389,976 - 389,976 Compensated absences - 68,923 - 68,923		-		(352,771)	-	(352,771)
Accounts payable 882 11,753 (6,483) 6,152 Wages payable - 55,100 - 55,100 Deferred inflows in OPEB resources - (2,850) - (2,850) Net OPEB liability - 389,976 - 389,976 Compensated absences - 68,923 - 68,923						
Wages payable - 55,100 - 55,100 Deferred inflows in OPEB resources - (2,850) - (2,850) Net OPEB liability - 389,976 - 389,976 Compensated absences - 68,923 - 68,923		992		11 752	(6.493)	6 152
Deferred inflows in OPEB resources - (2,850) - (2,850) Net OPEB liability - 389,976 - 389,976 Compensated absences - 68,923 - 68,923	• •	-			(0, 4 03) -	
Net OPEB liability - 389,976 - 389,976 Compensated absences - 68,923 - 68,923		_			_	
Compensated absences - 68,923 - 68,923		- -			-	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities \$ 113,515 \$ (26,650) \$ (6,483) \$ 80,382		 <u>-</u>				
	Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 113,515	\$	(26,650)	\$ (6,483)	\$ 80,382

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STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

CITY OF WHITE BEAR LAKE WHITE BEAR LAKE, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

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City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota

Statistical Section

This part of the City of White Bear Lake's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed statistical information. The following five sections provide the reader with historical data that is intended to provide valuable trend information and insight into the City's financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt, and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

The schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Source: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Years				
	2010		2011		2012
Governmental activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 53,646,800	\$	56,636,347	\$	53,729,136
Restricted	4,096,440		-		-
Restricted for counseling center	-		81,200		-
Restricted for armory	-		52,622		46,181
Restricted for stormwater	-		28,590		4,583
Restricted for debt service	-		346,322		341,258
Restricted for economic development	-		2,359,897		2,409,773
Unrestricted	30,397,226		29,900,926		35,589,459
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 88,140,466	\$	89,405,904	\$	92,120,390
Business-type activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 6,166,474	\$	5,911,634	\$	5,829,454
Unrestricted	4,830,266	•	4,998,444	,	4,691,010
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 10,996,740	\$	10,910,078	\$	10,520,464
Total primary government					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 59,813,274	\$	62,547,981	\$	59,558,590
Restricted	4,096,440	Ψ	-	Ψ	-
Restricted for counseling center			81,200		-
Restricted for armory	_		52,622		46,181
Restricted for stormwater	_		28,590		4,583
Restricted for debt service	_		346,322		341,258
Restricted for economic development	-		2,359,897		2,409,773
Unrestricted	35,227,492		34,899,370		40,280,469
Total primary government net position	\$ 99,137,206	\$	100,315,982	\$	102,640,854

Note: The city implemented GASB Statement 54 in fiscal year 2011.

			F	iscal Years			
2013	2014	2015		2016	2017	2018	2019
\$ 65,111,033	\$ 70,454,106	\$ 69,690,757	\$	66,342,321	\$ 66,079,290	\$ 63,483,876	\$ 62,561,789
-	-	-		-	-	-	-
-	-	-		-	-	-	-
-	-	-		-	-	-	-
27,464	31,033	31,033		31,033	31,033	31,033	-
258,435	192,389	127,709		103,228	139,623	122,200	1,847,261
914,455	-	-		629,646	464,393	-	-
32,231,764	27,617,496	29,293,742		28,839,930	26,022,816	31,026,459	29,497,391
\$ 98,543,151	\$ 98,295,024	\$ 99,143,241	\$	95,946,158	\$ 92,737,155	\$ 94,663,568	\$ 93,906,441
\$ 4,422,893	\$ 4,259,544	\$ 4,189,988	\$	4,034,239	\$ 3,935,132	\$ 5,070,706	\$ 4,875,313
4,459,462	3,953,646	2,208,696		1,762,479	2,331,483	2,204,090	2,957,997
\$ 8,882,355	\$ 8,213,190	\$ 6,398,684	\$	5,796,718	\$ 6,266,615	\$ 7,274,796	\$ 7,833,310
\$ 69,533,926	\$ 74,713,650	\$ 73,880,745	\$	70,376,560	\$ 70,014,422	\$ 68,554,582	\$ 67,437,102
-	-	-		-	-	-	-
-	-	-		-	-	-	-
-	-	-		-	-	-	-
27,464	31,033	31,033		31,033	31,033	31,033	-
258,435	192,389	127,709		103,228	139,623	122,200	1,847,261
914,455	-	-		629,646	464,393	-	-
36,691,226	31,571,142	31,502,438		30,602,409	28,354,299	33,230,549	32,455,388
\$ 107,425,506	\$ 106,508,214	\$ 105,541,925	\$	101,742,876	\$ 99,003,770	\$ 101,938,364	\$ 101,739,751

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

			F	iscal Years	
		2010		2011	2012
Expenses					
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$	1,761,951	\$	1,559,230	\$ 1,323,209
Community development		3,102,640		387,494	945,394
Public safety		5,043,588		5,278,869	5,331,485
Public works		2,247,410		3,901,382	3,296,517
Parks and recreation		852,109		752,502	793,111
Counseling center		681,744		505,904	240,232
Interest on long-term debt		135,929		278,754	226,667
Total governmental activities expenses		13,825,371		12,664,135	12,156,615
Business-type activities:					
Water		1,230,241		1,256,581	1,253,619
Sewer		2,423,828		2,480,514	2,331,164
Refuse		1,285,343		1,287,025	1,373,872
Sports Center		577,809		563,960	627,507
Ambulance		1,020,892		1,043,181	1,072,538
Pioneer Manor		277,697		235,010	232,459
License Bureau		516,445		501,058	477,197
Total business-type activities expenses		7,332,255		7,367,329	7,368,356
Total primary government expenses	\$:	21,157,626	\$	20,031,464	\$ 19,524,971
Program Revenues					
Governmental activities					
Charges for services					
Community development	\$	559,685	\$	539,811	\$ 667,976
Public safety		1,178,852		1,349,852	1,458,837
Public works		1,723,124		1,514,084	344,646
Other activities		776,091		725,387	544,347
Operating grants and contributions		1,300,748		1,096,891	944,466
Capital grants and contributions		1,038,643		947,133	2,442,615
Total governmental activities program revenues		6,577,143		6,173,158	6,402,887

						F	iscal Years						
	2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019
'													_
\$	1,434,549	\$	1,384,578	\$	1,289,857	\$	1,894,885	\$	2,032,563	\$	2,229,732	\$	1,780,202
,	1,599,276	•	2,200,586	Ť	976,641	•	1,274,267	•	1,303,137	•	996,161	Ť	913,745
	5,619,039		6,009,046		5,866,999		7,344,542		6,901,502		6,938,342		8,107,785
	2,376,178		3,032,841		3,316,921		6,081,952		5,136,511		3,477,255		4,982,461
	1,383,926		1,513,999		1,673,231		1,949,905		2,196,181		2,443,894		2,110,546
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	196,259		203,444		201,602		216,142		286,638		583,390		586,792
	12,609,227		14,344,494		13,325,251		18,761,693		17,856,532		16,668,774		18,481,531
	1,256,185		1,501,481		1,218,301		1,436,995		1,522,190		1,530,821		1,383,570
							, ,						
	2,432,860		2,356,471		2,407,703		2,583,293		2,821,396		2,717,434		2,900,620
	1,323,476		1,269,935		1,347,339		1,266,330		1,238,814		1,292,427		1,394,947
	1,174,927		1,303,816		1,561,444		1,401,154		1,300,483		1,900,790		2,177,945
	240,515		231,469		221,177		231,666		275,119		265,272		316,986
	545,962		601,184		593,088		627,705		758,487		860,555		869,093
-	6,973,925		7,264,356		7,349,052		7,547,144		7,916,489		8,567,299		9,043,161
\$	19,583,152	\$	21,608,850	\$	20,674,303	\$	26,308,837	\$	25,773,021	\$	25,236,073	\$	27,524,692
φ	640 404	φ	466 200	ф	40C E20	φ	EE0 000	φ	604.260	φ	E24 004	φ	E40 170
\$	648,104	\$	466,380	\$	486,528	\$	552,222	\$	601,369	\$	534,884	\$	549,179
	1,512,403		1,448,604		1,333,433		1,462,598		1,324,364		1,491,098		1,669,572
	2,138,913		1,607,337		2,852,668		1,198,061		1,248,613		2,545,402		1,741,350
	1,165,561		1,368,593		1,964,137		1,732,107		1,653,693		1,598,321		1,873,465
	1,860,303		969,094		758,819		2,013,226		1,773,381		2,529,915		1,816,662
	1,120,488		3,204,949		1,235,765		236,298		193,819		2,786,239		234,945
	8,445,772		9,064,957		8,631,350		7,194,512		6,795,239		11,485,859		7,885,173

(Continued)

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

Business-type activities: Charges for services Water \$1,399,473 \$1,273,691 \$1,299,555 \$2,500,466 \$1,283,306 \$2,251,182 \$2,348,587 \$2,439,310 \$2,439,310 \$2,251,182 \$2,348,587 \$2,439,310 \$2,439,310 \$2,251,182 \$2,348,587 \$2,439,310 \$2,251,182 \$2,348,587 \$2,439,310 \$2,251,182 \$2,348,587 \$2,439,310 \$2,251,182 \$2,348,587 \$2,439,310 \$2,251,182 \$2,348,587 \$2,439,310 \$2,251,182 \$2,348,587 \$2,439,310 \$2,250,49 \$2,168,81 \$1,261,191 \$2,250,490 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,49 \$2,250,4			F	iscal Years	
Charges for services 1,399,473 \$ 1,273,691 \$ 1,299,555 Sewer 2,251,182 2,348,587 2,439,310 Refuse 1,200,355 1,350,646 1,283,336 Sports Center 488,821 518,961 436,610 Ambulance 1,156,028 1,216,881 1,261,191 Pioneer Manor 351,276 363,533 360,017 License Bureau 743,680 825,609 911,822 Operating grants and contributions 61,332 96,085 66,381 Capital grants and contributions 94,526 10,917 30,000 Total business-type activities program revenues 7,746,723 8,005,010 8,088,222 Total primary government program revenues \$ (7,248,228) \$ (6,490,977) \$ (5,753,728) Business-type activities \$ (7,248,228) \$ (6,490,977) \$ (5,753,728) Business-type activities \$ (8,683,760) \$ (5,953,296) \$ (5,033,862) Ceneral Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position \$ (6,833,760) \$ (5,853,296) \$ (5,033,862) Taxes		 2010		2011	2012
Water \$1,399,473 \$1,273,691 \$1,299,555 Sewer 2,251,182 2,348,587 2,439,310 Refuse 1,200,355 1,350,646 1,283,336 Sports Center 488,821 518,961 436,610 Ambulance 1,156,028 1,216,881 1,261,191 Pioneer Manor 351,276 363,633 360,017 License Bureau 743,680 825,609 911,822 Operating grants and contributions 61,382 96,085 66,381 Capital grants and contributions 94,526 10,917 30,000 Total primary government program revenues 7,746,723 8,005,010 8,088,222 Total primary government program revenues \$(7,248,228) \$(6,490,977) \$(5,753,728) Business-type activities \$(7,248,228) \$(6,833,760	Business-type activities:				_
Sewer Refuse 2,251,182 2,348,587 2,439,310 Refuse 1,200,355 1,350,466 1,283,368 Sports Center 488,821 1,518,961 436,810 Ambulance 1,156,028 1,216,881 1,216,191 Pioneer Manor 351,276 363,633 360,017 License Bureau 743,680 825,609 911,822 Operating grants and contributions 61,382 96,085 66,381 Capital grants and contributions 94,526 10,917 30,000 Total business-type activities program revenues 7,746,723 8,005,010 8,088,222 Total primary government program revenues \$ (7,248,228) \$ (6,490,977) \$ (5,753,728) Business-type activities \$ (7,248,228) \$ (6,490,977) \$ (5,753,728) Business-type activities \$ (7,248,228) \$ (6,490,977) \$ (5,753,728) Total primary government net expense \$ (6,833,760) 5,885,296 \$ (5,033,862) Governmental activities \$ (7,248,228) \$ (6,90,357,564) \$ (5,033,862) Taxes	Charges for services				
Refuse 1,200,355 1,350,646 1,283,336 Sports Center 488,821 518,961 436,610 Ambulance 1,156,028 1,216,811 1,261,191 Pioneer Manor 351,276 363,633 360,017 License Bureau 743,680 825,609 91,822 Operating grants and contributions 61,382 96,085 66,381 Capital grants and contributions 7,746,723 8,005,010 8,088,222 Total business-type activities program revenues 7,746,723 8,005,010 8,088,222 Total primary government program revenues 14,323,866 14,178,168 14,491,109 Net (Expense)/Revenue (Covernmental activities	Water	\$ 1,399,473	\$	1,273,691	\$ 1,299,555
Sports Center 488,821 518,961 436,610 Ambulance 1,156,028 1,216,818 1,261,191 Pioneer Manor 351,276 363,633 380,017 License Bureau 743,680 825,609 911,822 Operating grants and contributions 61,382 96,055 66,381 Capital grants and contributions 94,526 10,917 30,000 Total business-type activities program revenues 7,746,723 8,005,010 8,088,222 Total primary government program revenues \$ (7,248,228) \$ (6,490,977) \$ (5,753,728) Business-type activities 4,144,468 637,681 719,866 Total primary government net expense \$ (7,248,228) \$ (6,490,977) \$ (5,753,728) Business-type activities 4,14,468 637,681 719,866 Total primary government net expense \$ (7,248,228) \$ (6,490,977) \$ (5,573,728) Business-type activities 4,748,335 5,020,540 5,380,530 Taxes 4,788,335 5,020,540 5,380,530 Unrestricted grants and cont	Sewer	2,251,182		2,348,587	2,439,310
Ambulance Pioneer Manor License Bureau 1,156,028 351,276 1,216,831 363,633 1,261,191 360,017 Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions 61,382 94,526 96,085 10,197 66,381 30,001 Total business-type activities program revenues 7,746,723 14,323,866 8,005,010 14,178,168 8,005,010 14,091,109 8,088,222 14,491,109 Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities (7,248,228) 414,468 637,681 637,681 719,866 719,866 Total primary government net expense (6,833,760) (5,853,296) (5,033,862) (5,033,862) General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: 4,788,335 1,532,448 5,020,540 1,533,186 5,380,530 1,532,871 1,000 Investment earnings 395,275 395,275 455,281 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293 32,293	Refuse	1,200,355		1,350,646	1,283,336
Pioneer Manor 351,276 363,633 360,017 License Bureau 743,680 825,609 911,825 Operating grants and contributions 61,382 96,085 66,381 Capital grants and contributions 94,526 10,917 30,000 Total business-type activities program revenues 7,746,723 8,005,010 8,088,222 Net (Expense)/Revenue 60 14,323,866 14,178,168 14,491,109 Rusiness-type activities \$ (7,248,228) \$ (6,490,977) \$ (5,753,728) Business-type activities \$ (6,833,760) (5,853,296) 719,866 Total primary government net expense 6(8,833,760) (5,853,296) 7,93,866 Total primary government net expense 414,468 637,681 719,866 Total primary government net expense 4,788,335 5,020,540 5,380,530 General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position 4,788,335 5,020,540 5,380,530 Unrestricted grants and contributions 1,532,448 1,533,186 1,532,871 Taxes 4,788,335 5,020,544 5	Sports Center	488,821		518,961	436,610
License Bureau 743,680 825,609 911,822 Operating grants and contributions 61,382 96,085 66,381 Capital grants and contributions 94,526 10,917 30,000 Total business-type activities program revenues 7,746,723 8,005,010 8,088,222 Total primary government program revenues 14,323,866 14,178,168 14,491,109 Net (Expense)/Revenue (6,833,760) (6,490,977) \$ (5,753,728) Business-type activities 41,4468 637,681 719,666 Total primary government net expense (6,833,760) (5,853,296) 7,503,7862 Total primary government net expense (6,833,760) (5,853,296) 7,503,862 Total primary government net expense 4,788,335 5,020,540 5,380,503 Unrestricted grants and contributions 1,532,448 1,532,871 332,273 Gain on sale of capital assets 13,328 455,281 332,283 Gain on sale of capital assets 13,328 474,408 986,417 Total governmental activities 7,602,860 7,756,415	Ambulance	1,156,028		1,216,881	1,261,191
Operating grants and contributions 61,382 by 4526 by 10,917 by 30,000 Capital grants and contributions 94,526 by 10,917 by 30,000 Total business-type activities program revenues 7,746,723 by 14,178,168 by 14,491,109 Net (Expense)/Revenue \$ 14,323,866 by 14,178,168 by 14,491,109 Governmental activities \$ (7,248,228) by (6,490,977 by (5,753,728) by (5,753,728) by (6,833,760) by (7,863,296) by (7,9866) by (7,9867) by (7,9866) by (7,9867) by (7,9866) by (7,9867)	Pioneer Manor	351,276		363,633	360,017
Capital grants and contributions 94,526 10,917 30,000 Total business-type activities program revenues 7,746,723 8,005,010 8,088,222 Total primary government program revenues 14,323,666 14,176,168 14,491,109 Net (Expense)/Revenue (6,832,760) (6,490,977) \$ (5,753,728) Governmental activities 414,468 637,681 719,866 Total primary government net expense (6,833,760) (5,853,296) (5,033,862) General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position 4,788,335 5,020,540 5,380,530 Governmental activities: 1,532,448 1,533,186 1,532,871 Investricted grants and contributions 1,532,448 1,533,186 1,532,871 Investment earnings 395,275 455,281 332,293 Gain on sale of capital assets 13,328 455,281 332,293 Transfers 873,474 747,408 986,417 Total governmental activities 147,000 1 8,313,214 Business-type activities 1 147,000 1 1 </td <td>License Bureau</td> <td>743,680</td> <td></td> <td>825,609</td> <td>911,822</td>	License Bureau	743,680		825,609	911,822
Total business-type activities program revenues 7,746,723 8,005,010 8,088,222 Total primary government program revenues \$14,323,866 \$14,178,168 \$14,491,109 Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities \$12,482,288 \$(6,490,977) \$(5,753,728) Business-type activities 414,468 637,681 719,866 Total primary government net expense 6(8,833,760) \$(5,853,296) \$(5,033,862) General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: Taxes 4,788,335 \$0,20,540 \$5,380,530 Unrestricted grants and contributions 1,532,448 1,533,186 1,532,871 Investment earnings 335,275 455,281 332,293 Gain on sale of capital assets 313,28 - - Capital transfers 873,474 747,408 986,417 Total governmental activities 33,615 23,065 31,937 Business-type activities: 147,000 - - - Taxes 147,000	Operating grants and contributions	61,382		96,085	66,381
Total primary government program revenues \$ 14,323,866 \$ 14,178,168 \$ 14,491,109 Net (Expense)/Revenue \$ (7,248,228) \$ (6,490,977) \$ (5,753,728) Business-type activities 414,468 637,681 719,866 Total primary government net expense (6,833,760) (5,853,296) (5,033,862) General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position \$ 4,788,335 5,020,540 5,380,530 Governmental activities: \$ 4,788,335 5,020,540 5,380,530 Unrestricted grants and contributions 1,532,448 1,533,186 1,532,871 Investment earnings 395,275 455,281 332,293 Gain on sale of capital assets 13,328 - 81,103 Capital transfers 873,474 747,408 986,417 Total governmental activities: 33,615 23,065 31,937 Gain on sale of capital assets 147,000 - - Capital transfers 147,000 - - Capital transfers (873,474) (747,408) (986,417) Total business-type acti	Capital grants and contributions	 94,526		10,917	30,000
Net (Expense)/Revenue (7,248,228) (6,490,977) (5,753,728) Business-type activities 414,468 637,681 719,866 Total primary government net expense (6,833,760) (5,853,296) (5,033,862) General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position 6,833,760) (5,853,296) (5,033,862) Governmental activities: 3,532,448 1,532,448 1,532,871 Investment earnings 3,522,448 1,532,814 332,293 Gain on sale of capital assets 13,328 5,200,540 5,380,530 Unrestricted grants and contributions 1,532,448 1,533,186 1,532,871 Investment earnings 395,275 455,281 332,293 Gain on sale of capital assets 37,474 747,408 986,417 Total governmental activities 37,562,860 7,756,415 8,313,214 Business-type activities: 147,000 5 5 Taxes 147,000 5 5 Capital transfers 8,354,632 7,756,415 31,937 Transfers (873,474)	Total business-type activities program revenues	 7,746,723		8,005,010	8,088,222
Governmental activities \$ (7,248,228) \$ (6,490,977) \$ (5,753,728) Business-type activities 414,468 637,681 719,866 Total primary government net expense (6,833,760) (5,853,296) (5,033,862) General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position 8 (7,248,228) 8 (8,33,760) 5,380,530 Governmental activities: 4 (7,88,335) 5,020,540 5,380,530 Unrestricted grants and contributions 1,532,448 1,533,186 1,532,871 Investment earnings 395,275 455,281 332,293 Gain on sale of capital assets 13,328 5 81,103 Capital transfers 8 73,474 747,408 986,417 Total governmental activities: 7,602,860 7,756,415 8,313,214 Business-type activities: 147,000 5 5 Taxes 147,000 5 5 Investment earnings 33,615 23,065 31,937 Gain on sale of capital assets 6 2 2 Capital transfers 6,910,001 7,732,072 <td>Total primary government program revenues</td> <td>\$ 14,323,866</td> <td>\$</td> <td>14,178,168</td> <td>\$ 14,491,109</td>	Total primary government program revenues	\$ 14,323,866	\$	14,178,168	\$ 14,491,109
Business-type activities 414,468 637,681 719,866 Total primary government net expense (6,833,760) (5,853,296) (5,033,862) General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: 4,788,335 5,020,540 5,380,530 Unrestricted grants and contributions 1,532,448 1,533,186 1,532,871 Investment earnings 395,275 455,281 332,293 Gain on sale of capital assets 13,328 - 81,103 Capital transfers 873,474 747,408 986,417 Total governmental activities 7,602,860 7,756,415 8,313,214 Business-type activities: 147,000 - - Taxes 147,000 - - - Investment earnings 33,615 23,065 31,937 Gain on sale of capital assets - - - - Capital transfers (873,474) (747,408) (986,417) Total business-type activities (892,859) (724,343) (954,480) Total primary government	Net (Expense)/Revenue				
Total primary government net expense (6,833,760) (5,853,296) (5,033,862) General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: 8 4,788,335 5,020,540 5,380,530 Taxes 4,788,335 5,020,540 5,380,530 Unrestricted grants and contributions 1,532,448 1,533,186 1,532,871 Investment earnings 395,275 455,281 332,293 Gain on sale of capital assets 13,328 - 81,103 Capital transfers 873,474 747,408 986,417 Total governmental activities 7,602,860 7,756,415 8,313,214 Business-type activities: 147,000 - - Taxes 147,000 - - Investment earnings 33,615 23,065 31,937 Gain on sale of capital assets - - - Capital transfers (873,474) (747,408) (986,417) Total business-type activities (892,859) (724,343) (954,480) Total primary government 6,910,001 <t< td=""><td>Governmental activities</td><td>\$ (7,248,228)</td><td>\$</td><td>(6,490,977)</td><td>\$ (5,753,728)</td></t<>	Governmental activities	\$ (7,248,228)	\$	(6,490,977)	\$ (5,753,728)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: Taxes 4,788,335 5,020,540 5,380,530 Unrestricted grants and contributions 1,532,448 1,533,186 1,532,871 Investment earnings 395,275 455,281 332,293 Gain on sale of capital assets 13,328 - 81,103 Capital transfers 873,474 747,408 986,417 Total governmental activities 7,602,860 7,756,415 8,313,214 Business-type activities: 147,000 - - Taxes 147,000 - - Investment earnings 33,615 23,065 31,937 Gain on sale of capital assets - - - Capital transfers (873,474) (747,408) (986,417) Total business-type activities (892,859) (724,343) (954,480) Total primary government 6,910,001 7,032,072 7,358,734 Change in Net Position (80,910,001 7,032,072 7,358,734	Business-type activities	414,468		637,681	719,866
Governmental activities: Taxes 4,788,335 5,020,540 5,380,530 Unrestricted grants and contributions 1,532,448 1,533,186 1,532,871 Investment earnings 395,275 455,281 332,293 Gain on sale of capital assets 13,328 - 81,103 Capital transfers 873,474 747,408 986,417 Total governmental activities 7,602,860 7,756,415 8,313,214 Business-type activities: 147,000 - - Investment earnings 33,615 23,065 31,937 Gain on sale of capital assets - - - - Capital transfers 873,474 (747,408) (986,417) Total primary government (873,474) (747,408) (986,417) Total primary government (692,859) (724,343) (954,480) Total primary government 8,910,001 7,032,072 7,358,734 Change in Net Position 8,354,632 1,265,438 2,559,486 Business-type activities	Total primary government net expense	 (6,833,760)		(5,853,296)	(5,033,862)
Taxes 4,788,335 5,020,540 5,380,530 Unrestricted grants and contributions 1,532,448 1,533,186 1,532,871 Investment earnings 395,275 455,281 332,293 Gain on sale of capital assets 13,328 - 81,103 Capital transfers 873,474 747,408 986,417 Total governmental activities 7,602,860 7,756,415 8,313,214 Business-type activities: 147,000 - - Investment earnings 33,615 23,065 31,937 Gain on sale of capital assets - - - - Capital transfers (873,474) (747,408) (986,417) Total business-type activities (873,474) (747,408) (986,417) Total primary government (692,859) (724,343) (954,480) Change in Net Position (692,859) (724,343) (954,480) Governmental activities \$ 354,632 \$ 1,265,438 2,559,486 Business-type activities (278,391) (86,662) (234,	General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position				
Unrestricted grants and contributions 1,532,448 1,533,186 1,532,871 Investment earnings 395,275 455,281 332,293 Gain on sale of capital assets 13,328 - 81,103 Capital transfers - - - - Transfers 873,474 747,408 986,417 Total governmental activities 7,602,860 7,756,415 8,313,214 Business-type activities: 147,000 - - Taxes 147,000 - - Investment earnings 33,615 23,065 31,937 Gain on sale of capital assets - - - Capital transfers - - - - Transfers (873,474) (747,408) (986,417) Total business-type activities (692,859) (724,343) (954,480) Total primary government \$6,910,001 7,032,072 7,358,734 Change in Net Position \$354,632 1,265,438 2,559,486 Business-type activities	Governmental activities:				
Investment earnings 395,275 455,281 332,293 Gain on sale of capital assets 13,328 - 81,103 Capital transfers - - - - Transfers 873,474 747,408 986,417 Total governmental activities 7,602,860 7,756,415 8,313,214 Business-type activities: 147,000 - - Investment earnings 33,615 23,065 31,937 Gain on sale of capital assets - - - Capital transfers - - - Transfers (873,474) (747,408) (986,417) Total business-type activities (892,859) (724,343) (954,480) Total primary government (692,859) (724,343) (954,480) Change in Net Position (692,859) (724,343) (559,486) Business-type activities \$354,632 \$1,265,438 \$2,559,486 Business-type activities (278,391) (86,662) (234,614)	Taxes	4,788,335		5,020,540	5,380,530
Gain on sale of capital assets 13,328 - 81,103 Capital transfers - - - - Transfers 873,474 747,408 986,417 Total governmental activities 7,602,860 7,756,415 8,313,214 Business-type activities: - - - Taxes 147,000 - - - Investment earnings 33,615 23,065 31,937 Gain on sale of capital assets - - - - Capital transfers - - - - - Transfers (873,474) (747,408) (986,417) Total business-type activities (692,859) (724,343) (954,480) Total primary government \$6,910,001 7,032,072 7,358,734 Change in Net Position \$354,632 1,265,438 2,559,486 Business-type activities (278,391) (86,662) (234,614)	Unrestricted grants and contributions	1,532,448		1,533,186	1,532,871
Capital transfers - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Investment earnings	395,275		455,281	332,293
Transfers 873,474 747,408 986,417 Total governmental activities 7,602,860 7,756,415 8,313,214 Business-type activities: 147,000 - - Taxes 147,000 - - Investment earnings 33,615 23,065 31,937 Gain on sale of capital assets - - - - Capital transfers - - - - - Transfers (873,474) (747,408) (986,417) Total business-type activities (692,859) (724,343) (954,480) Total primary government \$ 6,910,001 \$ 7,032,072 \$ 7,358,734 Change in Net Position \$ 354,632 \$ 1,265,438 \$ 2,559,486 Business-type activities \$ 354,632 \$ 1,265,438 \$ 2,559,486 Business-type activities (278,391) (86,662) (234,614)	Gain on sale of capital assets	13,328		-	81,103
Total governmental activities 7,602,860 7,756,415 8,313,214 Business-type activities: 147,000 - - Investment earnings 33,615 23,065 31,937 Gain on sale of capital assets - - - Capital transfers - - - - Transfers (873,474) (747,408) (986,417) Total business-type activities (692,859) (724,343) (954,480) Total primary government \$ 6,910,001 \$ 7,032,072 \$ 7,358,734 Change in Net Position \$ 354,632 \$ 1,265,438 2,559,486 Business-type activities \$ 354,632 \$ 1,265,438 2,559,486 Business-type activities (278,391) (86,662) (234,614)	Capital transfers	-		-	-
Business-type activities: Taxes 147,000 - - - Investment earnings 33,615 23,065 31,937 Gain on sale of capital assets - - - - Capital transfers - - - - - Transfers (873,474) (747,408) (986,417) (986,417) Total business-type activities (692,859) (724,343) (954,480) Total primary government \$ 6,910,001 \$ 7,032,072 \$ 7,358,734 Change in Net Position Governmental activities \$ 354,632 \$ 1,265,438 \$ 2,559,486 Business-type activities (278,391) (86,662) (234,614)	Transfers	 873,474		747,408	986,417
Taxes 147,000 - - Investment earnings 33,615 23,065 31,937 Gain on sale of capital assets - - - - Capital transfers - - - - Transfers (873,474) (747,408) (986,417) Total business-type activities (692,859) (724,343) (954,480) Total primary government \$ 6,910,001 \$ 7,032,072 \$ 7,358,734 Change in Net Position \$ 354,632 \$ 1,265,438 \$ 2,559,486 Business-type activities \$ 354,632 \$ 1,265,438 \$ 2,559,486 Business-type activities (278,391) (86,662) (234,614)	Total governmental activities	7,602,860		7,756,415	8,313,214
Investment earnings 33,615 23,065 31,937 Gain on sale of capital assets - - - - - Capital transfers - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Business-type activities:				
Gain on sale of capital assets - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <	Taxes	147,000		-	-
Capital transfers - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Investment earnings	33,615		23,065	31,937
Transfers (873,474) (747,408) (986,417) Total business-type activities (692,859) (724,343) (954,480) Total primary government \$ 6,910,001 \$ 7,032,072 \$ 7,358,734 Change in Net Position S 354,632 \$ 1,265,438 \$ 2,559,486 Business-type activities (278,391) (86,662) (234,614)	Gain on sale of capital assets	-		-	-
Total business-type activities (692,859) (724,343) (954,480) Total primary government \$ 6,910,001 \$ 7,032,072 \$ 7,358,734 Change in Net Position Covernmental activities \$ 354,632 \$ 1,265,438 \$ 2,559,486 Business-type activities (278,391) (86,662) (234,614)	Capital transfers	-		-	-
Total primary government \$ 6,910,001 \$ 7,032,072 \$ 7,358,734 Change in Net Position \$ 354,632 \$ 1,265,438 \$ 2,559,486 Business-type activities \$ (278,391) \$ (86,662) \$ (234,614)	Transfers	 (873,474)		(747,408)	(986,417)
Change in Net Position Governmental activities \$ 354,632 \$ 1,265,438 \$ 2,559,486 Business-type activities (278,391) (86,662) (234,614)	Total business-type activities	 (692,859)		(724,343)	(954,480)
Governmental activities \$ 354,632 \$ 1,265,438 \$ 2,559,486 Business-type activities (278,391) (86,662) (234,614)	Total primary government	\$ 6,910,001	\$	7,032,072	\$ 7,358,734
Business-type activities (278,391) (86,662) (234,614)					
	Governmental activities	\$ 354,632	\$	1,265,438	\$
Total primary government \$ 76,241 \$ 1,178,776 \$ 2,324,872	Business-type activities	 (278,391)		(86,662)	(234,614)
	Total primary government	\$ 76,241	\$	1,178,776	\$ 2,324,872

						F	iscal Years						
	2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019
\$		\$	1,130,956	\$	1,033,562	\$	1,317,467	\$	1,352,090	\$	1,631,823	\$	1,630,455
	2,355,493		2,266,411		2,278,271		2,458,993		2,737,128		3,137,600		3,301,230
	1,271,011		1,266,393		1,331,974		1,287,837		1,313,995		1,345,541		1,422,623
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	1,289,760		1,467,576		1,533,843		1,364,463		1,819,626		1,617,467		1,991,667
	370,341		374,610		379,942		379,437		382,935		390,436		402,734
	903,202		966,451		1,009,610		1,036,532		971,880		972,573		972,466
	84,321		52,414		-		146,693		77,717		60,691		279,418
	-		-		-		-		-		-		2,453
	7,390,927		7,524,811		7,567,202		7,991,422		8,655,371		9,156,131		10,003,046
\$	15,836,699	\$	16,589,768	\$	16,198,552	\$	15,185,934	\$	15,450,610	\$	20,641,990	\$	17,888,219
\$	(4,163,455)	\$	(5,279,537)	\$	(4,693,901)	\$	(11,567,181)	\$	(11,061,293)	\$	(5,182,915)	\$	(10,596,358)
	417,002		260,455		218,150		444,278		738,882		588,832		959,885
	(3,746,453)		(5,019,082)		(4,475,751)		(11,122,903)		(10,322,411)		(4,594,083)		(9,636,473)
	5,693,462		5,101,437		5,430,074		5,425,913		5,638,926		6,161,456		6,753,944
	1,532,542		1,532,454		1,542,705		1,542,738		1,543,705		1,587,299		1,588,195
	(46,110)		435,659		275,401		314,014		390,231		556,126 84,222		975,843
	1,335,877		5,556		205,895		39,118		-				50,949
	070 664		-		994 506		1 040 245		270.420		(1,459,723)		(9,500)
	878,661 9,394,432		929,620		881,506		1,048,315		279,428		1,056,920 7,986,300		479,800
	9,394,432		8,004,726		8,335,581		8,370,098		7,852,290		7,900,300		9,839,231
	_		_		_		_		_		_		_
	_		_		_		_		_		_		28,826
	15,334		_		12,236		2,071		10,443		16,546		40,103
	10,004		_		12,200		2,071		-		1,459,723		9,500
	(878,661)		(929,620)		(881,506)		(1,048,315)		(279,428)		(1,056,920)		(479,800)
	(863,327)		(929,620)		(869,270)		(1,046,244)		(268,985)		419,349		(401,371)
\$, , ,	\$	7,075,106	\$	7,466,311	\$	7,323,854	\$	7,583,305	\$	8,405,649	\$	9,437,860
	-,,,	-	.,,	7	.,,	*	.,==0,001	*	.,,	7	-,,,	*	-,,
\$	5,230,977	\$	2,725,189	\$	3,641,680	\$	(3,197,083)	\$	(3,209,003)	\$	2,803,385	\$	(757,127)
Ψ	(446,325)	_	(669,165)	~	(651,120)	*	(601,966)	*	469,897	~	1,008,181	*	558,514
\$		\$	2,056,024	\$	2,990,560	\$, ,	\$	(2,739,106)	\$	3,811,566	\$	(198,613)
	,,	т	,,	т'	, ,	-	(-,,)	-	(,,)	7	-,,	-	(,)

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

		Fiscal Years				
	20	010		2011		2012
General Fund						
Unassigned	\$	-	\$	3,510,610	\$	3,351,922
Unreserved, designated	•	830,000		-		-
Unreserved, undesignated		440,461		-		
Total general fund	3,2	270,461		3,510,610		3,351,922
All Other Governmental Funds						
Nonspendable						
Capital improvements		-		_		-
Restricted						
Counseling center		-		81,200		-
Armory		-		52,622		46,181
Surface water pollution prevention		-		28,590		4,583
Debt service		-		346,322		363,341
Economic development		-		2,359,897		2,409,773
Committed						
Armory		-		-		-
Marina		-		-		-
Sports center		-		-		-
Forfeiture		-		-		-
Debt service		-		721,342		694,682
Advances		-		2,350,000		2,080,000
Capital improvements		-		4,843,935		4,930,998
Economic development		-		1,016,897		1,002,251
Assigned						
Surface water pollution prevention		-		908,041		871,823
Capital improvements		-		11,959,978		14,590,161
Debt service		-		-		-
Economic development		-		1,956,848		2,173,274
Unassigned				(3,190,990)		(2,918,533)
Reserved	3,0	096,440		-		-
Unreserved, designated, reported in:						
Debt service funds	(307,956		-		-
Capital projects funds	23,0	080,595		-		-
Unreserved, undesignated, reported in:						
Special revenue funds		100,254		-		-
Debt service funds		590,000)		-		
Total all other governmental funds	23,9	995,245		-		26,248,534
Total fund balances	\$ 27,2	265,706	\$	3,510,610	\$	29,600,456

Note: The City implemented GASB Statement 54 in fiscal year 2011.

288,648 218,493 149,490 171,524 139,623 323 914,455 - - 629,646 464,393 49,983 54,033 62,013 68,460 59,643 52 188,910 275,010 408,717 420,002 73,083 166 352,470 348,724 344,004 347,985 283,171 270 - - 153,554 128,818 61	3,666 \$ 4,902,116
3,564,689 3,240,501 3,275,500 3,443,521 3,604,779 3,773	
	- 2,400
	- 2,400
288,648 218,493 149,490 171,524 139,623 323 914,455 - - 629,646 464,393 49,983 54,033 62,013 68,460 59,643 52 188,910 275,010 408,717 420,002 73,083 166 352,470 348,724 344,004 347,985 283,171 270 - - - 153,554 128,818 61 1,220,207 1,321,100 428,022 899,591 846,323 386 1,430,000 1,325,000 1,220,000 1,025,000 1,000,000 1,750 14,367,004 14,179,649 15,173,631 13,964,494 13,240,444 12,642	· · · · · ·
288,648 218,493 149,490 171,524 139,623 323 914,455 - - 629,646 464,393 49,983 54,033 62,013 68,460 59,643 52 188,910 275,010 408,717 420,002 73,083 166 352,470 348,724 344,004 347,985 283,171 270 - - - 153,554 128,818 61 1,220,207 1,321,100 428,022 899,591 846,323 386 1,430,000 1,325,000 1,220,000 1,025,000 1,000,000 1,750 14,367,004 14,179,649 15,173,631 13,964,494 13,240,444 12,642	· · · · · ·
288,648 218,493 149,490 171,524 139,623 323 914,455 - - 629,646 464,393 49,983 54,033 62,013 68,460 59,643 52 188,910 275,010 408,717 420,002 73,083 166 352,470 348,724 344,004 347,985 283,171 270 - - - 153,554 128,818 61 1,220,207 1,321,100 428,022 899,591 846,323 386 1,430,000 1,325,000 1,220,000 1,025,000 1,000,000 1,750 14,367,004 14,179,649 15,173,631 13,964,494 13,240,444 12,642	
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914,455 - - 629,646 464,393 49,983 54,033 62,013 68,460 59,643 52 188,910 275,010 408,717 420,002 73,083 166 352,470 348,724 344,004 347,985 283,171 270 - - - 153,554 128,818 61 1,220,207 1,321,100 428,022 899,591 846,323 386 1,430,000 1,325,000 1,220,000 1,025,000 1,000,000 1,750 14,367,004 14,179,649 15,173,631 13,964,494 13,240,444 12,642	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
49,983 54,033 62,013 68,460 59,643 52 188,910 275,010 408,717 420,002 73,083 166 352,470 348,724 344,004 347,985 283,171 270 - - - 153,554 128,818 61 1,220,207 1,321,100 428,022 899,591 846,323 386 1,430,000 1,325,000 1,220,000 1,025,000 1,000,000 1,750 14,367,004 14,179,649 15,173,631 13,964,494 13,240,444 12,642	3,327 1,148,411
188,910 275,010 408,717 420,002 73,083 166 352,470 348,724 344,004 347,985 283,171 270 - - - 153,554 128,818 61 1,220,207 1,321,100 428,022 899,591 846,323 386 1,430,000 1,325,000 1,220,000 1,025,000 1,000,000 1,750 14,367,004 14,179,649 15,173,631 13,964,494 13,240,444 12,642	-
352,470 348,724 344,004 347,985 283,171 270 - - - 153,554 128,818 61 1,220,207 1,321,100 428,022 899,591 846,323 386 1,430,000 1,325,000 1,220,000 1,025,000 1,000,000 1,750 14,367,004 14,179,649 15,173,631 13,964,494 13,240,444 12,642	2,867 48,160
153,554 128,818 61 1,220,207 1,321,100 428,022 899,591 846,323 386 1,430,000 1,325,000 1,220,000 1,025,000 1,000,000 1,750 14,367,004 14,179,649 15,173,631 13,964,494 13,240,444 12,642	5,994 222,160
1,220,207 1,321,100 428,022 899,591 846,323 386 1,430,000 1,325,000 1,220,000 1,025,000 1,000,000 1,750 14,367,004 14,179,649 15,173,631 13,964,494 13,240,444 12,642),792 264,837
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14,367,004 14,179,649 15,173,631 13,964,494 13,240,444 12,642	5,091 -
915,912 1,116,556 1,104,556 1,113,652 2,837,301 3,261	
	1,231 2,509,228
744,981 801,349 766,754 805,238 822,597 774	1,977 835,054
4,068,818 3,610,771 3,553,171 3,726,267 2,775,587 5,091	1,368 4,400,538
	- 404,761
2,663,221 2,289,733 2,386,090 1,649,148 -	
(2,264,286) $(4,213,915)$ $(4,478,829)$ $(1,828,066)$ $(1,623,966)$ $(1,588)$	3,524) (57,808)
	-
	-
	<u>-</u> 1,617 22,879,889
\$ 28,532,476 \$ 24,598,037 \$ 24,424,152 \$ 26,621,049 \$ 24,682,829 \$ 26,998	

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

			F	iscal Years	
		2010		2011	2012
Revenues	•				
Taxes	\$	4,788,335	\$	5,020,539	\$ 5,380,529
Licenses, fees and permits		517,972		411,812	481,975
Fines and forfeits		104,151		123,292	113,751
Charges for services		747,045		711,342	651,379
Special assessments		1,231,029		1,275,500	1,160,078
Intergovernmental		3,330,662		3,432,022	3,245,182
Investment earnings		395,275		429,018	307,793
Other revenues		1,826,853		1,824,871	1,832,038
Total revenues		12,941,322		13,228,396	13,172,725
Expenditures					
General government		1,042,178		1,243,838	1,094,681
Public safety		4,724,755		5,005,284	5,014,537
Public works		1,283,417		1,045,742	1,145,039
Parks and recreation		548,387		539,792	587,283
Social and economic development		3,760,019		905,740	949,448
Capital outlay		9,907,429		4,995,085	4,826,366
Debt service					
Interest		149,504		284,294	283,668
Principal		825,000		395,000	3,070,000
Total expenditures		22,240,689		14,414,775	16,971,022
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(9,299,367)		(1,186,379)	(3,798,297)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Bonds issued		-		-	5,205,000
Premium on bonds issued		-		-	29,465
Sale of capital assets		13,328		12,765	196,376
Transfers in		8,392,456		3,680,690	6,539,277
Transfers out		(7,505,256)		(2,827,490)	(5,516,657)
Total other financing sources (uses)		900,528		865,965	6,453,461
Net changes in fund balances	\$	(8,398,839)	\$	(320,414)	\$ 2,655,164
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital		7.7%		6.0%	25.3%

	Fiscal Years												
	2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019
\$	5,693,462	\$	5,038,466	\$	5,513,046	\$	5,410,913	\$	5,588,926	\$	6,102,456	\$	6,829,685
	539,126		575,525		743,511		637,247		696,282		785,141		892,276
	117,284		142,657		106,539		92,968		89,062		78,357		87,063
	1,070,868		965,652		962,246		1,243,285		989,085		1,035,730		1,267,682
	1,340,918		1,479,834		1,423,952		1,363,846		1,268,893		1,405,265		1,448,465
	4,476,834		3,932,027		3,316,877		3,574,867		3,318,121		4,146,233		3,393,992
	(74,110)		402,659		238,901		271,982		350,481		528,626		855,613
	1,982,071		3,476,927		3,013,404		2,271,189		2,280,430		3,463,864		2,716,316
	15,146,453		16,013,747		15,318,476		14,866,297		14,581,280		17,545,672		17,491,092
	1,178,625		1,227,203		1,179,741		1,396,395		1,617,010		1,653,756		1,779,680
	5,127,904		5,485,868		5,547,655		5,749,040		6,262,229		6,860,710		6,498,002
	899,077		1,459,540		1,827,692		1,848,175		3,231,023		2,135,159		2,294,282
	1,115,357		1,243,397		1,461,734		1,403,256		1,718,351		1,854,616		1,504,270
	1,592,501		2,186,706		967,991		1,121,905		1,294,178		1,053,737		1,093,417
	8,603,081		8,674,837		4,896,700		4,216,946		2,451,652		11,211,655		5,357,364
	188,130		207,553		205,925		169,628		312,139		425,058		606,920
	455,000		665,000		680,000		345,000		355,000		420,000		420,000
	19,159,675		21,150,104		16,767,438		16,250,345		17,241,582		25,614,691		19,553,935
	(4,013,222)		(5,136,357)		(1,448,962)		(1,384,048)		(2,660,302)		(8,069,019)		(2,062,843)
	-		-		-		2,275,000		-		9,180,000		1,925,000
	-		-		-		-		-		67,581		164,335
	1,585,303		6,647		262,667		51,960		47,082		79,972		42,430
	5,694,577		3,756,935		4,484,192		4,159,689		5,101,950		3,856,096		5,119,617
	(4,381,277)		(2,811,435)		(3,471,782)		(2,905,704)		(4,426,950)		(2,799,176)		(4,404,817)
	2,898,603		952,147		1,275,077		3,580,945		722,082		10,384,473		2,846,565
_	,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_		_				_	,,	_		_	
\$	(1,114,619)	\$	(4,184,210)	\$	(173,885)	\$	2,196,897	\$	(1,938,220)	\$	2,315,454	\$	783,722
	6.0%		7.0%		7.4%		3.5%		4.5%		6.0%		6.7%

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Assessed Tax Capacity and Market Value of Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Real P	roperty	Personal Property						
Levy Year	Fiscal Year	Assessed Tax Capacity	Market Value	Assessed Tax Capacity	Market Value					
2010	2011	\$ 26,122,322	\$ 2,191,275,486	\$ 440,313	\$ 37,895,914					
2011	2012	23,638,933	1,969,224,043	467,304	34,055,757					
2012	2013	21,941,998	1,967,835,949	488,011	34,031,751					
2013	2014	22,166,306	1,984,183,927	495,853	34,314,473					
2014	2015	23,397,317	2,103,140,198	495,867	36,371,702					
2015	2016	24,139,655	2,170,883,643	539,526	37,543,257					
2016	2017	26,067,338	2,323,498,521	593,786	40,182,579					
2017	2018	28,577,080	2,514,995,277	622,593	43,494,323					
2018	2019	30,809,390	2,692,665,548	659,373	46,566,953					
2019	2020	32,965,900	2,878,547,702	652,466	49,781,598					

Source: Ramsey County and Washington County

To	tal			
Assessed Tax Capacity		Market Value	% Total of Assessed Tax Capacity to Market Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
\$ 26,562,635	\$	2,229,171,400	1.19%	17.705
24,106,237		2,003,279,800	1.20%	19.940
22,430,009		2,001,867,700	1.12%	21.496
22,662,159		2,018,498,400	1.12%	21.102
23,893,184		2,139,511,900	1.12%	20.367
24,679,181		2,208,426,900	1.12%	19.690
26,661,124		2,363,681,100	1.13%	18.969
29,199,673		2,558,489,600	1.14%	19.058
31,468,763		2,739,232,500	1.15%	20.143
33,618,366		2,928,329,300	1.15%	20.629

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

<u>Tax Rates</u> (Per \$100 of Tax Capacity Valuation) (Per \$100 of Market Valuation)

			С	ity		Ind. School		Other		
	Fiscal	General	Debt	Conital	Total	District	Ramsey	Special	Total	
-	Year	Fund	Service	Capital	Total	No. 624	County	Districts	Total	
(A)	2010 2010	15.200	0.701	0.619	16.520	21.716 0.191	50.067	7.923	96.226 0.191	
(A)	2011 2011	16.290	0.751	0.664	17.705	22.521 0.241	54.678	8.355	103.259 0.241	
(A)	2012 2012	18.346	0.846	0.748	19.940	26.102 0.248	61.317	9.955	117.314 0.248	
(A)	2013 2013	19.766	0.893	0.789	21.448	28.562 0.264	65.144	10.187	125.341 0.264	
(A)	2014 2014	19.447	0.879	0.777	21.102	28.562 0.273	63.735	9.825	123.224 0.273	
(A)	2015 2015	18.682	0.277	1.408	20.368	26.660 0.240	58.922	9.179	115.129 0.240	
(A)	2016 2016	18.223	0.528	0.939	19.690	26.236 0.235	58.885	9.052	113.863 0.235	
(A)	2017 2017	17.936	0.484	0.550	18.970	23.454 0.212	55.920	8.565	106.909 0.212	
(A)	2018 2018	17.548	0.446	0.999	18.993	23.631 0.223	53.692	8.215	104.531 0.223	
(A)	2019 2019	19.070	0.420	0.700	20.190	26.081 0.232	52.879	8.265	107.415 0.232	
(A)	2020 2020	19.261	0.394	0.974	20.629	36.777 0.224	52.302	8.249	117.957 0.224	

⁽A) Voter approved referendums are levied against market value rather than tax capacity value of the taxing authority.

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2019				2010	
Taxpayer	ı	Tax Capacity Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Tax Capacity Value		Tax Capacity Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Tax Capacity Value
White Bear Woods Apartments	\$	559,129	1	1.78%	\$	271,563	5	1.02%
Xcel Energy	•	463,648	2	1.47%	*	_: :,000	· ·	
White Bear Marketplace		320,388	3	0.83%				
Lodge at White Bear		266,310	4	0.79%				
Trane Corporation		259,912	5	0.79%		1,158,392	1	4.36%
The Waters of White Bear Lake		250,000	6	0.73%				
Aspen Research		238,052	7	0.76%		336,042	4	1.27%
Birch Lake Townhomes		231,250	8	0.66%				
White Bear Shopping Center		209,250	9	0.76%		201,262	7	0.76%
Sam's Club Retail		198,946	10	0.63%		269,250	6	1.01%
Festival Foods						363,976	2	1.37%
K Mart Corporation						355,920	3	1.34%
Life Time Fitness						155,250	8	0.58%
Taylor Corporation						148,532	9	0.56%
Cummins Sales and Services			,			133,840	10	0.50%
Total	\$	2,996,885	: :	9.21%	\$	3,394,027	: :	12.27%
Total Tax Capacity of City	\$ 3	31,468,763	i		\$	26,562,635		

Source: Ramsey County and Washington County

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City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Property Tax Levies and Collections For the Last Ten Fiscal Years

				(1)					Total Collect	ions to Date	
Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year Total Levy		Collection of Current Year's Levy		Percentage of Levy Collected	Collections/ Refunds in Subsequent Years		Amount		Percentage of Levy	
2010	\$	4,666,000	\$	4,247,804	91.04%	\$	418,196	\$	4,666,000	100.00%	
2011		4,666,000		4,337,357	92.96%		328,643		4,666,000	100.00%	
2012		4,666,000		4,624,251	99.11%		41,749		4,666,000	100.00%	
2013		4,755,000		4,734,372	99.57%		20,628		4,755,000	100.00%	
2014		4,755,000		4,606,934	96.89%		145,347		4,752,281	99.94%	
2015		4,845,000		4,841,359	99.92%		3,641		4,845,000	100.00%	
2016		4,927,000		4,878,320	99.01%		44,400		4,922,720	99.91%	
2017		5,173,000		5,076,444	98.13%		88,389		5,164,833	99.84%	
2018		5,625,000		5,540,565	98.50%		68,586		5,609,151	99.72%	
2019		6,345,000		6,238,360	98.32%		-		6,238,360	98.32%	

⁽¹⁾ Includes state paid property tax credits.

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

Governmental Activities

Business-Type
Activities

Fiscal Year	Special Assessment Bonds	Tax Increment Financing Bonds			x Abatement Bonds	Revenue Bonds	Total Primary Government
2011	\$ -	\$	3,070,000	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 3,070,000
2012	2,555,000		2,650,000		-	-	5,205,000
2013	2,555,000		2,195,000		-	-	4,750,000
2014	2,340,000		1,745,000		-	-	4,085,000
2015	2,125,000		1,280,000		-	-	3,405,000
2016	1,920,000		3,415,000		-	-	5,335,000
2017	1,720,000		3,260,000		-	-	4,980,000
2018	7,436,187		3,035,000		3,336,394	-	13,807,581
2019	9,332,390		2,800,000		3,336,090	-	15,468,480

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

5	Percentage		
Personal	of Personal		
Income	Income	Population	Per Capita
\$ 1,199,083,236	0.26%	23,797	\$ 129.01
1,218,273,900	0.43%	23,820	218.51
1,286,899,744	0.37%	24,074	197.31
1,497,574,000	0.27%	24,100	169.50
1,347,975,564	0.25%	24,159	140.94
1,458,514,512	0.37%	24,138	221.02
1,458,514,512	0.34%	25,001	199.19
1,491,125,376	0.93%	25,512	541.22
1,550,188,536	1.00%	25,752	600.67

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Less Amount Restricted to Debt Service	Net General Bonded Debt	Market Value of Property	Percentage of Market Value of Property	Assessed Value of Property
2010	\$ 3,465,000	\$ -	\$ 3,465,000	\$2,377,478,400	0.15%	\$ 28,386,938
2011	3,070,000	346,322	2,723,678	2,229,171,400	0.12%	26,562,635
2012	5,205,000	341,258	4,863,742	2,003,279,800	0.24%	24,106,237
2013	4,750,000	258,435	4,491,565	2,001,867,700	0.22%	22,430,009
2014	4,085,000	192,389	3,892,611	2,018,498,400	0.19%	22,662,159
2015	3,405,000	127,709	3,277,291	2,139,511,900	0.15%	23,893,184
2016	5,335,000	103,228	5,231,772	2,208,426,900	0.24%	24,679,181
2017	4,980,000	139,623	4,840,377	2,558,489,600	0.19%	29,199,673
2018	13,740,000	122,200	13,617,800	2,739,232,500	0.50%	31,468,763
2019	15,468,480	1,847,261	13,621,219	2,928,329,300	0.47%	33,618,366

Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Percentage of Assessed Value

of Property	Population	Per Capita
12.21%	23,797	\$ 145.61
10.25%	23,797	114.45
20.18%	23,820	204.19
20.02%	24,074	186.57
17.18%	24,100	161.52
13.72%	24,159	135.66
21.20%	24,138	216.74
16.58%	25,001	193.61
43.27%	25,512	533.78
40.52%	25,752	528.94

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City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt and Comparative Debt Ratios December 31, 2019

	1	Net General			
		Obligation	Percentage	Amount	
	В	onded Debt	Applicable	Applicable to	,
Jurisdiction		Outstanding	to City	Government	
Direct Debt:	_				
Special Assessments	\$	9,115,000	100.00%	\$ 9,115,000	
Tax Increment		2,800,000	100.00%	2,800,000	0
Tax Abatement		3,330,000	100.00%	3,330,000	0
Subtotal		15,245,000		15,245,000	0
City of White Bear Lake		15,245,000	100.00%	15,245,000	0
Overlapping Debt:					
Ramsey County		119,072,927	4.98%	5,925,10	0
Washington County		121,297,456	0.15%	186,24	1
Independent School District #622		361,601,326	0.12%	417,35	7
Independent School District #624		61,121,946	33.96%	20,759,30	4
Independent School District #832		44,663,011	2.26%	1,009,30	2
Independent School District #916		75,125,459	8.33%	6,257,66	3
Metropolitan Council - Parks		(17,907,139)	1.00%	(179,07	1)
Metropolitan Council - Regional Transit		84,121,820	1.00%	841,21	
Total overlapping debt		849,096,806		35,217,114	
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$	864,341,806		\$ 50,462,114	4

Source: Information obtained from Ramsey County and Washington County.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of White Bear Lake. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and business should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Years							
		2010		2011		2012		2013	
Debt limit	\$	44,583,428	\$	64,046,034	\$	55,413,426	\$	60,099,952	
Total net debt applicable to limit		-		-		_			
Legal debt margin	\$	44,583,428	\$	64,046,034	\$	55,413,426	\$	60,099,952	
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of the debt limit		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	
Market value Debt limit - 3.00% of market value (Note A) Total bonded debt Less (Note B)				15,245,000	\$2	<u>,928,329,300</u> 87,849,879	·		
Tax Increment Bonds Special Assessment Bonds Tax Abatement Bonds		2,800,000 9,115,000 3,330,000		15,245,000					
Total debt applicable Legal debt margin				13,210,000	\$	- 87,849,879			

The debt limit percentage of market value was established at 3.00% beginning in fiscal year 2011.

Note A:

M.S.A. Section 475.53 (Limit on Net Debt)

"Subdivision 1. Generally, except as otherwise provided in Sections 475.51 to 475.75 to municipality, except a school district or a city of the first class shall incur or be subject to a net debt in excess of 3.00% of the market value of taxable property in the municipality.

Note B:

M.S.A. Section 475.51 (Definitions) "Subdivision 4. Net Debt means the amount remaining after deducting from its gross debt the aggregate of the principal of the following":

- 1. Obligations issued for improvements which are payable wholly or partly from the proceeds of special assessments levied upon property specially benefited thereby, including those which are general obligations of the municipality issuing them, if the municipality is entitled to reimbursement in whole or in part from the proceeds of the special assessments.
- 2. Warrants or orders having no definite or fixed maturity.
- 3. Obligations payable wholly from the income from revenue-producing conveniences.
- 4. Obligations issued to create or maintain a permanent improvement revolving funds.
- 5. Obligations issued for the acquisition, and betterment of public water works systems and public lighting, hearing or power systems and of any combinations thereof, or for any other public convenience from which a revenue is or may be derived.
- 6. Amount of all money and the face value of all securities held as a sinking fund for the extinguishment of obligations other than those deductible under this subdivision.
- 7. All other obligations which under the provisions of the law authorizing their issuance are not to be included in computing the net debt of the municipality.

Fiscal	Years

 2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
\$ 64,185,357	\$66,276,306	\$70,917,876 \$	77,077,101	\$ 82,176,975	\$ 87,849,879
-	-	-	-	-	-
\$ 64,185,357	\$66,276,306	\$70,917,876 \$	77,077,101	\$ 82,176,975	\$ 87,849,879
					_
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Revenue Bond Coverage - Sports Center Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Gross Revenue	E	Direct Operating Expenses (A)	Net Revenue Available for Debt Service	Principal	Interest
2010	\$ 645,821	\$	528,746	\$ 117,075	\$ 130,000	\$ 2,893
2011	520,961		523,940	(2,979)	-	-
2012	437,210		587,463	(150,253)	-	-
2013	480,060		527,229	(47,169)	-	-
2014	569,141		572,887	(3,746)	-	-
2015	525,367		530,087	(4,720)	-	-
2016	548,874		544,893	3,981	-	-
2017	499,566		564,380	(64,814)	-	-
2018	428,950		441,329	(12,379)	-	-
2019	586,684		592,639	(5,955)	-	-

⁽A) Direct Operating Expenses exclude related depreciation.

Total	Debt
i Otai	Debt

Red	quirements	Coverage
\$	132,893	88.10%
	-	0.00%
	-	0.00%
	-	0.00%
	-	0.00%
	-	0.00%
	-	0.00%
	-	0.00%
	-	0.00%
	-	0.00%

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Income (2)	School District Enrollment (3)	Ramsey County Unemployment Rate (4)
2010	23,797	\$ 1,138,448,480	\$ 47,840	8,065	8.10%
2011	23,797	1,199,083,236	50,388	8,000	7.20%
2012	23,820	1,218,273,900	51,145	7,946	6.40%
2013	24,074	1,286,899,744	53,456	8,056	5.30%
2014	24,100	1,497,574,000	62,140	8,019	4.30%
2015	24,159	1,347,975,564	55,796	8,038	3.10%
2016	24,138	1,458,514,512	60,424	8,206	3.50%
2017	25,001	1,458,514,512	58,338	8,551	2.80%
2018	25,512	1,491,125,376	58,448	8,593	2.70%
2019	25,752	1,550,188,536	60,197	8,602	2.90%

Sources:

- (1) Metropolitan Council
- (2) U.S. Department of Labor
- (3) White Bear Lake Area School District
- (4) Minnesota Department of Economic Development Ramsey County rate

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Principal Employment Industries Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2019			2010	
Employer	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Educational Services	2,234	1	17.17%	1,771	1	16.36%
Health Care and Social Assistance Services	1,639	2	12.60%	1,407	3	12.99%
Retail Trade	1,404	3	10.79%	1,538	2	14.20%
Accommodation and Food Services	1,376	4	10.57%	1,233	4	11.39%
Manufacturing	1,099	5	8.45%	1,079	5	9.96%
Other Services (except Public Administration)	833	6	6.40%			0.00%
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	832	7	6.39%			0.00%
Administrative, Support, Waste Management, and						
Remediation	799	8	6.14%	516	7	
Wholesale Trade Services	738	9	5.67%	351	10	3.24%
Construction	476	10	3.66%			
Other Executive Public Administrative				785	6	7.25%
Public Administration				283	8	2.61%
Finance and Insurance Services				378	9	3.49%
Total Industries Listed	11,430	ı	87.84%	9,341		78.01%
Total City Employment	13,012	i		10,828		

Source: Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development's website www.positivelyminnesota.com.

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Years				
	2010	2011	2012	2013		
General government						
Legislative	0.65	0.65	0.65	0.65		
Administration	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.55		
Finance	4.80	4.80	4.90	4.90		
City Hall	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00		
Elections	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.20		
Planning	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00		
Public Safety						
Police	31.75	31.75	31.81	31.81		
Dispatch	5.35	5.35	5.35	5.75		
Fire	1.75	2.75	2.75	2.75		
Building / Code Enforcement	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00		
Public Works						
Streets	4.70	4.70	4.70	4.70		
Engineering	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00		
Garage	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.30		
Public Works Facility						
Parks and recreation	5.50	4.70	5.70	5.70		
Armory						
Surface Water						
Sports Center	3.85	3.85	3.85	3.85		
Counseling Center	7.00	5.60				
Economic Development						
Water	4.80	4.80	4.80	4.80		
Sewer	3.70	3.50	4.50	4.50		
Refuse	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60		
Ambulance	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25		
License Bureau	11.40	7.85	8.35	9.75		
Total	107.30	102.35	99.41	101.06		

Note: Details regarding the City's full time equivalents can be found the in the City's budget document.

Fiscal Years								
2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019			
0.05	0.05	2.50	0.50	0.50	0.50			
0.65	0.65	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50			
1.55	1.55	2.30	2.50	2.50	2.50			
4.90	4.90	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00			
1.00	1.00	1.40	1.40	2.00	2.00			
0.20	0.25	0.40	0.20	0.00	0.00			
3.00	3.00	3.00	4.00	3.00	3.00			
31.81	31.81	32.01	32.01	32.40	35.65			
5.75	5.75	5.50	5.50	2.75	0.00			
2.75	2.75	3.00	3.00	1.75	4.10			
5.00	5.00	5.00	6.00	6.00	6.00			
4.70	4.70	4.20	4.20	4.00	4.00			
6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00			
1.30	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.00	1.00			
				0.90	0.90			
5.70	5.70	6.40	6.40	6.00	6.00			
	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35			
		0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50			
3.85	3.50	3.50	3.50	4.15	4.15			
			0.50	1.50	1.50			
4.80	4.80	4.70	4.70	4.70	4.70			
4.50	4.50	4.40	4.40	4.40	4.40			
0.35		4.40	4.40	4.40	4.40			
	0.70	7.05	7.05	10 75	11.00			
7.25	7.25	7.25	7.25	13.75	11.90			
9.80	8.90	10.10	11.10	11.30	12.80			
104.86	104.36	106.81	110.31	114.45	116.95			

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Years				
	2010	2011	2012	2013	
Building	•			_	
Building permits issued	759	777	762	795	
Other permits issued	1,458	1,366	1,503	1,401	
Police					
Number of Calls for Service	23,229	29,000	27,466	27,659	
Administrative Citations	_0,0	_0,000		_:,000	
City	411	378	309	338	
State	186	273	292	291	
Total	597	651	601	629	
Fire					
Fire calls*	147	132	115	104	
Staged responses (Silent)*	351	288	278	315	
Rescue calls*	69	67	103	111	
Staffed responses*	-	-	-	-	
Call-back responses*	-	-	-	-	
Parks					
Reservations	296	279	259	267	
Water					
Gallons pumped	897,078,000	885,638,000	963,288,000	902,001,000	
Water main breaks	17	11	23	18	
Refuse					
Accounts serviced each week	7,553	7,575	7,579	7,585	
Ambulance					
Ambulance calls	2,700	2,786	2,842	2,841	
License Bureau					
Motor Vehicle transactions	87,268	92,361	89,623	88,226	
Drivers License transactions	18,032	17,859	19,112	18,372	
DNR licenses	6,608	6,290	6,719	6,685	
Game and Fish licenses	703	584	1,049	969	

Note: Details regarding the City's operating indicators can be found in the annual finance director's summary to the City Manager.

^{*} In 2018, the fire department no longer has staged responses or rescue calls - fire calls are now classified as either staffed responses or call-back responses.

Fiscal	Years

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
740	968	883	1 156	1 256	1 001
			1,156	1,356	1,091
1,332	1,537	1,479	1,461	1,622	1,594
28,293	24,270	26,475	28,491	26,538	27,396
295	309	207	44	30	21
455	352	292	383	409	336
750	661	499	427	439	357
130	126	115	229	-	-
361	339	359	226	-	-
114	104	136	129	-	-
-	-	-	-	300	510
-	-	-	-	503	282
268	242	240	311	342	311
805,400,000	777,995,000	815,073,000	813,123,000	731,118,167	717,745,028
23	11	13	16	17	22
20		.0	.0		
7,597	7,662	7,660	7,654	7,601	7,530
.,00.	1,002	,,,,,	1,00	,,,,,,,	.,000
2,971	2,739	2,631	2,948	3,047	3,619
,	,	, -	, -	,	,
88,192	94,280	94,842	90,085	88,923	80,122
18,547	18,634	18,696	17,724	18,090	20,880
6,184	6,214	6,676	5,747	6,316	5,938
845	648	538	500	439	292

City of White Bear Lake, Minnesota Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Years				
	2010	2011	2012	2013		
Public Safety						
Police						
Stations	1	1	1	1		
Patrol Vehicles	17	17	17	18		
Fire						
Stations	2	2	2	2		
Fire trucks (1)	6	6	6	6		
Rescue boats with motors	3	2	2	2		
Public Works						
Streets						
Miles	114.81	114.81	114.81	114.81		
Street lights	515	515	515	515		
Parks and recreation						
Public Docks (1)	7	9	9	9		
Outdoor ice rinks	2	5	5	5		
Playgrounds	9	11	11	11		
Softball fields	13	13	13	13		
Basketball court	2	2	2	2		
Disc golf course	1	1	1	1		
Sports Center						
Indoor ice rink	1	1	1	1		
Racquetball courts	4	4	5	5		
Water						
Miles of watermains	126.81	126.81	126.81	126.81		
Fire hydrants	906	907	907	907		
Water tower storage	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000		
Sewer						
Miles of storm sewers	49.37	49.72	50.02	50.02		
Miles of sanitary sewers	120.36	120.36	120.36	120.36		

Sources: Various city departments

Note:

⁽¹⁾ Street miles listed on this report includes City, County, MSA, State and Private mileage within the City limits.

Fiscal Years									
2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019				
1	1	1	1	1	1				
18	17	19	19	20	19				
2	2	2	2	2	2				
6	6	6	6	6	6				
2	2	2	2	2	2				
114.81	114.81	114.81	114.81	114.81	114.81 (1)				
515	515	515	515	523	529				
9 5 11 13 2 1	9 5 11 13 2 1	9 5 11 13 2 1	9 5 11 13 2 1	9 5 11 13 5	9 5 11 13 5 1				
1	1	1	1	1	1				
5	5	5	5	5	5				
126.81	126.81	126.81	126.81	126.95	127.08				
907	907	907	907	908	909				
5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000				
50.02	50.61	50.61	50.61	50.97	51.21				

120.36

120.36

120.36

120.36

120.36

120.36